

City of Grand Rapids Police and Fire Retirement System

GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68 Accounting and
Financial Reporting for Pensions

Measurement Date: December 31, 2017

GASB No. 68 Reporting Date: June 30, 2018





April 19, 2018

Mr. Jeff Dood, Deputy Chief Financial Officer
Board of Trustees
City of Grand Rapids Police
and Fire Retirement System
Grand Rapids, Michigan

Dear Mr. Dood:

This report provides accounting and financial reporting information that is intended to comply with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Nos. 67 and 68 for the City of Grand Rapids Police and Fire Retirement System ("the System"). These calculations have been made on a basis that is consistent with our understanding of these Statements.

GASB Statement No. 67 is the accounting standard that applies to the stand-alone financial reports issued by retirement systems. GASB Statement No. 68 establishes accounting and financial reporting for state and local government employers who provide their employees (including former employees) pension benefits through a trust.

This report was prepared at the request of the City and is intended for use by the Retirement System and those designated or approved by the City. This report may be provided to parties other than the System only in its entirety and only with the permission of the City. GRS is not responsible for unauthorized use of this report.

Our calculation of the liability associated with the benefits described in this report was performed for the purpose of providing reporting and disclosure information that satisfies the requirements of GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68. The calculation of the plan's liability for this report is not applicable for funding purposes of the plan. A calculation of the plan's liability for purposes other than satisfying the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 may produce significantly different results. The Net Pension Liability is not an appropriate measure for assessing the sufficiency of plan assets to cover the estimated cost of settling the employer's benefit obligation. The Net Pension Liability also is not an appropriate measure for assessing the need for or amount of future employer contributions.

The valuation was based upon information furnished by the City and Plan Administrator, concerning Retirement System benefits, financial transactions, plan provisions, and active members, terminated members, retirees and beneficiaries. We checked for internal reasonability and year-to-year consistency, but did not audit the data. We are not responsible for the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by the City.

Mr. Jeff Dood, Deputy Chief Financial Officer
Board of Trustees
April 19, 2018
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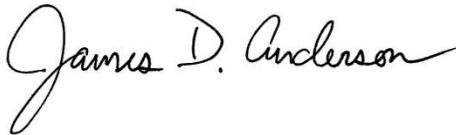
This report complements the actuarial valuation report that was provided to the Board and should be considered in conjunction with that report. Please see the actuarial valuation report as of December 31, 2017 for additional discussion of the nature of actuarial calculations and more information related to participant data, economic and demographic assumptions, and benefit provisions.

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained within this report is accurate and fairly represents the actuarial position of the City of Grand Rapids Police and Fire Retirement System. All calculations have been made in conformity with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices as well as with the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board.

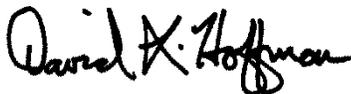
The signing individuals are independent of the plan sponsor.

James D. Anderson and Jeffrey T. Tebeau are Members of the American Academy of Actuaries (MAAA) and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained herein.

Respectfully submitted,



James D. Anderson, FSA, EA, FCA, MAAA



David L. Hoffman



Jeffrey T. Tebeau, ASA, EA, MAAA

JDA/DLH/JTT:sc

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SECTION A

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Executive Summary

Actuarial Valuation Date	December 31, 2017
Measurement Date of the Net Pension Liability	December 31, 2017
Employer's Fiscal Year Ending Date (Reporting Date)	June 30, 2018

Membership

Number of	
- Retirees and Beneficiaries	677
- Inactive, Nonretired Members	32
- Active Members	488
- Total	1,197
Covered Payroll#	\$ 38,919,488

Net Pension Liability

Total Pension Liability	\$ 508,955,227
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	425,546,035
Net Pension Liability	\$ 83,409,192
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	83.61%
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	214.31%

Development of the Single Discount Rate

Single Discount Rate	7.15%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Investment Return	7.15%
Long-Term Municipal Bond Rate*	3.31%
Last year ending January 1 in the 2018 to 2117 projection period for which projected benefit payments are fully funded	2117

Total Pension Expense \$ 31,523,111

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources by Source to be Recognized in Future Pension Expenses

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 10,793,233	\$ -
Changes in assumptions	14,474,422	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	16,010,172	21,234,147
Total	\$ 41,277,827	\$ 21,234,147

Reported rates of pay adjusted by gross-up factors to estimate covered payroll. The amount provided may not necessarily represent Covered Payroll as defined in GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68.

* Source: "20-Bond GO Index" is the Bond Buyer Index, general obligation, 20 years to maturity, mixed quality. In describing this index, the Bond Buyer notes that the bonds' average credit quality is roughly equivalent to Moody's Investors Service's Aa2 rating and Standard & Poor's Corp.'s AA. The rate shown is as of December 29, 2017, the most recent date available on or before the measurement date.

Discussion

Accounting Standard

For pension plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67 establishes standards of financial reporting for separately issued financial reports and specifies the required approach for measuring the pension liability. Similarly, GASB Statement No. 68 establishes standards for state and local government employers (as well as non-employer contributing entities) to account for and disclose the net pension liability, pension expense, and other information associated with providing retirement benefits to their employees (and former employees) on their basic financial statements.

The following discussion provides a summary of the information that is required to be disclosed under these accounting standards. A number of these disclosure items are provided in this report. However, certain information, such as notes regarding accounting policies and investments, is not included in this report and the retirement system and/or plan sponsor will be responsible for preparing and disclosing that information to comply with these accounting standards.

Financial Statements

GASB Statement No. 68 requires state or local governments to recognize the net pension liability and the pension expense on their financial statements. The net pension liability is the difference between the total pension liability and the plan's fiduciary net position. In traditional actuarial terms, this is analogous to the accrued liability less the market value of assets (not the smoothed actuarial value of assets that is often encountered in actuarial valuations performed to determine the employer's contribution requirement).

Paragraph 57 of GASB Statement No. 68 states, "Contributions to the pension plan from the employer subsequent to the measurement date of the collective net pension liability and before the end of the employer's reporting period should be reported as a deferred outflow of resources related to pensions." The information contained in this report does not incorporate any contributions made to the System subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

The pension expense recognized each fiscal year is equal to the change in the net pension liability from the beginning of the year to the end of the year, adjusted for deferred recognition of the liability and investment experience.

Pension plans that prepare their own, stand-alone financial statements are required to present two financial statements – a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67. The statement of fiduciary net position presents the assets and liabilities of the pension plan at the end of the pension plan's reporting period. The statement of changes in fiduciary net position presents the additions, such as contributions and investment income, and deductions, such as benefit payments and expenses, and net increase or decrease in the fiduciary net position.

Notes to Financial Statements

GASB Statement No. 68 requires the notes of the employer's financial statements to disclose the total pension expense, the pension plan's liabilities and assets, and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions.

GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68 require the notes of the financial statements for the employers and pension plans to include certain additional information. The list of disclosure items should include:

- a description of benefits provided by the plan;
- the type of employees and number of members covered by the pension plan;
- a description of the plan's funding policy, which includes member and employer contribution requirements;
- the pension plan's investment policies;
- the pension plan's fiduciary net position and the net pension liability;
- the net pension liability using a discount rate that is 1% higher and 1% lower than used to calculate the total pension liability and net pension liability for financial reporting purposes;
- significant assumptions and methods used to calculate the total pension liability;
- inputs to the discount rates; and
- certain information about mortality assumptions and the dates of experience studies.

Retirement systems that issue stand-alone financial statements are required to disclose additional information in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67. This information includes:

- the composition of the pension plan's Board and the authority under which benefit terms may be amended;
- a description of how fair value is determined;
- information regarding certain reserves and investments, which include concentrations of investments greater than or equal to 5%, receivables, and insurance contracts excluded from plan assets; and
- annual money-weighted rate of return.

Required Supplementary Information

GASB Statement No. 67 requires a 10-year fiscal history of:

- sources of changes in the net pension liability;
- information about the components of the net pension liability and related ratios, including the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability, and the net pension liability as a percent of covered payroll; and
- a comparison of the actual employer contributions to the actuarially determined contributions based on the plan's funding policy.

General Implications of Contribution Allocation Procedure or Funding Policy on Future Expected Plan Contributions and Funded Status

Given the plan's contribution allocation procedure, if all actuarial assumptions are met (including the assumption of the plan earning 7.15% on the actuarial value of assets), then the following outcomes are expected:

1. The employer normal cost as a percentage of pay is expected to remain level as a percentage of payroll.
2. The unfunded liability is expected to be paid off in approximately 30 years, which is the number of years remaining in the closed amortization schedule of the unfunded liability for December 31, 2017.
3. The funded status of the plan is expected to reach a 100% funded ratio in approximately 30 years, which is the number of years remaining in the closed amortization schedule of the unfunded liability for December 31, 2017.

This funding policy results in the expectation that the plan's assets will be able to fully pay for promised benefits through at least 2117. The projections in this report are strictly for the purpose of determining the GASB single discount rate and are different from a funding projection for the ongoing plan.

Timing of the Valuation

An actuarial valuation to determine the total pension liability is required to be performed at least every two years. The net pension liability and pension expense should be measured as of the pension plan's fiscal year end (measurement date) on a date that is within the employer's prior fiscal year. If the actuarial valuation used to determine the total pension liability is not calculated as of the measurement date, the total pension liability is required to be rolled forward from the actuarial valuation date to the measurement date.

The total pension liability shown in this report is based on an actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2017 and a measurement date of December 31, 2017.

Single Discount Rate

Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present values using a Single Discount Rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Bond Buyer Index) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.15%; the municipal bond rate is 3.31% (based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the "20-Bond GO Index" rate from the Bond Buyer Index, general obligation, 20 years to maturity, mixed quality); and the resulting Single Discount Rate is 7.15%.

Effective Date and Transition

GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68 became effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2013, and June 15, 2014 respectively.

SECTION B

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Pension Expense Under GASB Statement No. 68

Measurement Date – December 31, 2017

Reporting Date – June 30, 2018

A. Expense

1. Service Cost	\$ 8,723,494
2. Interest on the Total Pension Liability	34,356,315
3. Current Period Benefit Changes	-
4. Employee Contributions (made negative for addition here)	(5,114,841)
5. Projected Earnings on Plan Investments (made negative for addition here)	(27,367,966)
6. Pension Plan Administrative Expense	580,690
7. Other Changes in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	-
8. Recognition of Outflow (Inflow) of Resources due to Liabilities	17,835,742
9. Recognition of Outflow (Inflow) of Resources due to Assets	2,509,677
10. Total Pension Expense	\$ 31,523,111

**Statement of Outflows and Inflows Arising from the
Current Reporting Period
Measurement Date – December 31, 2017
Reporting Date – June 30, 2018**

A. Outflows (Inflows) of Resources Due to Liabilities

1. Difference between expected and actual experience of the Total Pension Liability (gains) or losses	\$ 3,265,534
2. Assumption Changes (gains) or losses	\$ 5,497,995
3. Recognition period for Liabilities: Average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees {in years}	3.9000
4. Outflow (Inflow) of Resources to be recognized in the current pension expense for the difference between expected and actual experience of the Total Pension Liability	\$ 837,316
5. Outflow (Inflow) of Resources to be recognized in the current pension expense for Assumption Changes	\$ 1,409,742
6. Outflow (Inflow) of Resources to be recognized in the current pension expense due to Liabilities	<u>\$ 2,247,059</u>
7. Deferred Outflow (Inflow) of Resources to be recognized in future pension expenses for the difference between expected and actual experience of the Total Pension Liability	\$ 2,428,217
8. Deferred Outflow (Inflow) of Resources to be recognized in future pension expenses for Assumption Changes	\$ 4,088,253
9. Deferred Outflow (Inflow) of Resources to be recognized in future pension expenses due to Liabilities	<u>\$ 6,516,470</u>

B. Outflows (Inflows) of Resources Due to Assets

1. Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments (gains) or losses	\$ (26,372,626)
2. Recognition period for Assets {in years}	5.0000
3. Outflow (Inflow) of Resources to be recognized in the current pension expense due to Assets	\$ (5,274,525)
4. Deferred Outflow (Inflow) of Resources to be recognized in future pension expenses due to Assets	\$ (21,098,101)

Statement of Outflows and Inflows Arising from the Current and Prior Reporting Periods Measurement Date – December 31, 2017 Reporting Date – June 30, 2018

A. Outflows and Inflows of Resources due to Liabilities and Assets to be Recognized in Current Pension Expense

	Outflows of Resources	Inflows of Resources	Net Outflows of Resources
1. Due to Liabilities	\$ 17,835,742	\$ -	\$ 17,835,742
2. Due to Assets	7,920,247	5,410,570	2,509,677
3. Total	\$ 25,755,989	\$ 5,410,570	\$ 20,345,419

B. Outflows and Inflows of Resources by Source to be Recognized in Current Pension Expense

	Outflows of Resources	Inflows of Resources	Net Outflows of Resources
1. Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 7,353,336	\$ -	\$ 7,353,336
2. Assumption Changes	10,482,406	-	10,482,406
3. Net Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	7,920,247	5,410,570	2,509,677
4. Total	\$ 25,755,989	\$ 5,410,570	\$ 20,345,419

C. Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources by Source to be Recognized in Future Pension Expenses

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Net Deferred Outflows of Resources
1. Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 10,793,233	\$ -	\$ 10,793,233
2. Assumption Changes	14,474,422	-	14,474,422
3. Net Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	16,010,172	21,234,147	(5,223,975)
4. Total	\$ 41,277,827	\$ 21,234,147	\$ 20,043,680

D. Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources by Year to be Recognized in Future Pension Expenses

Year Ending June 30	Net Deferred Outflows of Resources
2019	\$ 19,712,537
2020	8,268,388
2021	(2,662,719)
2022	(5,274,526)
2023	-
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ 20,043,680

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position as of December 31, 2017

Assets

Cash and Deposits	\$ 6,597,667
Receivables	
Accounts Receivable - Sale of Investments	\$ -
Accrued Interest and Other Dividends	374,012
Contributions	700,958
Accounts Receivable - Other	2,077,427
Total Receivables	<u>\$ 3,152,397</u>
Investments	
Fixed Income	99,565,251
Domestic Equities	214,119,288
International Equities	52,966,307
Real Estate	20,026,836
Other	32,342,821
Total Investments	<u>\$ 419,020,503</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 428,770,567</u>

Liabilities

Payables	
Accounts Payable	\$ 2,858,640
Accrued Expenses	365,892
Other	-
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 3,224,532</u>
Net Position Restricted for Pensions	<u>\$ 425,546,035</u>

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for Year Ended December 31, 2017

Additions

Contributions	
Employer	\$ 8,911,489
Employee	5,114,841
Other	-
Total Contributions	<u>\$ 14,026,330</u>
Investment Income	
Net Appreciation in Fair Value of Investments	\$ 49,174,980
Interest and Dividends	5,638,475
Less Investment Expense	<u>(1,072,863)</u>
Net Investment Income	<u>\$ 53,740,592</u>
Other	\$ -
Total Additions	<u>\$ 67,766,922</u>

Deductions

Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Employee Contributions	\$ 24,813,135
Pension Plan Administrative Expense	580,690
Other	-
Total Deductions	<u>\$ 25,393,825</u>
Net Increase in Net Position	\$ 42,373,097

Net Position Restricted for Pensions

Beginning of Year	<u>\$ 383,172,938</u>
End of Year	<u><u>\$ 425,546,035</u></u>

SECTION C

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in the Employers' Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Ultimately 10 Fiscal Years Will Be Displayed

Measurement Date - December 31,	2017	2016	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability				
Service Cost	\$ 8,723,494	\$ 8,588,314	\$ 7,482,069	\$ 7,794,219
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	34,356,315	32,676,161	29,375,231	28,440,421
Benefit Changes	-	114,084	-	-
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience	3,265,534	7,264,098	16,663,107	2,978,624
Assumption/Method Changes	5,497,995	1,551,086	35,683,769	-
Benefit Payments	(24,794,055)	(29,338,856)	(32,070,933)	(21,079,038)
Refunds	(19,080)	(21,606)	(11,369)	(24,749)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	\$ 27,030,203	\$ 20,833,281	\$ 57,121,874	18,109,477
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	\$ 481,925,024	\$ 461,091,743	\$ 403,969,869	385,860,392
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 508,955,227	\$ 481,925,024	\$ 461,091,743	\$ 403,969,869
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Employer Contributions	\$ 8,911,489	\$ 7,166,351	\$ 5,630,297	\$ 6,331,848
Employee Contributions	5,114,841	4,929,842	4,557,165	4,563,692
Pension Plan Net Investment Income	53,740,592	25,712,942	(9,083,712)	29,390,902
Benefit Payments	(24,794,055)	(29,338,856)	(32,070,933)	(21,079,038)
Refunds	(19,080)	(21,606)	(11,369)	(24,749)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense	(580,690)	(542,277)	(581,364)	(523,607)
Other	-	-	-	(15,065)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	42,373,097	7,906,396	(31,559,916)	18,643,983
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	383,172,938	375,266,542	406,826,458	388,182,475
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 425,546,035	\$ 383,172,938	\$ 375,266,542	\$ 406,826,458
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 83,409,192	\$ 98,752,086	\$ 85,825,201	(2,856,589)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	83.61 %	79.51 %	81.39 %	100.71 %
Covered-Employee Payroll #	\$ 38,919,488	\$ 38,129,771	\$ 36,827,593	\$ 35,710,964
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	214.31 %	258.99 %	233.05 %	(8.00)%
Notes to Schedule:	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Reported rates of pay adjusted by gross-up factors to estimate covered payroll.

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Employers' Net Pension Liability Ultimately 10 Fiscal Years Will Be Displayed

FY Ending December 31,	Total Pension Liability	Plan Net Position	Net Pension Liability	Plan Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability	Covered Payroll#	Net Pension Liability as a % of Covered Payroll
2014	\$ 403,969,869	\$ 406,826,458	\$ (2,856,589)	100.71%	\$ 35,710,964	(8.00)%
2015	461,091,743	375,266,542	85,825,201	81.39%	36,827,593	233.05 %
2016	481,925,024	383,172,938	98,752,086	79.51%	38,129,771	258.99 %
2017	508,955,227	425,546,035	83,409,192	83.61%	38,919,488	214.31 %

Reported rates of pay adjusted by gross-up factors to estimate covered payroll.

Schedule of Contributions

Ultimately 10 Fiscal Years Will Be Displayed

FY Ending December 31,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Contribution*	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll #	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2014	\$ 6,331,848	\$ 6,331,848	\$ -	\$ 35,710,964	17.73%
2015	\$ 5,630,297	\$ 5,630,297	\$ -	\$ 36,827,593	15.29%
2016	\$ 7,166,351	\$ 7,166,351	\$ -	\$ 38,129,771	18.79%
2017	\$ 8,911,489	\$ 8,911,489	\$ -	\$ 38,919,488	22.90%

Reported rates of pay adjusted by gross-up factors to estimate covered payroll.

* Actual contributions are based on covered payroll at the time of the contribution. Since it was reported to the actuary that the City's practice is to contribute the percent-of-payroll employer contribution rate shown in the actuarial valuation report, the annual required contributions shown in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are the actual contributions made by the City in the fiscal year.

Notes to Schedule of Contributions

Valuation Date: December 31, 2017

Notes: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, which is six months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period	30 years per City Commission
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	3.25% wage inflation, 2.50% price inflation
Salary Increases	3.25% to 20.25% including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	7.25% as of December 31, 2016.
Cost-of-Living Adjustments:	Ad hoc "13th check" tied to plan investments for benefit recipients who do not have an automatic benefit increase. 1.5% simple escalator for firefighters retired on or after July 1, 2007 with commencement delayed 2 years after retirement. 1.5% simple escalator for Fire Chief retired on or after January 1, 2016 with commencement delayed 2 years after retirement. 1.0% simple escalator for police command officer retired on or after February 19, 2010 with commencement delayed 5 years after retirement. 1.0% simple escalator for police officers and sergeants retired on or after December 17, 2008 with commencement delayed 5 years after retirement. 1.0% simple escalator for Police Chief and Deputy Police Chief retired on or after January 1, 2016 with commencement delayed 5 years after retirement.
Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition.
Mortality	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table projected to 2019 using the MP-2014 Mortality Improvement Scale as of December 31, 2015. Prior to that, 1983 Group Annuity Male and Female Mortality Tables set back 3 years for males and 2 years for females.

Other Information:

Notes The wage inflation assumptions were updated for the December 31, 2016 valuation.

SECTION D

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Based on information provided by System's Investment Advisor, we used capital market expectations for each major asset class that is included in the plan's current asset allocation as of June 30, 2017; the best estimates for the long-term expected return are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	22.50%	5.75%
Non-U.S. Equity	22.50%	6.25%
Core Fixed Income	25.00%	1.75%
U.S. TIPS	10.00%	1.20%
Real Estate	5.00%	4.90%
Private Equity	5.00%	10.72%
Commodities	5.00%	2.95%
MLPs	5.00%	9.10%
Cash	0.00%	0.00%
Total	100.00%	
Total Real Rate of Return		4.65%
Plus: Price Inflation - Actuary's Assumption		2.50%
Less: Admin and Investment Expenses		0.00%
Net Expected Return		7.15%

The System's Investment Advisor projects the above portfolio to achieve a 7.20% long-term investment return.

Single Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.15% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 7.15%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 100 basis points lower or 100 basis points higher.

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability to the Single Discount Rate Assumption

	100 Basis Point Decrease	Current Single Discount Rate Assumption	100 Basis Point Increase
	6.15%	7.15%	8.15%
Total Pension Liability	\$ 568,383,072	\$ 508,955,227	\$ 459,538,770
Plan Net Position	425,546,035	425,546,035	425,546,035
Net Pension Liability	\$ 142,837,037	\$ 83,409,192	\$ 33,992,735

Summary of Population Statistics as of December 31, 2017

Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	677
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	32
Active Plan Members	<u>488</u>
Total Plan Members	1,197

SECTION E

SUMMARY OF BENEFITS

Summary of Benefit Provisions Evaluated December 31, 2017

Voluntary Retirement. Police members may retire after attaining age 50 and completing 10 years of service. Firefighter members are eligible for retirement after attaining age 55 with 10 or more years of service. Firefighter members may also retire at the age their service reaches the service credit limit.

Compulsory Retirement. None.

Final Average Salary (FAS). The average of member's highest annual salary rates during the 3 consecutive calendar years of credited service when such compensation rates are the highest increased by the applicable FAS Adjustment Factor (12.1% for Police members for the period January 1, 2017 to June 30, 2017, and 12.6% for Police members for the period July 1, 2017 to December 31, 2017, 9.2% for Firefighter members for the period January 1, 2017 to June 30, 2017, and 9.8% for Firefighter members for the period July 1, 2017 to December 31, 2017). Highest salary rates that occur in calendar years after the calendar year in which the member reaches their service credit limit will not be included in the FAS.

Benefit Multiplier Description. See page 19.

Benefit Multiplier. The member's benefit multiplier, used to compute full age and service allowance, is defined in the following table:

Benefit Multipliers and Allowance Caps for Member Groups

<i>Covered Group</i>	<i>Date of Hire</i>	<i>Benefit Multiplier</i>	<i>Allowance Cap</i>
Firefighters	Prior to July 1, 1992	2.5%	100%
	-or-		
	Prior to July 1, 1992	2.8%	94.5%
	July 1, 1992 to January 9, 2012 January 10, 2012 or after	2.8% 2.0%*	90% 90%
Fire Chief	At any time	2.8%	94.5%
Police Command	Prior to July 1, 2001	2.8%	100%
	July 1, 2001 to December 19, 2011 December 20, 2011 or after	2.8% 2.0% [@]	80% 80%
	Police Chief or Deputy Police Chief	At any time	2.8%
Police Officers and Sergeants	Before March 9, 1995	2.8%	100%
	March 9, 1995 to June 30, 2001	2.8%	87.5%
	July 1, 2001 to December 19, 2011 December 20, 2011 or after	2.8% 2.0% [#]	80% 80%

* Firefighter members hired on or after January 10, 2012 will have a 2.0% multiplier for the first five years of employment. Members may then irrevocably elect that multiplier, or, by making higher member contributions, elect a higher multiplier for all future service (2.2%, 2.4%, 2.6%, or 2.8%).

@ Police Command members hired on or after December 20, 2011 will have a 2.0% multiplier for the first five years of employment. Members may then irrevocably elect that multiplier, or, by making higher member contributions, elect a higher multiplier for all future service (2.2%, 2.4%, 2.6%, or 2.8%).

Police Officers and Sergeants members hired on or after December 20, 2011 will have a 2.0% multiplier for the first five years of employment. Members may then irrevocably elect that multiplier, or, by making higher member contributions, elect a higher multiplier for all future service (2.2%, 2.4%, 2.6%, or 2.8%).

Full Age and Service Allowance. Allowance, payable monthly for life to the retired member, equals the member's benefit multiplier times the member's FAS times years of credited service. In lieu of this single life-level amount form of payment, a retiring member may elect from a variety of optional forms of payment, each of which is the actuarial equivalent (same lump sum value at time of retirement) of the single life-level payment form.

Deferred Allowance. A member with 10 or more years of service who leaves covered employment before retirement is eligible to receive an allowance computed in the same manner as an age and service allowance but based upon the member's employment record to the time of leaving. Such deferred allowance commences the first day of the calendar month next following the later of the date of the member's attainment of age 50 or the date when written application therefore is received by the Board. Benefits may be actuarially reduced in accordance with the Early Retirement provision if applicable.

Early Allowance. A Firefighter member who leaves covered employment after both attaining age 50 and completing 10 years of service is eligible to receive an immediate early allowance (in lieu of a deferred allowance), computed in the same manner as a deferred allowance based upon the member's employment record to the time of early retirement, but actuarially reduced (per schedule in ordinance) to reflect the fact that the age when payments begin is younger than age 55.

Duty Disability Allowance. A member who becomes totally and permanently disabled from duty-connected causes is eligible to receive, subject to offsets, a duty disability allowance computed in the same manner as a full age and service allowance based upon the member's employment record to the time of disability with a minimum allowance before offset of 72% of FAS. The maximum allowance after offsets is 90% of final salary less amounts received from (i) Worker's Compensation, (ii) gainful employment as a law enforcement officer or firefighter, and (iii) Social Security disability income.

Non-Duty Disability Allowance. A member with 1 or more years of credited service and who has not attained the minimum service retirement age, who becomes totally and permanently disabled from other than duty-connected causes is eligible to receive a non-duty disability allowance computed in the same manner as a full age and service allowance, based upon the member's employment record to the time of disability. Minimum benefit for Police Officers is 48% of FAS if credited service is less than 20 years or 60% of FAS if credited service is 20 or more years. Minimum benefit for Police Command Officers is based on the earlier of (i) the date the member would have completed 20 (if credited service is less than 20 years) or 25 years of service (if credited service is 20 or more years) or (ii) the date the member would have reached 50 years of age. Minimum benefit for Firefighters is based on the earlier of (i) the date the member would have completed 20 (if credited service is less than 20 years) or 25 years of service (if credited service is 20 or more years) or (ii) the date the member would have reached 55 years of age. Until a member reaches the Pension System vesting requirement of 10 years of service, the benefit the member is entitled to is 50% for service years 1-5, then an additional 10% of the above formula for every year of service accrued in the System (e.g., 1-5 years of service = 50% of Non-Duty Disability Allowance, 6 years = 60%, ..., 10 years = 100%).

Death-in-Service Benefits. Upon the death of a member, surviving dependents are eligible to receive the following benefits, subject to offsets for Worker's Compensation and Social Security.

- (a) The widow receives an allowance equal to the Option B-100 allowance (joint and 100% survivor actuarial equivalent benefit) which would have been payable to her had the deceased member retired the day preceding the date of his death and elected Option B-100. The minimum allowance payable to the widow is 20% of the member's FAS. If the death was determined to be duty-related, the minimum allowance payable to the widow is 72% of the member's final average salary (60% for Command or Firefighters hired after June 30, 1992).
- (b) Dependent children under age 18 (up to age 23 if they are continuous full-time students) each are eligible to receive an allowance of 15% of the member's FAS. If there are 4 or more dependent children, each child receives an equal share of 50% of the member's FAS.
- (c) If there are neither a widow nor children, each dependent parent is eligible to receive an allowance equal to 15% of FAS.

Compensation. Compensation upon which members contribute includes base pay, longevity pay, educational increment and vacation pay, plus the following additional compensation items:

Firefighters: Overtime pay (assumed to be 4.2% for calendar years before 2010 and actual overtime in 2010 and later), holiday pay, clothing allowance, acting assignment pay, shop pay and shift pay. In addition, up to six (6) days of unused vacation time may be converted to compensation.

Police Officers and Police Command Officers: Overtime pay, comp. payoff, holiday pay, clothing allowance, acting assignment, witness fees and shift pay.

The average of the additional compensation items is used to annually adjust the FAS Adjustment Factor. In addition, compensation will not include any amount that would cause the System to be in violation of IRC Sections 401(a) (17) or 415(d).

Member Contributions. Effective July 1, 2013, member contribution rates shall be payable in accordance with the following table.

System Funding Represented as a Percentage of Valuation Assets to Actuarial Accrued Liabilities	Firefighters	Police Officers & Sergeants	Police Command Officers
Below 100%	10.70%	9.86%	10.89%
100% - 104.999%	9.70%	8.86%	9.89%
105% - 109.999%	8.70%	7.86%	8.89%
110% - 114.999%	7.70%	6.86%	7.89%
115% - 119.999%	6.70%	5.86%	6.89%
120% - 124.999%	6.70%	5.20%	6.06%
125% - 129.999%	6.70%	4.54%	5.23%
130% - 134.999%	6.70%	3.88%	4.40%
135+%	6.70%	3.22%	3.57%

The member contribution rates used for the December 31, 2017 valuation were 10.70%, 9.86%, 10.89%, 10.20%, and 10.20% for Firefighters, Police Officers and Sergeants, Police Command Officers, Police Chief and Deputy Police Chiefs, and Fire Chief respectively.

If a member terminates employment before any allowance is payable, accumulated contributions (contributions plus regular interest) are refunded.

Employer Contributions. The City contributes the remainder amounts necessary to maintain the Retirement System in sound financial condition in accordance with its funding objectives.

Automatic Post-Retirement Benefit Increases. Post-retirement benefit increases are paid to eligible groups as described in the following table.

	Firefighters	Fire Chief	Police Officer and Sergeants	Police Command	Police Chief and Deputy Police Chief
Effective date	Retired on or after July 1, 2007	Retired on or after January 1, 2016	Retired on or after December 17, 2008	Retired on or after February 19, 2010	Retired on or after January 1, 2016
Amount of increase	1.5% of original benefit	1.5% of original benefit	1.0% of original benefit	1.0% of original benefit	1.0% of original benefit
First increase to occur	2 years after retirement	2 years after retirement	5 years after retirement	5 years after retirement	5 years after retirement

The increase is paid on January or July following the end of the delay period. Benefit recipients who are eligible for the automatic post-retirement increase do not participate in the 13th check program.

13th Check. For members not eligible for automatic post-retirement increases, one-half of net investment income over 8% which is attributable to retired life assets is distributed annually (in January) to retired members and beneficiaries who have been on the retirement rolls for 5 years in the form of a 13th check. Net investment income is based on a market value rate of return averaged over the preceding 5 plan years. The distribution is in proportion to points. An individual's points are determined by multiplying (i) the number of full years of retirement, to a maximum of 15, by (ii) the number of years, and fractions thereof, of service at retirement. Subsequent to the calculations above, the benefit so calculated for Chief of Police, Deputy Chief, Police Command Officers, Police Officers and Sergeants, Firefighter service, and beneficiaries having had at least 10 years of service under either bargaining unit shall be increased by 20%.

Key Employee Incentive Program (KEIP). Participation is open to any employee of the City of Grand Rapids Police and Fire Retirement System who attains service retirement eligibility and maintains a minimum leave accrual balance of 100 hours. A regular retirement benefit is computed for the member as of his KEIP election date based upon Final Average Compensation (FAC), credited service and benefit multiplier as of this date. Monthly payments equal to 75% of the computed monthly benefit are deposited into the KEIP Reserve Account (KRA) on behalf of this member. Interest is credited monthly to this balance in the KRA at the rate of 3%, compounded annually. Employer and member contributions shall cease as of the member's KEIP election date. The members may remain in the KEIP for up to five years and then must cease participation in the KEIP. The member's monthly benefit at retirement will be the original monthly payment determined at the KEIP election date plus any applicable post-retirement benefit increases.

Eligibility. The Plan is closed to individuals hired from outside of the organization to fill the position of Fire Chief, Police Chief or Deputy Police Chief.

SECTION F

ACTUARIAL COST METHOD AND ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

Valuation Methods

Normal cost and the allocation of benefit values between service rendered before and after the valuation date was determined using the individual entry-age actuarial cost method having the following characteristics:

- (i) The annual normal costs for each individual active member, payable from the date of employment to the date of retirement, are sufficient to accumulate the value of the portion of the member's benefit at the time of retirement. For GASB Reporting purposes, the date of retirement is determined as the date of entry into the Key Employee Incentive Program;
- (ii) each annual normal cost is a constant percentage of the member's year-by-year projected covered pay.

Financing of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities. Unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities from December 31, 2015 are amortized over a closed 28-year period, unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities from December 31, 2016 are amortized over a closed 29-year, and changes in actuarial accrued liabilities occurring during the year ended December 31, 2017 are amortized over a closed 30-year period.

Valuation Asset Method. **Valuation Assets** were determined using a method which phases-in each year's differences between actual and assumed investment return over a closed five-year period. For GASB reporting purposes, the valuation assets are equal to the market value.

Actuarial Assumptions Used for the Valuation Adopted by the Board of Trustees

The actuary calculates contribution requirements and actuarial present values of the System by applying assumptions to the benefit provisions and census data information furnished, using the valuation methods described on the previous page.

The principal areas of financial risk which require assumptions about future experiences are:

- (i) Long-term rates of investment return to be generated by the assets of the System,
- (ii) patterns of pay increases to members,
- (iii) rates of mortality among members, retirants and beneficiaries,
- (iv) rates of withdrawal of active members,
- (v) rates of disability among members, and
- (vi) the age patterns of actual retirement.

In a valuation, the actuary calculates the monetary effect of each assumption for as long as a present covered person survives - - a period of time which can be as long as a century.

Actual experience will not coincide exactly with assumed experience, regardless of the wisdom of the assumptions, or the skill of the actuary and the precision of the many calculations made. Each valuation provides a complete recalculation of assumed future experience and takes into account all past differences between assumed and actual experience. The result is a continual series of adjustments (usually small) to the computed contribution rate.

From time to time it becomes appropriate to modify one or more of the assumptions, to reflect experience trends (but not random year-to-year fluctuations).

The assumptions are established by the Board after consulting with the actuary. New assumptions were adopted for the December 31, 2015 valuation pursuant to the Experience Study dated December 7, 2015. The investment return assumption was updated for the December 31, 2017 valuation. All assumptions are based on future expectations, not market measures.

The rates of salary increase used for individual members are in accordance with the following table. This assumption is used to project a member's current salary to the salaries upon which benefit amounts will be based.

Service at Beginning of Year	Salary Increase Assumptions For an Individual Member		
	Merit & Seniority	Base (Economic)	Increase Next Year
1	17.00%	3.25%	20.25%
2	7.00	3.25	10.25
3	6.00	3.25	9.25
4	5.00	3.25	8.25
5	4.00	3.25	7.25
6 and over	1.00	3.25	4.25

These rates were first used for the December 31, 2016 valuation.

If the number of active members remains constant, then the total active member payroll will increase 3.25% annually, the base portion of the individual salary increase assumptions. This increasing payroll was recognized in amortizing unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities. Note that the 3.25% wage inflation assumption consists of 2.50% for price inflation and 0.75% for real wage growth.

The rate of investment return was 7.15% a year compounded yearly (net after expenses). This assumption is used to make money payable at one point in time equal in value to a different amount of money payable at another point in time. This assumption was first used for the December 31, 2017 valuation.

The assumed real return for funding purposes is the rate of return in excess of average salary increases.

The mortality table was the RP-2014 Healthy Annuity Mortality Table projected to 2019 using the MP-2014 Mortality Improvement Scale. Related values are shown below.

Sample Ages	Value at Retirement of \$1 Monthly for Life		Future Life Expectancy (Years)	
	Men	Women	Men	Women
50	\$148.41	\$152.79	33.25	35.95
55	141.60	146.69	28.92	31.44
60	133.30	138.87	24.73	27.02
65	123.05	129.07	20.70	22.74
70	110.64	117.14	16.85	18.67
75	96.10	103.11	13.26	14.86
80	79.84	87.27	10.01	11.41

This assumption is used to measure the probabilities of members dying before retirement and the probabilities of each benefit payment being made after retirement. For disabled lives the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees projected to 2019 using the MP-2014 Mortality Improvement Scale was used. For death in service the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for employees projected to 2019 using the MP-2014 Mortality Improvement Scale was used. We assume that one-half of pre-retirement deaths are duty related and that one-half are not. The margin for future mortality improvement is the projection to 2019. This assumption was first used for the December 31, 2015 valuation.

The rates of retirement used to measure the probability of eligible members retiring during the next year were as follows:

Retirement		Retirement	
Ages	Percent	Ages	Percent
50	25%	60	50%
51	25%	61	60%
52	25%	62	70%
53	25%	63	80%
54	25%	64	90%
55	25%	65	100%
56	25%	66	100%
57	25%	67	100%
58	25%	68	100%
59	25%	69	100%
		70	100%

A Police member is eligible for retirement after both attaining age 50 and completing 10 or more years of service. Fire members are eligible after attaining age 55 with 10 or more years of service or at the age their service reaches the service credit limit. A 100% decrement pattern is applied to Firefighters once achieving 34 years of service regardless of age.

Rates of separation from active membership were as follows:

(Rates do not apply to members eligible to retire and do not include separation on account of death or disability.) This assumption measures the probabilities of members remaining in employment. These rates were first used for the December 31, 2010 valuation.

Sample Ages	% of Active Members Separating Within Next Year	
	Police	Fire
25	4.60%	2.76%
30	3.80	2.28
35	2.60	1.56
40	1.80	1.08
45	1.40	0.84
50	1.20	0.72
55	1.20	0.72
60	1.20	0.72

The rates of disability were as follows:

Sample Ages	% of Active Members Becoming Disabled Within Next Year	
	Police	Fire
20	0.12%	0.12%
25	0.12	0.12
30	0.12	0.12
35	0.27	0.27
40	0.59	0.59
45	1.05	1.05
50	1.68	1.68
55	2.51	2.51

		Duty Related	Non-Duty Related
Cause of Disability:	Male	75%	25%
	Female	75%	25%

These rates were first used for the December 31, 2015 valuation.

Summary of Assumptions Used

December 31, 2017

Miscellaneous and Technical Assumptions

Marriage Assumption. 90% of males and 90% of females are assumed to be married for purposes of death-in-service benefits.

Pay Increase Timing. Beginning of (Fiscal) year. Reported pays represent amounts paid to members during the year ended on the valuation date.

Decrement Timing. Decrements of all types are assumed to occur mid-year.

Eligibility Testing. Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest birthday and service nearest whole year on the date the decrement is assumed to occur.

Benefit Service. Exact fractional service is used to determine the amount of benefit payable.

Decrement Relativity. Decrement rates are used directly from the experience study, without adjustment for multiple decrement table effects.

Liability Adjustments. Retirement present values were increased by 12.6% and 9.8% for police and fire, respectively, to account for the FAS Adjustment Factor.

13th Check. A 7.15% load was placed on affected liabilities for members eligible to participate in the 13th Check program.

Service Purchase. An \$11.0 million liability was applied for the liability for service purchases.

Normal Form of Benefit. The assumed normal form of benefit is the straight life form.

Incidence of Contributions. Contributions are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based upon the computed percent of payroll shown in this report, and the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made. New entrant normal cost contributions are applied to the funding of new entrant benefits.

New Benefit Multiplier. Benefits for new hires will be modeled using the 2.8% benefit multiplier for all future years of service until such time that they elect another benefit multiplier.

SECTION G

CALCULATION OF THE SINGLE DISCOUNT RATE

Calculation of the Single Discount Rate

GASB Statement No. 67 includes a specific requirement for the discount rate that is used for the purpose of the measurement of the Total Pension Liability. This rate considers the ability of the fund to meet benefit obligations in the future. To make this determination, employer contributions, employee contributions, benefit payments, expenses and investment returns are projected into the future. The Plan Net Position (assets) in future years can then be determined and compared to its obligation to make benefit payments in those years. As long as assets are projected to be on hand in a future year, the assumed valuation discount rate is used. In years where assets are not projected to be sufficient to meet benefit payments, the use of a “risk-free” rate is required, as described in the following paragraph.

The *Single Discount Rate* (SDR) is equivalent to applying these two rates to the benefits that are projected to be paid during the different time periods. The SDR reflects (1) the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by Bond Buyer Index) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.15%; the municipal bond rate is 3.31%; and the resulting single discount rate is 7.15%.

The tables in this section provide background for the development of the single discount rate. Note that these projections are specifically used to determine the GASB SDR and should not be interpreted as a funding projection or recommendation.

The **Projection of Contributions** table shows the development of expected contributions in future years. Normal Cost contributions for future hires are not included (nor are their liabilities).

The **Projection of Plan Fiduciary Net Position** table shows the development of expected asset levels in future years.

The **Present Values of Projected Benefit Payments** table shows the development of the Single Discount Rate (SDR). It breaks down the benefit payments into present values for funded and unfunded portions and shows the equivalent total at the SDR.

Single Discount Rate Development Projection of Contributions

Year	Contributions from Current		Administrative		Total Contributions
	Employees	Normal Cost	Expense Contributions	UAL Contributions	
2018	\$ 4,406,158	\$ 4,058,120	\$ -	\$ 5,274,668	\$13,738,946
2019	4,303,532	3,939,198	-	5,645,897	13,888,627
2020	4,178,311	3,813,027	-	5,484,462	13,475,800
2021	4,032,672	3,673,958	-	5,253,700	12,960,330
2022	3,872,477	3,523,250	-	5,424,445	12,820,172
2023	3,704,270	3,367,904	-	5,600,740	12,672,915
2024	3,519,467	3,201,732	-	5,782,764	12,503,963
2025	3,327,021	3,031,420	-	5,970,704	12,329,144
2026	3,141,307	2,866,458	-	6,164,751	12,172,516
2027	2,962,159	2,707,005	-	6,365,106	12,034,270
2028	2,788,473	2,551,730	-	6,571,972	11,912,175
2029	2,621,187	2,401,095	-	6,785,561	11,807,843
2030	2,467,237	2,261,196	-	7,006,092	11,734,525
2031	2,338,804	2,142,393	-	7,233,790	11,714,987
2032	2,225,502	2,035,128	-	7,468,888	11,729,517
2033	2,111,016	1,925,366	-	7,711,627	11,748,009
2034	1,998,083	1,816,069	-	7,962,254	11,776,406
2035	1,881,693	1,698,876	-	8,221,028	11,801,597
2036	1,762,066	1,574,792	-	8,488,211	11,825,070
2037	1,647,084	1,455,302	-	8,764,078	11,866,464
2038	1,530,205	1,336,844	-	9,048,910	11,915,959
2039	1,410,921	1,218,120	-	9,343,000	11,972,041
2040	1,285,349	1,095,365	-	9,646,648	12,027,362
2041	1,145,425	962,758	-	9,960,164	12,068,347
2042	1,002,927	830,323	-	10,283,869	12,117,119
2043	860,213	703,351	-	10,618,095	12,181,659
2044	709,015	575,377	-	10,963,183	12,247,574
2045	568,572	458,415	-	11,319,486	12,346,473
2046	452,164	360,659	-	306,510	1,119,333
2047	351,834	278,082	-	588,856	1,218,772
2048	267,601	210,370	-	-	477,971
2049	196,115	154,160	-	-	350,274
2050	141,579	111,118	-	-	252,697
2051	102,417	79,674	-	-	182,091
2052	72,598	55,692	-	-	128,290
2053	50,425	38,134	-	-	88,559
2054	32,182	23,877	-	-	56,059
2055	15,918	11,500	-	-	27,418
2056	5,620	3,950	-	-	9,570
2057	1,907	1,234	-	-	3,142
2058	695	449	-	-	1,145
2059	204	120	-	-	324
2060	45	22	-	-	67
2061	7	3	-	-	10
2062	1	-	-	-	1
2063	-	-	-	-	-
2064	-	-	-	-	-
2065	-	-	-	-	-
2066	-	-	-	-	-
2067	-	-	-	-	-

Single Discount Rate Development

Projection of Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Year	Projected Beginning Plan Net Position	Projected Total Contributions	Projected Benefit Payments	Projected Administrative Expenses	Projected Investment Earnings at 7.15%	Projected Ending Plan Net Position
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)=(a)+(b)-(c)-(d)+(e)
2018	\$ 425,546,035	\$ 13,738,946	\$ 29,015,831	\$ 595,764	\$ 30,485,586	\$ 440,158,971
2019	440,158,971	13,888,627	30,443,138	616,223	31,505,982	454,494,219
2020	454,494,219	13,475,800	32,174,837	636,292	32,475,678	467,634,568
2021	467,634,568	12,960,330	33,835,467	654,688	33,357,157	479,461,900
2022	479,461,900	12,820,172	35,647,519	671,247	34,150,783	490,114,089
2023	490,114,089	12,672,915	37,338,031	686,160	34,862,761	499,625,574
2024	499,625,574	12,503,963	38,939,394	699,476	35,493,953	507,984,619
2025	507,984,619	12,329,144	40,544,679	711,178	36,040,787	515,098,693
2026	515,098,693	12,172,516	42,269,486	721,138	36,493,303	520,773,888
2027	520,773,888	12,034,270	43,577,391	729,083	36,856,217	525,357,900
2028	525,357,900	11,912,175	44,960,030	735,501	37,137,526	528,712,070
2029	528,712,070	11,807,843	46,234,477	740,197	37,333,604	530,878,844
2030	530,878,844	11,734,525	47,310,853	743,230	37,451,170	532,010,456
2031	532,010,456	11,714,987	47,863,852	744,815	37,513,550	532,630,325
2032	532,630,325	11,729,517	48,458,989	745,682	37,538,340	532,693,511
2033	532,693,511	11,748,009	48,955,223	745,771	37,526,162	532,266,687
2034	532,266,687	11,776,406	49,245,243	745,173	37,485,855	531,538,532
2035	531,538,532	11,801,597	49,591,369	744,154	37,421,497	530,426,103
2036	530,426,103	11,825,070	49,922,848	742,597	37,329,580	528,915,307
2037	528,915,307	11,866,464	50,135,875	740,481	37,213,413	527,118,828
2038	527,118,828	11,915,959	50,554,760	737,966	37,069,472	524,811,532
2039	524,811,532	11,972,041	50,732,120	734,736	36,897,009	522,213,727
2040	522,213,727	12,027,362	51,010,710	731,099	36,699,785	519,199,064
2041	519,199,064	12,068,347	51,174,291	726,879	36,475,709	515,841,950
2042	515,841,950	12,117,119	51,427,726	722,179	36,223,785	512,032,949
2043	512,032,949	12,181,659	51,902,545	716,846	35,931,694	507,526,912
2044	507,526,912	12,247,574	52,100,610	710,538	35,598,561	502,561,899
2045	502,561,899	12,346,473	52,397,573	703,587	35,229,654	497,036,867
2046	497,036,867	1,119,333	52,351,230	695,852	34,434,065	479,543,184
2047	479,543,184	1,218,772	52,024,315	671,360	33,173,755	461,240,035
2048	461,240,035	477,971	51,382,593	645,736	31,835,975	441,525,652
2049	441,525,652	350,274	50,516,831	618,136	30,424,726	421,165,686
2050	421,165,686	252,697	49,061,062	589,632	28,988,202	400,755,890
2051	400,755,890	182,091	47,636,343	561,058	27,547,902	380,288,482
2052	380,288,482	128,290	46,079,112	532,404	26,108,647	359,913,903
2053	359,913,903	88,559	44,426,541	503,879	24,680,004	339,752,046
2054	339,752,046	56,059	42,833,506	475,653	23,265,031	319,763,977
2055	319,763,977	27,418	41,111,252	447,670	21,867,402	300,099,876
2056	300,099,876	9,570	39,134,024	420,140	20,502,728	281,058,009
2057	281,058,009	3,142	37,234,790	393,481	19,181,075	262,613,955
2058	262,613,955	1,145	35,388,069	367,660	17,901,314	244,760,685
2059	244,760,685	324	33,541,341	342,665	16,664,663	227,541,666
2060	227,541,666	67	31,704,151	318,558	15,473,933	210,992,956
2061	210,992,956	10	29,885,844	295,390	14,331,412	195,143,145
2062	195,143,145	1	28,096,250	273,200	13,238,834	180,012,529
2063	180,012,529	-	26,345,136	252,018	12,197,334	165,612,710
2064	165,612,710	-	24,641,304	231,858	11,207,448	151,946,996
2065	151,946,996	-	22,992,021	212,726	10,269,161	139,011,410
2066	139,011,410	-	21,402,784	194,616	9,381,991	126,796,001
2067	126,796,001	-	19,877,342	177,514	8,545,081	115,286,225

Single Discount Rate Development

Present Values of Projected Benefit Payments

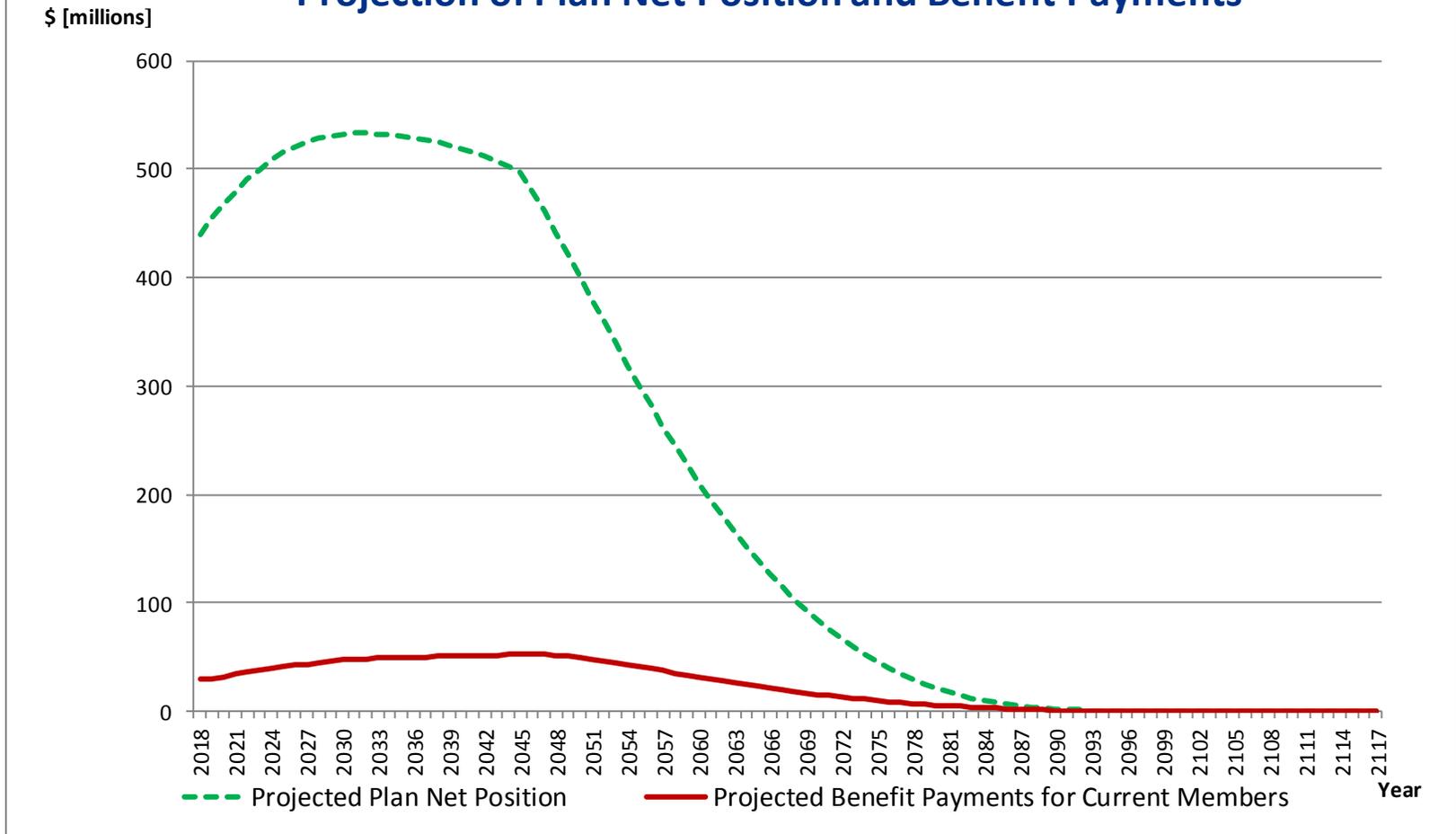
Year	Projected Beginning Plan Net Position	Projected Benefit Payments	Funded Portion of Benefit Payments	Unfunded Portion of Benefit Payments	Present Value of Funded Benefit Payments using Expected Return Rate (v)	Present Value of Unfunded Benefit Payments using Municipal Bond Rate (vf)	Present Value of Benefit Payments using Single Discount Rate (sdr)
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)=(d)*v ^a ((a)-.5)	(g)=(e)*vf ^a ((a)-.5)	(h)=((c)/(1+sdr)) ^a (a-.5)
2018	\$ 425,546,035	\$ 29,015,831	\$ 29,015,831	\$ -	\$ 28,031,021	\$ -	\$ 28,031,021
2019	440,158,971	30,443,138	30,443,138	-	27,447,396	-	27,447,396
2020	454,494,219	32,174,837	32,174,837	-	27,072,971	-	27,072,971
2021	467,634,568	33,835,467	33,835,467	-	26,570,490	-	26,570,490
2022	479,461,900	35,647,519	35,647,519	-	26,125,494	-	26,125,494
2023	490,114,089	37,338,031	37,338,031	-	25,538,445	-	25,538,445
2024	499,625,574	38,939,394	38,939,394	-	24,856,504	-	24,856,504
2025	507,984,619	40,544,679	40,544,679	-	24,154,194	-	24,154,194
2026	515,098,693	42,269,486	42,269,486	-	23,501,386	-	23,501,386
2027	520,773,888	43,577,391	43,577,391	-	22,611,822	-	22,611,822
2028	525,357,900	44,960,030	44,960,030	-	21,772,523	-	21,772,523
2029	528,712,070	46,234,477	46,234,477	-	20,895,652	-	20,895,652
2030	530,878,844	47,310,853	47,310,853	-	19,955,315	-	19,955,315
2031	532,010,456	47,863,852	47,863,852	-	18,841,405	-	18,841,405
2032	532,630,325	48,458,989	48,458,989	-	17,802,779	-	17,802,779
2033	532,693,511	48,955,223	48,955,223	-	16,784,960	-	16,784,960
2034	532,266,687	49,245,243	49,245,243	-	15,757,720	-	15,757,720
2035	531,538,532	49,591,369	49,591,369	-	14,809,590	-	14,809,590
2036	530,426,103	49,922,848	49,922,848	-	13,913,747	-	13,913,747
2037	528,915,307	50,135,875	50,135,875	-	13,040,708	-	13,040,708
2038	527,118,828	50,554,760	50,554,760	-	12,272,201	-	12,272,201
2039	524,811,532	50,732,120	50,732,120	-	11,493,472	-	11,493,472
2040	522,213,727	51,010,710	51,010,710	-	10,785,429	-	10,785,429
2041	519,199,064	51,174,291	51,174,291	-	10,098,008	-	10,098,008
2042	515,841,950	51,427,726	51,427,726	-	9,470,851	-	9,470,851
2043	512,032,949	51,902,545	51,902,545	-	8,920,479	-	8,920,479
2044	507,526,912	52,100,610	52,100,610	-	8,356,995	-	8,356,995
2045	502,561,899	52,397,573	52,397,573	-	7,843,797	-	7,843,797
2046	497,036,867	52,351,230	52,351,230	-	7,313,915	-	7,313,915
2047	479,543,184	52,024,315	52,024,315	-	6,783,240	-	6,783,240
2048	461,240,035	51,382,593	51,382,593	-	6,252,514	-	6,252,514
2049	441,525,652	50,516,831	50,516,831	-	5,736,970	-	5,736,970
2050	421,165,686	49,061,062	49,061,062	-	5,199,855	-	5,199,855
2051	400,755,890	47,636,343	47,636,343	-	4,711,948	-	4,711,948
2052	380,288,482	46,079,112	46,079,112	-	4,253,770	-	4,253,770
2053	359,913,903	44,426,541	44,426,541	-	3,827,545	-	3,827,545
2054	339,752,046	42,833,506	42,833,506	-	3,444,048	-	3,444,048
2055	319,763,977	41,111,252	41,111,252	-	3,084,993	-	3,084,993
2056	300,099,876	39,134,024	39,134,024	-	2,740,664	-	2,740,664
2057	281,058,009	37,234,790	37,234,790	-	2,433,649	-	2,433,649
2058	262,613,955	35,388,069	35,388,069	-	2,158,608	-	2,158,608
2059	244,760,685	33,541,341	33,541,341	-	1,909,436	-	1,909,436
2060	227,541,666	31,704,151	31,704,151	-	1,684,413	-	1,684,413
2061	210,992,956	29,885,844	29,885,844	-	1,481,856	-	1,481,856
2062	195,143,145	28,096,250	28,096,250	-	1,300,159	-	1,300,159
2063	180,012,529	26,345,136	26,345,136	-	1,137,775	-	1,137,775
2064	165,612,710	24,641,304	24,641,304	-	993,179	-	993,179
2065	151,946,996	22,992,021	22,992,021	-	864,866	-	864,866
2066	139,011,410	21,402,784	21,402,784	-	751,363	-	751,363
2067	126,796,001	19,877,342	19,877,342	-	651,247	-	651,247

Single Discount Rate Development

Present Values of Projected Benefit Payments (Concluded)

Year	Projected Beginning Plan Net Position	Projected Benefit Payments	Funded Portion of Benefit Payments	Unfunded Portion of Benefit Payments	Present Value of Funded Benefit Payments using Expected Return Rate (v)	Present Value of Unfunded Benefit Payments using Municipal Bond Rate (vf)	Present Value of Benefit Payments using Single Discount Rate (sdr)
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)=(d)*v ^{((a)-.5)}	(g)=(e)*vf ^{((a)-.5)}	(h)=((c)/(1+sdr)) ^{((a)-.5)}
2068	\$ 115,286,225	\$ 18,417,797	\$ 18,417,797	\$ -	\$ 563,161	\$ -	\$ 563,161
2069	104,464,323	17,024,799	17,024,799	-	485,831	-	485,831
2070	94,310,594	15,697,837	15,697,837	-	418,072	-	418,072
2071	84,804,455	14,435,513	14,435,513	-	358,799	-	358,799
2072	75,925,300	13,235,814	13,235,814	-	307,027	-	307,027
2073	67,653,133	12,096,383	12,096,383	-	261,872	-	261,872
2074	59,968,968	11,014,737	11,014,737	-	222,544	-	222,544
2075	52,855,034	9,988,470	9,988,470	-	188,343	-	188,343
2076	46,294,775	9,015,440	9,015,440	-	158,652	-	158,652
2077	40,272,673	8,093,928	8,093,928	-	132,931	-	132,931
2078	34,773,878	7,222,763	7,222,763	-	110,707	-	110,707
2079	29,783,692	6,401,370	6,401,370	-	91,570	-	91,570
2080	25,286,957	5,629,798	5,629,798	-	75,159	-	75,159
2081	21,267,386	4,908,726	4,908,726	-	61,160	-	61,160
2082	17,706,821	4,239,403	4,239,403	-	49,296	-	49,296
2083	14,584,513	3,623,407	3,623,407	-	39,321	-	39,321
2084	11,876,598	3,062,256	3,062,256	-	31,014	-	31,014
2085	9,555,933	2,557,012	2,557,012	-	24,169	-	24,169
2086	7,592,335	2,107,958	2,107,958	-	18,595	-	18,595
2087	5,953,171	1,714,399	1,714,399	-	14,114	-	14,114
2088	4,604,192	1,374,628	1,374,628	-	10,562	-	10,562
2089	3,510,469	1,085,936	1,085,936	-	7,787	-	7,787
2090	2,637,380	844,712	844,712	-	5,653	-	5,653
2091	1,951,564	646,640	646,640	-	4,039	-	4,039
2092	1,421,742	486,918	486,918	-	2,838	-	2,838
2093	1,019,372	360,503	360,503	-	1,961	-	1,961
2094	719,089	262,345	262,345	-	1,332	-	1,332
2095	498,942	187,594	187,594	-	889	-	889
2096	340,431	131,780	131,780	-	583	-	583
2097	228,363	90,922	90,922	-	375	-	375
2098	150,574	61,603	61,603	-	237	-	237
2099	97,573	40,980	40,980	-	147	-	147
2100	62,130	26,763	26,763	-	90	-	90
2101	38,869	17,157	17,157	-	54	-	54
2102	23,889	10,796	10,796	-	32	-	32
2103	14,422	6,668	6,668	-	18	-	18
2104	8,551	4,042	4,042	-	10	-	10
2105	4,979	2,405	2,405	-	6	-	6
2106	2,846	1,403	1,403	-	3	-	3
2107	1,596	804	804	-	2	-	2
2108	879	452	452	-	1	-	1
2109	474	249	249	-	0	-	0
2110	250	134	134	-	0	-	0
2111	129	71	71	-	0	-	0
2112	65	37	37	-	0	-	0
2113	32	19	19	-	0	-	0
2114	15	9	9	-	0	-	0
2115	6	4	4	-	0	-	0
2116	2	2	2	-	0	-	0
2117	0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Totals	\$ 581,090,327	\$ 581,090,327	\$ 581,090,327	\$ -	\$ 581,090,327	\$ -	\$ 581,090,327

Projection of Plan Net Position and Benefit Payments



SECTION H

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Glossary of Terms

<i>Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)</i>	The AAL is the difference between the actuarial present value of all benefits and the actuarial value of future normal costs. The definition comes from the fundamental equation of funding which states that the present value of all benefits is the sum of the Actuarial Accrued Liability and the present value of future normal costs. The AAL may also be referred to as "accrued liability" or "actuarial liability."
<i>Actuarial Assumptions</i>	These assumptions are estimates of future experience with respect to rates of mortality, disability, turnover, retirement, rate or rates of investment income and compensation increases. Actuarial assumptions are generally based on past experience, often modified for projected changes in conditions. Economic assumptions (compensation increases, payroll growth, inflation and investment return) consist of an underlying real rate of return plus an assumption for a long-term average rate of inflation.
<i>Accrued Service</i>	Service credited under the system which was rendered before the date of the actuarial valuation.
<i>Actuarial Equivalent</i>	A single amount or series of amounts of equal actuarial value to another single amount or series of amounts, computed on the basis of appropriate actuarial assumptions.
<i>Actuarial Cost Method</i>	A mathematical budgeting procedure for allocating the dollar amount of the actuarial present value of the pension trust benefits between future normal cost and actuarial accrued liability. The actuarial cost method may also be referred to as the actuarial funding method.
<i>Actuarial Gain (Loss)</i>	The difference in liabilities between actual experience and expected experience during the period between two actuarial valuations is the gain (loss) on the accrued liabilities.
<i>Actuarial Present Value (APV)</i>	The amount of funds currently required to provide a payment or series of payments in the future. The present value is determined by discounting future payments at predetermined rates of interest and probabilities of payment.
<i>Actuarial Valuation</i>	The actuarial valuation report determines, as of the actuarial valuation date, the service cost, total pension liability, and related actuarial present value of projected benefit payments for pensions.
<i>Actuarial Valuation Date</i>	The date as of which an actuarial valuation is performed.
<i>Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) or Annual Required Contribution (ARC)</i>	A calculated contribution into a defined benefit pension plan for the reporting period, most often determined based on the funding policy of the plan. Typically the Actuarially Determined Contribution has a normal cost payment and an amortization payment.

Glossary of Terms

<i>Amortization Payment</i>	The amortization payment is the periodic payment required to pay off an interest-discounted amount with payments of interest and principal.
<i>Amortization Method</i>	The method used to determine the periodic amortization payment may be a level dollar amount, or a level percent of pay amount. The period will typically be expressed in years, and the method will either be “open” (meaning, reset each year) or “closed” (the number of years remaining will decline each year).
<i>Cost-of-Living Adjustments</i>	Postemployment benefit changes intended to adjust benefit payments for the effects of inflation.
<i>Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (cost-sharing pension plan)</i>	A multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan in which the pension obligations to the employees of more than one employer are pooled and pension plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pensions through the pension plan.
<i>Covered-Employee Payroll</i>	The payroll of covered employees, which is typically only the pensionable pay and does not include pay above any pay cap.
<i>Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)</i>	A program that permits a plan member to elect a calculation of benefit payments based on service credits and salary, as applicable, as of the DROP entry date. The plan member continues to provide service to the employer and is paid for the service by the employer after the DROP entry date; however, the pensions that would have been paid to the plan member are credited to an individual member account within the defined benefit pension plan until the end of the DROP period. Other variations for DROP exist and will be more fully detailed in the plan provision section of the valuation report.
<i>Deferred Inflows and Outflows</i>	The deferred inflows and outflows of pension resources are amounts used under GASB Statement No. 68 in developing the annual pension expense. Deferred inflows and outflows arise with differences between expected and actual experiences; changes of assumptions. The portion of these amounts not included in pension expense should be included in the deferred inflows or outflows of resources.
<i>Discount Rate</i>	For GASB purposes, the discount rate is the single rate of return that results in the present value of all projected benefit payments to be equal to the sum of the funded and unfunded projected benefit payments, specifically: <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. The benefit payments to be made while the pension plans’ fiduciary net position is projected to be greater than the benefit payments that are projected to be made in the period; and2. The present value of the benefit payments not in (1) above, discounted using the municipal bond rate.

Glossary of Terms

<i>Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method (EAN)</i>	The EAN is a funding method for allocating the costs of the plan between the normal cost and the accrued liability. The actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in an actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis (either level dollar or level percent of pay) over the earnings or service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit ages(s). The portion of the actuarial present value allocated to a valuation year is the normal cost. The portion of this actuarial present value not provided for at a valuation date by the actuarial present value of future normal costs is the actuarial accrued liability. The sum of the accrued liability plus the present value of all future normal costs is the present value of all benefits.
<i>GASB</i>	The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is an organization that exists in order to promulgate accounting standards for governmental entities.
<i>Fiduciary Net Position</i>	The fiduciary net position is the value of the assets of the trust.
<i>Long-Term Expected Rate of Return</i>	The long-term rate of return is the expected return to be earned over the entire trust portfolio based on the asset allocation of the portfolio.
<i>Money-Weighted Rate of Return</i>	The money-weighted rate of return is a method of calculating the returns that adjusts for the changing amounts actually invested. For purposes of GASB Statement No. 67, money-weighted rate of return is calculated as the internal rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense.
<i>Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan</i>	A multiple-employer plan is a defined benefit pension plan that is used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer.
<i>Municipal Bond Rate</i>	The Municipal Bond Rate is the discount rate to be used for those benefit payments that occur after the assets of the trust have been depleted.
<i>Net Pension Liability (NPL)</i>	The NPL is the liability of employers and non-employer contribution entities to plan members for benefits provided through a defined benefit pension plan.
<i>Non-Employer Contribution Entities</i>	Non-employer contribution entities are entities that make contributions to a pension plan that is used to provide pensions to the employees of other entities. For purposes of the GASB Accounting statement plan members are not considered non-employer contribution entities.
<i>Normal Cost</i>	The actuarial present value of the pension trust benefits allocated to the current year by the actuarial cost method.

Glossary of Terms

<i>Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)</i>	All postemployment benefits other than retirement income (such as death benefits, life insurance, disability, and long-term care) that are provided separately from a pension plan, as well as postemployment healthcare benefits regardless of the manner in which they are provided. Other post-employment benefits do not include termination benefits.
<i>Real Rate of Return</i>	The real rate of return is the rate of return on an investment after adjustment to eliminate inflation.
<i>Service Cost</i>	The service cost is the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that is attributed to a valuation year.
<i>Total Pension Expense</i>	The total pension expense is the sum of the following items that are recognized at the end of the employer’s fiscal year: <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Service Cost2. Interest on the Total Pension Liability3. Current-Period Benefit Changes4. Employee Contributions (made negative for addition here)5. Projected Earnings on Plan Investments (made negative for addition here)6. Pension Plan Administrative Expense7. Other Changes in Plan Fiduciary Net Position8. Recognition of Outflow (Inflow) of Resources due to Liabilities9. Recognition of Outflow (Inflow) of Resources due to Assets
<i>Total Pension Liability (TPL)</i>	The TPL is the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that is attributed to past periods of member service.
<i>Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)</i>	The UAAL is the difference between actuarial accrued liability and valuation assets.
<i>Valuation Assets</i>	The valuation assets are the assets used in determining the unfunded liability of the plan. For purposes of the GASB Statement No. 67, the valuation asset is equal to the market value of assets.



April 19, 2018

Ms. Peggy Korzen
Executive Director
City of Grand Rapids Police and Fire
Retirement System
233 East Fulton, Suite 216
Grand Rapids, Michigan 49503

Dear Peggy:

Please find enclosed 12 copies of the GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68 Accounting and Financial Schedules report of the Grand Rapids Police and Fire Retirement System.

We will be happy to meet with the Board to discuss the results of this report.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "David L. Hoffman". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, prominent "D" and "H".

David L. Hoffman

DLH:sc

cc: BDD USA, LLP (+1 report copy)
Attention: Ms. Pam Slaugh