

City of Grand Rapids Police and Fire Retirement System

GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68 Accounting and
Financial Reporting for Pensions

Measurement Date: December 31, 2022

GASB No. 68 Reporting Date: June 30, 2023





April 20, 2023

Ms. Peggy Korzen
Board of Trustees
City of Grand Rapids Police
and Fire Retirement System
Grand Rapids, Michigan

Dear Ms. Korzen:

This report provides accounting and financial reporting information that is intended to comply with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Nos. 67 and 68 for the City of Grand Rapids Police and Fire Retirement System ("the System"). These calculations have been made on a basis that is consistent with our understanding of these Statements.

GASB Statement No. 67 is the accounting standard that applies to the stand-alone financial reports issued by retirement systems. GASB Statement No. 68 establishes accounting and financial reporting for state and local government employers who provide their employees (including former employees) pension benefits through a trust.

This report was prepared at the request of the City and is intended for use by the Retirement System and those designated or approved by the City. This report may be provided to parties other than the System only in its entirety and only with the permission of the City. GRS is not responsible for unauthorized use of this report.

Our calculation of the liability associated with the benefits described in this report was performed for the purpose of providing reporting and disclosure information that satisfies the requirements of GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68. The calculation of the plan's liability for this report is not applicable for funding purposes of the plan. A calculation of the plan's liability for purposes other than satisfying the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 may produce significantly different results. The Net Pension Liability is not an appropriate measure for assessing the sufficiency of plan assets to cover the estimated cost of settling the employer's benefit obligation. The Net Pension Liability also is not an appropriate measure for assessing the need for or amount of future employer contributions.

The valuation was based upon information furnished by the City and Plan Administrator, concerning Retirement System benefits, financial transactions, plan provisions, and active members, terminated members, retirees and beneficiaries. We checked for internal reasonability and year-to-year consistency, but did not audit the data. We are not responsible for the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by the City.

Ms. Peggy Korzen
Board of Trustees
April 20, 2023
Page 2

This report complements the actuarial valuation report that was provided to the Board and should be considered in conjunction with that report. Please see the actuarial valuation report as of December 31, 2022 for additional discussion of the nature of actuarial calculations and more information related to participant data, economic and demographic assumptions, and benefit provisions.

This report was prepared using our proprietary valuation model and related software which, in our professional judgment, has the capability to provide results that are consistent with the purposes of the valuation, and has no material limitations or known weaknesses. We performed tests to ensure that the model reasonably represents that which is intended to be modeled.

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained within this report is accurate and fairly represents the actuarial position of the City of Grand Rapids Police and Fire Retirement System. All calculations have been made in conformity with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices as well as with the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board.

The signing actuaries are independent of the plan sponsor.

James D. Anderson and Jeffrey T. Tebeau are Members of the American Academy of Actuaries (MAAA) and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained herein.

Respectfully submitted,
Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company



James D. Anderson, FSA, EA, FCA, MAAA



Jeffrey T. Tebeau, FSA, EA, FCA, MAAA

JDA/JTT:sc



Table of Contents

Page

Section A	Executive Summary	
	Executive Summary.....	1
	Discussion.....	2
Section B	Financial Statements	
	Statement of Pension Expense under GASB Statement No. 68	6
	Statement of Outflows and Inflows Arising from Current Reporting Period	7
	Statement of Outflows and Inflows Arising from Current and Prior Reporting Periods	8
	Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources.....	9
	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	10
	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	11
Section C	Required Supplementary Information	
	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Multiyear	12
	Schedule of Net Pension Liability Multiyear	13
	Schedule of Contributions Multiyear	14
	Notes to Schedule of Contributions.....	15
Section D	Notes to Financial Statements	
	Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets	16
	Single Discount Rate	17
	Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability to the Single Discount Rate Assumption	17
	Summary of Population Statistics	18
Section E	Summary of Benefits	19
Section F	Actuarial Cost Method and Actuarial Assumptions	
	Valuation Methods	26
	Actuarial Assumptions	27
	Miscellaneous and Technical Assumptions	31
Section G	Calculation of the Single Discount Rate	
	Calculation of the Single Discount Rate	32
	Projection of Contributions.....	33
	Projection of Plan Fiduciary Net Position	34
	Present Values of Projected Benefit Payments	35
	Projection of Plan Net Position and Benefit Payments	37
Section H	Michigan Public Act 202	38
Section I	Glossary of Terms	40



SECTION A

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Executive Summary

Actuarial Valuation Date	December 31, 2022
Measurement Date of the Net Pension Liability	December 31, 2022
Employer's Fiscal Year Ending Date (Reporting Date)	June 30, 2023

Membership

Number of	
- Retirees and Beneficiaries	788
- Inactive, Nonretired Members	16
- Active Members	441
- Total	1,245
Covered Payroll#	\$ 42,471,823

Net Pension Liability

Total Pension Liability	\$ 659,770,087
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	459,630,121
Net Pension Liability	\$ 200,139,966
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	69.67%
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	471.23%

Development of the Single Discount Rate

Single Discount Rate	6.75%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Investment Return	6.75%
Long-Term Municipal Bond Rate*	4.05%
Last year ending January 1 in the 2023 to 2122 projection period for which projected benefit payments are fully funded	2122

Total Pension Expense \$ 36,280,274

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources by Source to be Recognized in Future Pension Expenses

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 15,919,713	\$ -
Changes in assumptions	13,402,223	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	79,278,309	44,684,324
Total	\$ 108,600,245	\$ 44,684,324

Covered payroll was provided by the System as defined in GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68.

* Source: Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2022. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the municipal curves are constructed using option-adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax-exempt securities.



Discussion

Accounting Standard

For pension plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67 establishes standards of financial reporting for separately issued financial reports and specifies the required approach for measuring the pension liability. Similarly, GASB Statement No. 68 establishes standards for state and local government employers (as well as non-employer contributing entities) to account for and disclose the net pension liability, pension expense, and other information associated with providing retirement benefits to their employees (and former employees) on their basic financial statements.

The following discussion provides a summary of the information that is required to be disclosed under these accounting standards. A number of these disclosure items are provided in this report. However, certain information, such as notes regarding accounting policies and investments, is not included in this report and the retirement system and/or plan sponsor will be responsible for preparing and disclosing that information to comply with these accounting standards.

Financial Statements

GASB Statement No. 68 requires state or local governments to recognize the net pension liability and the pension expense on their financial statements. The net pension liability is the difference between the total pension liability and the plan's fiduciary net position. In traditional actuarial terms, this is analogous to the accrued liability less the market value of assets (not the smoothed actuarial value of assets that is often encountered in actuarial valuations performed to determine the employer's contribution requirement).

Paragraph 57 of GASB Statement No. 68 states, "Contributions to the pension plan from the employer subsequent to the measurement date of the collective net pension liability and before the end of the employer's reporting period should be reported as a deferred outflow of resources related to pensions." The information contained in this report does not incorporate any contributions made to the System subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2022.

The pension expense recognized each fiscal year is equal to the change in the net pension liability from the beginning of the year to the end of the year, adjusted for deferred recognition of the liability and investment experience.

Pension plans that prepare their own, stand-alone financial statements are required to present two financial statements – a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67. The statement of fiduciary net position presents the assets and liabilities of the pension plan at the end of the pension plan's reporting period. The statement of changes in fiduciary net position presents the additions, such as contributions and investment income, and deductions, such as benefit payments and expenses, and net increase or decrease in the fiduciary net position.

Notes to Financial Statements

GASB Statement No. 68 requires the notes of the employer's financial statements to disclose the total pension expense, the pension plan's liabilities and assets, and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions.

GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68 require the notes of the financial statements for the employers and pension plans to include certain additional information. The list of disclosure items should include:

- A description of benefits provided by the plan;
- The type of employees and number of members covered by the pension plan;
- A description of the plan's funding policy, which includes member and employer contribution requirements;
- The pension plan's investment policies;
- The pension plan's fiduciary net position and the net pension liability;
- The net pension liability using a discount rate that is 1% higher and 1% lower than used to calculate the total pension liability and net pension liability for financial reporting purposes;
- Significant assumptions and methods used to calculate the total pension liability;
- Inputs to the discount rates; and
- Certain information about mortality assumptions and the dates of experience studies.

Retirement systems that issue stand-alone financial statements are required to disclose additional information in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67. This information includes:

- The composition of the pension plan's Board and the authority under which benefit terms may be amended;
- A description of how fair value is determined;
- Information regarding certain reserves and investments, which include concentrations of investments greater than or equal to 5%, receivables, and insurance contracts excluded from plan assets; and
- Annual money-weighted rate of return.

Required Supplementary Information

GASB Statement No. 67 requires a 10-year fiscal history of:

- Sources of changes in the net pension liability;
- Information about the components of the net pension liability and related ratios, including the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability, and the net pension liability as a percent of covered payroll; and
- A comparison of the actual employer contributions to the actuarially determined contributions based on the plan's funding policy.

General Implications of Contribution Allocation Procedure or Funding Policy on Future Expected Plan Contributions and Funded Status

Given the plan's contribution allocation procedure, if all actuarial assumptions are met (including the assumption of the plan earning 6.75% on the actuarial value of assets), then the following outcomes are expected:

1. The employer normal cost as a percentage of pay is expected to remain level as a percentage of payroll.
2. The unfunded liability is expected to be paid off in approximately 30 years, which is the number of years remaining in the closed amortization schedule of the unfunded liability for December 31, 2022.
3. The funded status of the plan is expected to reach a 100% funded ratio in approximately 30 years, which is the number of years remaining in the closed amortization schedule of the unfunded liability for December 31, 2022.

This funding policy results in the expectation that the plan's assets will be able to fully pay for promised benefits through at least 2122. The projections in this report are strictly for the purpose of determining the GASB single discount rate and are different from a funding projection for the ongoing plan.

Timing of the Valuation

An actuarial valuation to determine the total pension liability is required to be performed at least every two years. The net pension liability and pension expense should be measured as of the pension plan's fiscal year end (measurement date) on a date that is within the employer's prior fiscal year. If the actuarial valuation used to determine the total pension liability is not calculated as of the measurement date, the total pension liability is required to be rolled forward from the actuarial valuation date to the measurement date.

The total pension liability shown in this report is based on an actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2022 and a measurement date of December 31, 2022.

Single Discount Rate

Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present values using a Single Discount Rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Bond Buyer Index) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 6.75%; the municipal bond rate is 4.05% (based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the "20-Bond GO Index" rate from the Bond Buyer Index, general obligation, 20 years to maturity, mixed quality); and the resulting Single Discount Rate is 6.75%.

Effective Date and Transition

GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68 became effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2013, and June 15, 2014, respectively.

SECTION B

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Pension Expense under GASB Statement No. 68
Measurement Date – December 31, 2022
Reporting Date – June 30, 2023

A. Expense

1. Service Cost	\$ 11,755,473
2. Interest on the Total Pension Liability	41,634,797
3. Current Period Benefit Changes	109,480
4. Employee Contributions (made negative for addition here)	(5,927,247)
5. Projected Earnings on Plan Investments (made negative for addition here)	(35,979,536)
6. Pension Plan Administrative Expense	622,188
7. Other Changes in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	52,798
8. Recognition of Outflow (Inflow) of Resources due to Liabilities	14,897,794
9. Recognition of Outflow (Inflow) of Resources due to Assets	9,114,527
10. Total Pension Expense	\$ 36,280,274

Statement of Outflows and Inflows Arising from the Current Reporting Period Measurement Date – December 31, 2022 Reporting Date – June 30, 2023

A. Outflows (Inflows) of Resources Due to Liabilities

1. Difference between expected and actual experience of the Total Pension Liability (gains) or losses	\$ 14,806,552
2. Assumption Changes (gains) or losses	\$ -
3. Recognition period for Liabilities: Average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees {in years}	4.0000
4. Outflow (Inflow) of Resources to be recognized in the current pension expense for the difference between expected and actual experience of the Total Pension Liability	\$ 3,701,638
5. Outflow (Inflow) of Resources to be recognized in the current pension expense for Assumption Changes	\$ -
6. Outflow (Inflow) of Resources to be recognized in the current pension expense due to Liabilities	\$ 3,701,638
7. Deferred Outflow (Inflow) of Resources to be recognized in future pension expenses for the difference between expected and actual experience of the Total Pension Liability	\$ 11,104,914
8. Deferred Outflow (Inflow) of Resources to be recognized in future pension expenses for Assumption Changes	\$ -
9. Deferred Outflow (Inflow) of Resources to be recognized in future pension expenses due to Liabilities	\$ 11,104,914

B. Outflows (Inflows) of Resources Due to Assets

1. Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments (gains) or losses	\$ 99,097,886
2. Recognition period for Assets {in years}	5.0000
3. Outflow (Inflow) of Resources to be recognized in the current pension expense due to Assets	\$ 19,819,577
4. Deferred Outflow (Inflow) of Resources to be recognized in future pension expenses due to Assets	\$ 79,278,309



Statement of Outflows and Inflows Arising from the Current and Prior Reporting Periods Measurement Date – December 31, 2022 Reporting Date – June 30, 2023

A. Outflows and Inflows of Resources due to Liabilities and Assets to be Recognized in Current Pension Expense

	Outflows of Resources	Inflows of Resources	Net Outflows of Resources
1. Due to Liabilities	\$ 14,897,794	\$ -	\$ 14,897,794
2. Due to Assets	30,744,088	21,629,561	9,114,527
3. Total	\$ 45,641,882	\$ 21,629,561	\$ 24,012,321

B. Outflows and Inflows of Resources by Source to be Recognized in Current Pension Expense

	Outflows of Resources	Inflows of Resources	Net Outflows of Resources
1. Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 6,813,224	\$ -	\$ 6,813,224
2. Assumption Changes	8,084,570	-	8,084,570
3. Net Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	30,744,088	21,629,561	9,114,527
4. Total	\$ 45,641,882	\$ 21,629,561	\$ 24,012,321

C. Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources by Source to be Recognized in Future Pension Expenses

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Net Deferred Outflows of Resources
1. Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 15,919,713	\$ -	\$ 15,919,713
2. Assumption Changes	13,402,223	-	13,402,223
3. Net Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	79,278,309	44,684,324	34,593,985
4. Total	\$ 108,600,245	\$ 44,684,324	\$ 63,915,921

D. Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources by Year to be Recognized in Future Pension Expenses

Year Ending June 30	Net Deferred Outflows of Resources
2024	\$ 12,457,129
2025	17,120,997
2026	14,518,217
2027	19,819,578
2028	-
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ 63,915,921



Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Measurement Date – December 31, 2022

Reporting Date – June 30, 2023

Year Established	Initial Amount	Initial Recognition Period	Current Year Recognition	Remaining Recognition	Remaining Recognition Period
Deferred Outflow (Inflow) due to Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience on Liabilities					
2019	\$ 4,658,725	4.1	\$ 113,629	\$ -	0.0
2020	2,068,208	4.0	517,052	0	0.0
2021	2,397,342	4.1	584,718	643,188	1.1
2022	7,963,985	4.2	1,896,187	4,171,611	2.2
2023	14,806,552	4.0	3,701,638	11,104,914	3.0
Total			6,813,224	15,919,713	
Deferred Outflow (Inflow) due to Assumption Changes					
2020	\$ -	4.0	\$ -	\$ -	0.0
2021	16,339,734	4.1	3,985,301	4,383,831	1.1
2022	17,216,930	4.2	4,099,269	9,018,392	2.2
2023	0	4.0	0	0	3.0
Total			8,084,570	13,402,223	
Deferred Outflow (Inflow) due to Differences Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Plan Investments					
2019	\$ 54,622,563	5.0	\$ 10,924,511	\$ -	0.0
2020	(43,884,445)	5.0	(8,776,889)	(8,776,889)	1.0
2021	(13,252,917)	5.0	(2,650,583)	(5,301,168)	2.0
2022	(51,010,445)	5.0	(10,202,089)	(30,606,267)	3.0
2023	99,097,886	5.0	19,819,577	79,278,309	4.0
Total			9,114,527	34,593,985	

According to paragraph 33 of GASB Statement No. 68, differences between expected and actual experience and changes in assumptions are recognized in pension expense using a systematic and rational method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees) determined as of the beginning of the measurement period.

At the beginning of the current measurement period, the expected remaining service lives of all active employees in the plan was approximately 4,991 years. Additionally, the total plan membership (active employees and inactive employees) was 1,233. As a result, the average of the expected remaining service lives for purposes of recognizing the applicable deferred outflows and inflows of resources established in the current measurement period is 4.0 years.

Additionally, differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments should be recognized in pension expense using a systematic and rational method over a closed five-year period. For this purpose, the deferred outflows and inflows of resources are recognized in the pension expense as a level dollar amount over the closed period identified above.

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position as of December 31, 2022

Assets

Cash and Deposits	\$	6,060,399
Receivables		
Accounts Receivable - Sale of Investments	\$	-
Accrued Interest and Other Dividends		602,143
Contributions		1,270,072
Accounts Receivable - Other		528,738
Total Receivables		<u>\$ 2,400,953</u>
Investments		
Fixed Income		129,371,351
Domestic Equities		161,252,786
International Equities		58,372,097
Real Estate		21,547,709
Other		81,807,775
Total Investments		<u>\$ 452,351,718</u>
Total Assets		\$ 460,813,070

Liabilities

Payables		
Accounts Payable	\$	848,334
Accrued Expenses		334,615
Other		-
Total Liabilities		<u>\$ 1,182,949</u>
Net Position Restricted for Pensions		\$ 459,630,121

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for Year Ended December 31, 2022

Additions

Contributions		
Employer	\$	13,124,901
Employee		5,927,247
Other		-
Total Contributions	\$	<u>19,052,148</u>
Investment Income		
Net Appreciation in Fair Value of Investments	\$	(68,195,651)
Interest and Dividends		6,151,710
Less Investment Expense		<u>(1,074,409)</u>
Net Investment Income	\$	<u>(63,118,350)</u>
Other	\$	-
Total Additions	\$	<u>(44,066,202)</u>

Deductions

Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Employee Contributions	\$	38,940,560
Pension Plan Administrative Expense		622,188
Other		<u>52,798</u>
Total Deductions	\$	<u>39,615,546</u>
Net Increase in Net Position	\$	<u>(83,681,748)</u>

Net Position Restricted for Pensions

Beginning of Year	\$	<u>543,311,869</u>
End of Year	\$	<u><u>459,630,121</u></u>

SECTION C

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in the Employers' Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Ultimately 10 Fiscal Years Will Be Displayed

Measurement Date - December 31,	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability									
Service Cost	\$ 11,755,473	\$ 10,109,359	\$ 9,269,719	\$ 9,071,101	\$ 8,780,168	\$ 8,723,494	\$ 8,588,314	\$ 7,482,069	\$ 7,794,219
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	41,634,797	40,340,298	38,670,466	37,279,003	35,724,491	34,356,315	32,676,161	29,375,231	28,440,421
Benefit Changes	109,480	-	-	-	-	-	114,084	-	-
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience Assumption/Method Changes	14,806,552	7,963,985	2,397,342	2,068,208	4,658,725	3,265,534	7,264,098	16,663,107	2,978,624
Benefit Payments	(37,260,216)	(31,391,289)	(29,880,788)	(27,511,480)	(27,117,475)	(24,794,055)	(29,338,856)	(32,070,933)	(21,079,038)
Refunds	(1,680,344)	(1,531,742)	(501,756)	(219,197)	(286,684)	(19,080)	(21,606)	(11,369)	(24,749)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	\$ 29,365,742	\$ 42,707,541	\$ 36,294,717	\$ 20,687,635	\$ 21,759,225	\$ 27,030,203	\$ 20,833,281	\$ 57,121,874	\$ 18,109,477
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	\$ 630,404,345	\$ 587,696,804	\$ 551,402,087	\$ 530,714,452	\$ 508,955,227	\$ 481,925,024	\$ 461,091,743	\$ 403,969,869	\$ 385,860,392
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 659,770,087	\$ 630,404,345	\$ 587,696,804	\$ 551,402,087	\$ 530,714,452	\$ 508,955,227	\$ 481,925,024	\$ 461,091,743	\$ 403,969,869
Plan Fiduciary Net Position									
Employer Contributions	\$ 13,124,901	\$ 11,660,533	\$ 10,716,480	\$ 9,672,074	\$ 9,421,305	\$ 8,911,489	\$ 7,166,351	\$ 5,630,297	\$ 6,331,848
Employee Contributions	5,927,247	5,930,546	5,379,200	5,832,668	5,313,127	5,114,841	4,929,842	4,557,165	4,563,692
Pension Plan Net Investment Income	(63,118,350)	83,738,143	44,596,181	71,134,823	(24,672,147)	53,740,592	25,712,942	(9,083,712)	29,390,902
Benefit Payments	(37,260,216)	(31,391,289)	(29,880,788)	(27,511,480)	(27,117,475)	(24,794,055)	(29,338,856)	(32,070,933)	(21,079,038)
Refunds	(1,680,344)	(1,531,742)	(501,756)	(219,197)	(286,684)	(19,080)	(21,606)	(11,369)	(24,749)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense	(622,188)	(550,780)	(576,813)	(592,306)	(602,512)	(580,690)	(542,277)	(581,364)	(523,607)
Other	(52,798)	(46,903)	(56,632)	(44,775)	(45,967)	-	-	-	(15,065)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(83,681,748)	67,808,508	29,675,872	58,271,807	(37,990,353)	42,373,097	7,906,396	(31,559,916)	18,643,983
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	543,311,869	475,503,361	445,827,489	387,555,682	425,546,035	383,172,938	375,266,542	406,826,458	388,182,475
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 459,630,121	\$ 543,311,869	\$ 475,503,361	\$ 445,827,489	\$ 387,555,682	\$ 425,546,035	\$ 383,172,938	\$ 375,266,542	\$ 406,826,458
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 200,139,966	\$ 87,092,476	\$ 112,193,443	\$ 105,574,598	\$ 143,158,770	\$ 83,409,192	\$ 98,752,086	\$ 85,825,201	\$ (2,856,589)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	69.67 %	86.18 %	80.91 %	80.85 %	73.03 %	83.61 %	79.51 %	81.39 %	100.71 %
Covered-Employee Payroll #	\$ 42,471,823	\$ 41,018,362	\$ 40,201,129	\$ 39,566,105	\$ 38,122,879	\$ 38,919,488	\$ 38,129,771	\$ 36,827,593	\$ 35,710,964
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	471.23 %	212.33 %	279.08 %	266.83 %	375.52 %	214.31 %	258.99 %	233.05 %	(8.00)%
Notes to Schedule:	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Reported rates of pay adjusted by gross-up factors to estimate covered payroll. Beginning with the fiscal year ending 2021, covered payroll was reported by the System.



Schedules of Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of the Employers' Net Pension Liability

Ultimately 10 Fiscal Years Will Be Displayed

FY Ending December 31,	Total Pension Liability	Plan Net Position	Net Pension Liability	Plan Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability	Covered Payroll#	Net Pension Liability as a % of Covered Payroll
2014	\$ 403,969,869	\$ 406,826,458	\$ (2,856,589)	100.71%	\$ 35,710,964	(8.00)%
2015	461,091,743	375,266,542	85,825,201	81.39%	36,827,593	233.05 %
2016	481,925,024	383,172,938	98,752,086	79.51%	38,129,771	258.99 %
2017	508,955,227	425,546,035	83,409,192	83.61%	38,919,488	214.31 %
2018	530,714,452	387,555,682	143,158,770	73.03%	38,122,879	375.52 %
2019	551,402,087	445,827,489	105,574,598	80.85%	39,566,105	266.83 %
2020	587,696,804	475,503,361	112,193,443	80.91%	40,201,129	279.08 %
2021	630,404,345	543,311,869	87,092,476	86.18%	41,018,362	212.33 %
2022	659,770,087	459,630,121	200,139,966	69.67%	42,471,823	471.23 %

Reported rates of pay adjusted by gross-up factors to estimate covered payroll. Beginning with the fiscal year ending 2021, covered payroll was reported by the System.

Schedule of Contributions

Ultimately 10 Fiscal Years Will Be Displayed

FY Ending December 31,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Contribution*	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll #	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2014	\$ 6,331,848	\$ 6,331,848	\$ -	\$ 35,710,964	17.73%
2015	5,630,297	5,630,297	0	36,827,593	15.29%
2016	7,166,351	7,166,351	0	38,129,771	18.79%
2017	8,911,489	8,911,489	0	38,919,488	22.90%
2018	9,421,305	9,421,305	0	38,122,879	24.71%
2019	9,672,074	9,672,074	0	39,566,105	24.45%
2020	10,716,480	10,716,480	0	40,201,129	26.66%
2021	11,660,533	11,660,533	0	41,018,362	28.43%
2022	13,124,901	13,124,901	0	42,471,823	30.90%

Reported rates of pay adjusted by gross-up factors to estimate covered payroll. Beginning with the fiscal year ending 2021, covered payroll was reported by the System.

* Actual contributions are based on covered payroll at the time of the contribution. Since it was reported to the actuary that the City's practice is to contribute the percent-of-payroll employer contribution rate shown in the actuarial valuation report, the annual required contributions shown in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are the actual contributions made by the City in the fiscal year.

Notes to Schedule of Contributions

Valuation Date: December 31, 2022

Notes: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, which is 18 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates for the Fiscal Year Beginning July 1, 2022:

Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period	Multiple periods (25 to 30 years as of December 31, 2020)
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	3.0% wage inflation, 2.25% price inflation
Salary Increases	3.00% to 20.00% including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	7.00% as of December 31, 2020
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	<p>Ad hoc “13th check” tied to plan investments for benefit recipients who do not have an automatic benefit increase.</p> <p>1.5% simple escalator for firefighters retired on or after July 1, 2007 with commencement delayed 2 years after retirement.</p> <p>1.5% simple escalator for Fire Chief retired on or after January 1, 2016 and Deputy Fire Chief retired on or after October 6, 2016 with commencement delayed 2 years after retirement.</p> <p>1.0% simple escalator for police command officer retired on or after February 19, 2010 with commencement delayed 5 years after retirement.</p> <p>1.0% simple escalator for police officers and sergeants retired on or after December 17, 2008 with commencement delayed 5 years after retirement.</p> <p>1.0% simple escalator for Police Chief and Deputy Police Chief retired on or after January 1, 2016 with commencement delayed 5 years after retirement.</p>
Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition.
Mortality	Pub-2010 Amount-Weighted, Public Safety, Male and Female tables, with a base year of 2010 and future mortality improvement projected using scale MP-2019 on a fully generational basis.

Other Information:

Notes



SECTION D

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The following table shows the long-term expected returns as of December 2022, as provided by the System's investment consultant, Wilshire Consulting.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Return*		
		10-Year	20-Year	30-Year
U.S. Equity	17.75%	6.50%	6.85%	7.20%
Non-U.S. Equity	17.75%	7.60%	7.74%	7.88%
Private Equity	5.00%	9.90%	10.09%	10.28%
Global Low Volatility Equity	10.00%	7.10%	7.35%	7.60%
Private Credit	5.00%	9.12%	8.71%	8.30%
Core Fixed Income	24.50%	4.90%	4.88%	4.85%
U.S. REITs	5.00%	5.65%	6.05%	6.45%
U.S. TIPS	5.00%	3.95%	4.18%	4.40%
Midstream Energy Infrastructure	5.00%	7.65%	7.94%	8.23%
Commodities	5.00%	6.25%	6.13%	6.00%
Total	100.00%	7.09%	7.22%	7.35%
<i>Inflation</i>		<i>2.25%</i>	<i>2.31%</i>	<i>2.38%</i>

**All return assumptions are geometric.*

The figures in the above table were supplied by the investment consultant. Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company does not provide investment advice

For more information, please see our most recent review of the investment of the investment return assumption performed in February 2023.

Single Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 6.75% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 6.75% as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher.

	One Percent Lower	Current Single Discount Rate Assumption	One Percent Higher
	5.75%	6.75%	7.75%
Total Pension Liability	\$ 741,793,647	\$ 659,770,087	\$ 592,331,369
Plan Net Position	459,630,121	459,630,121	459,630,121
Net Pension Liability	\$ 282,163,526	\$ 200,139,966	\$ 132,701,248

Summary of Population Statistics as of December 31, 2022

Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	788
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	16
Active Plan Members	<u>441</u>
Total Plan Members	1,245

SECTION E

SUMMARY OF BENEFITS

Summary of Benefit Provisions Evaluated December 31, 2022

Voluntary Retirement. Police members may retire after attaining age 50 and completing 10 years of service. Firefighter members are eligible for retirement after attaining age 55 with 10 or more years of service. Firefighter members may also retire at the age their service reaches the service credit limit.

Compulsory Retirement. None.

Final Average Salary (FAS). The average of member's highest annual salary rates during the three consecutive calendar years of credited service when such compensation rates are the highest increased by the applicable FAS Adjustment Factor 15.9% for Police members for the period January 1, 2022 to June 30, 2022, and 17.6% for Police members for the period July 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022, 13.6% for Firefighter members for the period January 1, 2022 to June 30, 2022, and 15.7% for Firefighter members for the period July 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022. The FAS Adjustment Factor for Non-Represented members (Fire Chief, Deputy Fire Chief, Police Chief, and Deputy Police Chiefs) is based upon the ratio of years of service while in a collective bargaining unit to total years of service. (Highest salary rates that occur in calendar years after the calendar year in which the member reaches their service credit limit will not be included in the FAS).

Benefit Multiplier Description. See page 20.

Benefit Multiplier. The member’s benefit multiplier, used to compute full age and service allowance, is defined in the following table:

Benefit Multipliers and Allowance Caps for Member Groups

<i>Covered Group</i>	<i>Date of Hire</i>	<i>Benefit Multiplier</i>	<i>Allowance Cap</i>
Firefighters	Prior to July 1, 1992	2.5%	100%
	-or-		
	Prior to July 1, 1992	2.8%	94.5%
	July 1, 1992 to January 9, 2012	2.8%	90%
	January 10, 2012 or after	2.0%*	90%
Fire Chief or Deputy Fire Chief	At any time (must be member of System at time of hire)	2.8%	94.5%
Police Command	Prior to July 1, 2001	2.8%	100%
	July 1, 2001 to December 19, 2011	2.8%	80%
	December 20, 2011 or after	2.0% [@]	80%
Police Chief or Deputy Police Chief	At any time (must be member of System at time of hire)	2.8%	100%
Police Officers and Sergeants	Before March 9, 1995	2.8%	100%
	March 9, 1995 to June 30, 2001	2.8%	87.5%
	July 1, 2001 to December 19, 2011	2.8%	80%
	December 20, 2011 or after	2.0% [#]	80%

* Firefighter members hired between January 10, 2012 and August 13, 2019 will have a 2.0% multiplier for the first five years of employment, but may choose one of the higher multipliers (2.2%, 2.4%, 2.6%, or 2.8%) and have this multiplier take effect as early as six months after their date of hire by making additional member contributions. Firefighter members hired after August 13, 2019 may select one of the higher multipliers listed above beginning at six months of service and until the member’s five-year anniversary, but their election will not be retroactive.

[@] Police Command members hired on or after December 20, 2011 will have a 2.0% multiplier for the first five years of employment. Members may then irrevocably elect that multiplier, or, by making higher member contributions, elect a higher multiplier for all future service (2.2%, 2.4%, 2.6%, or 2.8%). Police Command members promoted from the Police Officers and Sergeants unit retain their multiplier election.

[#] Police Officer and Sergeant members hired between December 20, 2011 and August 31, 2019 will have a 2.0% multiplier for the first five years of employment, but may choose one of the higher multipliers (2.2%, 2.4%, 2.6%, or 2.8%) and have this multiplier take effect as early as six months after their date of hire by making additional member contributions. Police Officer members hired on or after September 1, 2019 must make their multiplier election no later than six months following their date of hire and the election will be effective as of the member’s six-month employment anniversary.



Full Age and Service Allowance. Allowance, payable monthly for life to the retired member, equals the member's benefit multiplier times the member's FAS times years of credited service. In lieu of this single life-level amount form of payment, a retiring member may elect from a variety of optional forms of payment, each of which is the actuarial equivalent (same lump sum value at time of retirement) of the single life-level payment form.

Deferred Allowance. A member with 10 or more years of service who leaves covered employment before retirement is eligible to receive an allowance computed in the same manner as an age and service allowance but based upon the member's employment record to the time of leaving. Such deferred allowance commences the first day of the calendar month next following the later of the date of the member's attainment of age 50 or the date when written application therefore is received by the Board. Benefits may be actuarially reduced in accordance with the Early Retirement provision if applicable.

Early Allowance. A Firefighter member who leaves covered employment after both attaining age 50 and completing 10 years of service is eligible to receive an immediate early allowance (in lieu of a deferred allowance), computed in the same manner as a deferred allowance based upon the member's employment record to the time of early retirement, but actuarially reduced (per schedule in ordinance) to reflect the fact that the age when payments begin is younger than age 55.

Duty Disability Allowance. A member who becomes totally and permanently disabled from duty-connected causes is eligible to receive, subject to offsets, a duty disability allowance computed in the same manner as a full age and service allowance based upon the member's employment record to the time of disability with a minimum allowance before offset of 72% of FAS. The maximum allowance after offsets is 90% of final salary less amounts received from (i) Worker's Compensation, (ii) gainful employment as a law enforcement officer or firefighter, and (iii) Social Security disability income.

Non-Duty Disability Allowance. A member with 1 or more years of credited service and who has not attained the minimum service retirement age, who becomes totally and permanently disabled from other than duty-connected causes is eligible to receive a non-duty disability allowance computed in the same manner as a full age and service allowance, based upon the member's employment record to the time of disability. Minimum benefit for Police Officers is 48% of FAS if credited service is less than 20 years or 60% of FAS if credited service is 20 or more years. Minimum benefit for Police Command Officers is based on the earlier of (i) the date the member would have completed 20 (if credited service is less than 20 years) or 25 years of service (if credited service is 20 or more years) or (ii) the date the member would have reached 50 years of age. Minimum benefit for Firefighters is based on the earlier of (i) the date the member would have completed 20 (if credited service is less than 20 years) or 25 years of service (if credited service is 20 or more years) or (ii) the date the member would have reached 55 years of age. For Fire members hired on or after July 1, 2016 or any Police members, until a member reaches the Pension System vesting requirement of 10 years of service, the benefit the member is entitled to is 50% for service years 1-5, then an additional 10% of the above formula for every year of service accrued in the System (e.g., 1-5 years of service = 50% of Non-Duty Disability Allowance, 6 years = 60%, ..., 10 years = 100%).

Death-in-Service Benefits. Upon the death of a member, surviving dependents are eligible to receive the following benefits, subject to offsets for Worker's Compensation and Social Security.

- (a) The widow receives an allowance equal to the Option B-100 allowance (joint and 100% survivor actuarial equivalent benefit) which would have been payable to her had the deceased member retired the day preceding the date of his death and elected Option B-100. The minimum allowance payable to the widow is 20% of the member's FAS. If the death was determined to be duty-related, the minimum allowance payable to the widow is 72% of the member's final average salary (60% for Command or Firefighters hired after June 30, 1992).
- (b) Dependent children under age 18 (up to age 23 if they are continuous full-time students) each are eligible to receive an allowance of 15% of the member's FAS. If there are four or more dependent children, each child receives an equal share of 50% of the member's FAS.
- (c) If there are neither a widow nor children, each dependent parent is eligible to receive an allowance equal to 15% of FAS.

Compensation. Compensation upon which members contribute includes base pay, longevity pay, educational increment and vacation pay, plus the following additional compensation items:

Firefighters: Overtime pay (assumed to be 4.2% for calendar years before 2010 and actual overtime in 2010 and later), holiday pay, clothing allowance, acting assignment pay, shop pay and shift pay. For Firefighters retiring after January 1, 2012 up to six (6) days of unused vacation time may be converted to compensation. Effective January 9, 2019, certain Firefighters may convert additional vacation hours to equate to the same vacation accrual payment as fire members assigned to fire suppression at the same rank.

Police Officers and Police Command Officers: Overtime pay, comp. payoff, holiday pay, clothing allowance, acting assignment, witness fees and shift pay.

The average of the additional compensation items is used to annually adjust the FAS Adjustment Factor. In addition, compensation will not include any amount that would cause the System to be in violation of IRC Sections 401(a) (17) or 415(d).

Member Contributions. Effective July 1, 2013, member contribution rates shall be payable in accordance with the following table.

System Funding Represented as a Percentage of Valuation Assets to Actuarial Accrued Liabilities	Firefighters Hired Before Jan. 10, 2012	Firefighters Hired After Jan. 10, 2012	Police Officers & Sergeants Hired Before Dec. 20, 2011	Police Officers & Sergeants Hired After Dec. 20, 2011	Police Command Officers
Below 100%	10.70%	7.70%	9.86%	6.86%	10.89%
100% - 104.999%	9.70%	6.70%	8.86%	5.86%	9.89%
105% - 109.999%	8.70%	5.70%	7.86%	4.86%	8.89%
110% - 114.999%	7.70%	4.70%	6.86%	3.86%	7.89%
115% - 119.999%	6.70%	4.70%	5.86%	2.86%	6.89%
120% - 124.999%	6.70%	4.70%	5.20%	2.20%	6.06%
125% - 129.999%	6.70%	4.70%	4.54%	1.54%	5.23%
130% - 134.999%	6.70%	4.70%	3.88%	0.88%	4.40%
135+%	6.70%	4.70%	3.22%	0.22%	3.57%

The member contribution rates used for the December 31, 2022 valuation were 10.70% (Firefighters hired before January 10, 2012), 7.70% (effective October 16, 2022 for Firefighters hired after January 10, 2012), 9.86% (Police Officers and Sergeants hired before December 20, 2011), 6.86% (effective November 27, 2022 for Police Officers and Sergeants hired after December 20, 2011), 10.89% (Police Command Officers) and 10.20% (Police Chief, Deputy Police Chiefs, Fire Chief and Deputy Fire Chief).

Members may elect their benefit multiplier/employee contributions based on the following:

- Firefighter members hired between January 10, 2012 and August 13, 2019 will have a 2.0% multiplier for the first five years of employment, but may choose one of the higher multipliers (2.2%, 2.4%, 2.6%, or 2.8%) and have this multiplier take effect as early as six months after their date of hire by making additional member contributions. Firefighter members hired after August 13, 2019 may select one of the higher multipliers listed above beginning at six months of service and until the member’s five-year anniversary, but their election will not be retroactive.
- Police Command members hired on or after December 20, 2011 will have a 2.0% multiplier for the first five years of employment. Members may then irrevocably elect that multiplier, or, by making higher member contributions, elect a higher multiplier for all future service (2.2%, 2.4%, 2.6%, or 2.8%). Police Command members promoted from the Police Officers and Sergeants unit retain their multiplier election.
- Police Officer and Sergeant members hired between December 20, 2011 and August 31, 2019 will have a 2.0% multiplier for the first five years of employment, but may choose one of the higher multipliers (2.2%, 2.4%, 2.6%, or 2.8%) and have this multiplier take effect as early as six months after their date of hire by making additional member contributions. Police Officer members hired on or after September 1, 2019 must make their multiplier election no later than six months following their date of hire and the election will be effective as of the member’s six-month employment anniversary.



The additional member contributions for the multiplier elections are as follows:

Multiplier for Future Service	Firefighters	Police Officers & Sergeants / Police Command Officers
2.0%	0.00%	0.00%
2.2%	1.34%	1.38%
2.4%	2.74%	2.79%
2.6%	4.18%	4.23%
2.8%	5.67%	5.68%

If a member terminates employment before any allowance is payable, accumulated contributions (contributions plus regular interest) are refunded.

Employer Contributions. The City contributes the remainder amounts necessary to maintain the Retirement System in sound financial condition in accordance with its funding objectives.

Automatic Post-Retirement Benefit Increases. Post-retirement benefit increases are paid to eligible groups as described in the following table.

	Firefighters	Deputy Fire Chief	Fire Chief	Police Officers and Sergeants	Police Command Officers	Police Chief and Deputy Police Chief
Effective date	Retired on or after July 1, 2007	Retired on or after October 6, 2016	Retired on or after January 1, 2016	Retired on or after December 17, 2008	Retired on or after February 19, 2010	Retired on or after January 1, 2016
Amount of increase	1.5% of original benefit	1.5% of original benefit	1.5% of original benefit	1.0% of original benefit	1.0% of original benefit	1.0% of original benefit
First increase to occur	2 years after retirement	2 years after retirement	2 years after retirement	5 years after retirement	5 years after retirement	5 years after retirement

The increase is paid on January or July following the end of the delay period. Benefit recipients who are eligible for the automatic post-retirement increase do not participate in the 13th check program.

13th Check. For members not eligible for automatic post-retirement increases, one-half of net investment income over 8% which is attributable to retired life assets is distributed annually (in January) to retired members and beneficiaries who have been on the retirement rolls for five years in the form of a 13th check. Net investment income is based on a market value rate of return averaged over the preceding five plan years. The distribution is in proportion to points. An individual's points are determined by multiplying (i) the number of full years of retirement, to a maximum of 15, by (ii) the number of years, and fractions thereof, of service at retirement. Subsequent to the calculations above, the benefit so calculated for Chief of Police, Deputy Chief,



Police Command Officers, Police Officers and Sergeants, Fire Service, and beneficiaries having had at least 10 years of service under either bargaining unit shall be increased by 20 percent.

Key Employee Incentive Program (KEIP). Participation is open to any employee of the City of Grand Rapids Police and Fire Retirement System who attains service retirement eligibility and maintains a minimum leave accrual balance of 100 hours. A regular retirement benefit is computed for the member as of his KEIP election date based upon Final Average Compensation (FAC), credited service and benefit multiplier as of this date. Monthly payments equal to 75% of the computed monthly benefit are deposited into the KEIP Reserve Account (KRA) on behalf of this member. Interest is credited monthly to this balance in the KRA at the rate of 3%, compounded annually. Employer and member contributions shall cease as of the member's KEIP election date. The members may remain in the KEIP for up to five years and then must cease participation in the KEIP. The member's monthly benefit at retirement will be the original monthly payment determined at the KEIP election date plus any applicable post-retirement benefit increases.

Eligibility. The Plan is closed to individuals hired from outside of the organization to fill the position of Fire Chief, Deputy Fire Chief, Police Chief or Deputy Police Chief.

SECTION F

ACTUARIAL COST METHOD AND ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

Valuation Methods

Normal cost and the allocation of benefit values between service rendered before and after the valuation date was determined using the individual entry-age actuarial cost method having the following characteristics:

- (i) The annual normal costs for each individual active member, payable from the date of employment to the date of retirement, are sufficient to accumulate the value of the portion of the member's benefit at the time of retirement; and
- (ii) Each annual normal cost is a constant percentage of the member's year-by-year projected covered pay.

Financing of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities. Unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities arising in a given year are amortized over a closed 30-year period. Detail can be found on page A-17 of the December 31, 2021 valuation report.

Valuation Asset Method. **Valuation Assets** were determined using a method which phases in each year's differences between actual and assumed investment return over a closed five-year period. For GASB reporting purposes, the market value of assets is used.

Actuarial Assumptions Used for the Valuation Adopted by the Board of Trustees

The actuary calculates contribution requirements and actuarial present values of the System by applying assumptions to the benefit provisions and census data information furnished, using the valuation methods described on the previous page.

The principal areas of financial risk which require assumptions about future experiences are:

- (i) Long-term rates of investment return to be generated by the assets of the System,
- (ii) Patterns of pay increases to members,
- (iii) Rates of mortality among members, retirants and beneficiaries,
- (iv) Rates of withdrawal of active members,
- (v) Rates of disability among members, and
- (vi) The age patterns of actual retirement.

In a valuation, the actuary calculates the monetary effect of each assumption for as long as a present covered person survives - - - a period of time which can be as long as a century.

Actual experience will not coincide exactly with assumed experience, regardless of the wisdom of the assumptions, or the skill of the actuary and the precision of the many calculations made. Each valuation provides a complete recalculation of assumed future experience and takes into account all past differences between assumed and actual experience. The result is a continual series of adjustments (usually small) to the computed contribution rate.

From time to time it becomes appropriate to modify one or more of the assumptions, to reflect experience trends (but not random year-to-year fluctuations).

The assumptions are established by the Board after consulting with the actuary. Updated assumptions were adopted for the December 31, 2020 valuation pursuant to the Experience Study dated July 27, 2020. All assumptions are based on future expectations, not market measures. The investment return assumption was updated for the December 31, 2021 valuation.

The rates of salary increase used for individual members are in accordance with the following table. This assumption is used to project a member's current salary to the salaries upon which benefit amounts will be based.

Service at Beginning of Year	Salary Increase Assumptions For an Individual Member		
	Merit & Seniority	Base (Economic)	Increase Next Year
1	17.00%	3.00%	20.00%
2	7.00	3.00	10.00
3	6.00	3.00	9.00
4	5.00	3.00	8.00
5	4.00	3.00	7.00
6 and over	1.00	3.00	4.00

These rates were first used for the December 31, 2020 valuation.

If the number of active members remains constant, then the total active member payroll will increase 3.0% annually, the base portion of the individual salary increase assumptions. This increasing payroll was recognized in amortizing unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities. Note that the 3.0% wage inflation assumption consists of 2.25% for price inflation and 0.75% for real wage growth.

The rate of investment return was 6.75% a year compounded yearly (net after expenses). This assumption is used to make money payable at one point in time equal in value to a different amount of money payable at another point in time. This assumption was first used for the December 31, 2021 valuation.

The assumed real return for funding purposes is the rate of return in excess of average salary increases.

The mortality tables

- **Healthy Pre-Retirement:** The Pub-2010 Amount-Weighted, Public Safety, Employee, Male and Female tables, with a base year of 2010 and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2019 on a fully generational basis.
- **Healthy Post-Retirement:** The Pub-2010 Amount-Weighted, Public Safety, Healthy Retiree, Male and Female tables, with a base year of 2010 and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2019 on a fully generational basis.
- **Disability Retirement:** The Pub-2010 Amount-Weighted, Public Safety, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female, with a base year of 2010 and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2019 on a fully generational basis.

The following sample rates are based on the Healthy Post-Retirement tables:

Sample Ages in 2022	Value at Retirement of \$1 Monthly for Life		Future Life Expectancy (Years)*	
	Men	Women	Men	Women
50	\$159.56	\$161.95	35.76	37.77
55	151.41	154.47	30.69	32.65
60	141.07	145.20	25.79	27.73
65	128.56	133.93	21.17	23.07
70	113.68	120.19	16.86	18.66
75	96.48	103.96	12.91	14.56
80	77.89	86.14	9.47	10.94

* Applicable to the year ended December 31, 2022. Life expectancy in future years is based on the MP-2019 projection scale.

These rates were first used for the December 31, 2020 valuation.

The rates of retirement used to measure the probability of eligible members retiring during the next year were as follows:

Retirement		Retirement	
Ages	Percent	Ages	Percent
50	30%	60	50%
51	30%	61	60%
52	30%	62	70%
53	30%	63	80%
54	30%	64	90%
55	35%	65	100%
56	35%		
57	35%		
58	35%		
59	35%		

A Police member is eligible for retirement after both attaining age 50 and completing 10 or more years of service. Fire members are eligible after attaining age 55 with 10 or more years of service or at the age their service reaches the service credit limit. A 100% decrement pattern is applied to Firefighters once achieving 34 years of service regardless of age.

These rates were first used for the December 31, 2020 valuation.



Rates of separation from active membership were as follows:

(Rates do not apply to members eligible to retire and do not include separation on account of death or disability.) This assumption measures the probabilities of members remaining in employment. These rates were first used for the December 31, 2020 valuation.

Sample Ages	% of Active Members Separating Within Next Year	
	Police	Fire
25	3.45%	2.07%
30	2.85	1.71
35	1.95	1.17
40	1.35	0.81
45	1.05	0.63
50	0.90	0.54
55	0.90	0.54
60	0.90	0.54

The rates of disability were as follows:

Sample Ages	% of Active Members Becoming Disabled Within Next Year	
	Police	Fire
20	0.12%	0.12%
25	0.12	0.12
30	0.12	0.12
35	0.27	0.27
40	0.59	0.59
45	1.05	1.05
50	1.68	1.68
55	2.51	2.51

		Duty Related	Non-Duty Related
Cause of Disability:	Male	75%	25%
	Female	75%	25%

These rates were first used for the December 31, 2015 valuation.



Summary of Assumptions Used

December 31, 2022

Miscellaneous and Technical Assumptions

Marriage Assumption. 90% of males and 90% of females are assumed to be married for purposes of death-in-service benefits.

Pay Increase Timing. Beginning of (Fiscal) year. Reported pays represent amounts paid to members during the year ended on the valuation date.

Decrement Timing. Decrements of all types are assumed to occur mid-year.

Eligibility Testing. Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest birthday and service nearest whole year on the date the decrement is assumed to occur.

Benefit Service. Exact fractional service is used to determine the amount of benefit payable.

Decrement Relativity. Decrement rates are used directly from the experience study, without adjustment for multiple decrement table effects.

Liability Adjustments. Retirement present values were increased by 17.6% and 15.7% for police and fire, respectively, to account for the FAS Adjustment Factor.

13th Check. A 7.5% load was placed on affected liabilities for members eligible to participate in the 13th Check program.

Service Purchase. An \$3.9 million liability was applied for the liability for service purchases.

Normal Form of Benefit. The assumed normal form of benefit is the straight life form.

Incidence of Contributions. Contributions are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based upon the computed percent of payroll shown in this report, and the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made. New entrant normal cost contributions are applied to the funding of new entrant benefits.

New Benefit Multiplier. Benefits for new hires will be modeled using the 2.8% benefit multiplier for all future years of service until such time that they elect another benefit multiplier.

SECTION G

CALCULATION OF THE SINGLE DISCOUNT RATE

Calculation of the Single Discount Rate

GASB Statement No. 67 includes a specific requirement for the discount rate that is used for the purpose of the measurement of the Total Pension Liability. This rate considers the ability of the fund to meet benefit obligations in the future. To make this determination, employer contributions, employee contributions, benefit payments, expenses and investment returns are projected into the future. The Plan Net Position (assets) in future years can then be determined and compared to its obligation to make benefit payments in those years. As long as assets are projected to be on hand in a future year, the assumed valuation discount rate is used. In years where assets are not projected to be sufficient to meet benefit payments, the use of a “risk-free” rate is required, as described in the following paragraph.

The *Single Discount Rate* (SDR) is equivalent to applying these two rates to the benefits that are projected to be paid during the different time periods. The SDR reflects (1) the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 6.75%; the municipal bond rate is 4.05%; and the resulting single discount rate is 6.75%.

The tables in this section provide background for the development of the single discount rate. Note that these projections are specifically used to determine the GASB SDR and should not be interpreted as a funding projection or recommendation.

The **Projection of Contributions** table shows the development of expected contributions in future years. Normal Cost contributions for future hires are not included (nor are their liabilities).

The **Projection of Plan Fiduciary Net Position** table shows the development of expected asset levels in future years.

The **Present Values of Projected Benefit Payments** table shows the development of the Single Discount Rate. It breaks down the benefit payments into present values for funded and unfunded portions and shows the equivalent total at the SDR.

Single Discount Rate Development Projection of Contributions

Year	Contributions from Current		Administrative		Total Contributions
	Employees	Normal Cost	Expense Contributions	UAL Contributions	
2023	\$ 5,534,642	\$ 6,045,359	\$ -	\$ 10,597,002	\$22,177,003
2024	5,451,305	5,968,815	-	11,160,742	22,580,862
2025	5,313,480	5,842,036	-	11,974,397	23,129,912
2026	5,174,455	5,712,181	-	13,683,112	24,569,748
2027	5,027,855	5,571,219	-	13,979,317	24,578,391
2028	4,855,270	5,403,168	-	14,300,147	24,558,584
2029	4,692,454	5,242,917	-	14,661,264	24,596,635
2030	4,569,108	5,118,682	-	15,054,000	24,741,790
2031	4,472,763	5,015,028	-	15,505,620	24,993,412
2032	4,375,242	4,896,111	-	15,970,789	25,242,142
2033	4,254,048	4,747,935	-	16,449,912	25,451,896
2034	4,130,440	4,596,052	-	16,943,410	25,669,902
2035	4,000,522	4,428,881	-	17,451,712	25,881,115
2036	3,857,282	4,236,651	-	17,975,263	26,069,197
2037	3,701,998	4,023,152	-	18,514,521	26,239,671
2038	3,527,245	3,795,173	-	19,069,957	26,392,375
2039	3,362,361	3,583,459	-	19,642,056	26,587,876
2040	3,184,144	3,358,653	-	20,231,317	26,774,114
2041	2,961,631	3,089,895	-	20,838,257	26,889,783
2042	2,709,748	2,793,071	-	21,463,404	26,966,224
2043	2,441,460	2,489,403	-	22,107,307	27,038,169
2044	2,118,303	2,145,645	-	22,770,526	27,034,474
2045	1,778,654	1,783,125	-	23,453,642	27,015,421
2046	1,503,547	1,481,991	-	13,971,973	16,957,512
2047	1,256,899	1,219,622	-	13,893,617	16,370,137
2048	1,015,267	973,412	-	13,770,418	15,759,098
2049	787,549	745,635	-	11,929,161	13,462,345
2050	579,222	540,471	-	11,225,191	12,344,885
2051	414,595	381,131	-	9,498,462	10,294,187
2052	297,337	270,335	-	3,073,293	3,640,965
2053	204,133	184,268	-	-	388,402
2054	130,220	115,928	-	-	246,148
2055	81,266	70,860	-	-	152,126
2056	48,585	41,186	-	-	89,771
2057	26,219	21,127	-	-	47,346
2058	16,054	12,764	-	-	28,818
2059	9,472	7,404	-	-	16,877
2060	5,371	4,120	-	-	9,491
2061	2,872	2,121	-	-	4,993
2062	1,413	1,010	-	-	2,423
2063	584	401	-	-	985
2064	198	140	-	-	338
2065	52	30	-	-	81
2066	9	3	-	-	12
2067	1	-	-	-	1
2068	-	-	-	-	-
2069	-	-	-	-	-
2070	-	-	-	-	-
2071	-	-	-	-	-
2072	-	-	-	-	-



Single Discount Rate Development

Projection of Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Year	Projected Beginning Plan Net Position	Projected Total Contributions	Projected Benefit Payments	Projected Administrative Expenses	Projected Investment Earnings at 6.75%	Projected Ending Plan Net Position
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)=(a)+(b)-(c)-(d)+(e)
2023	\$ 459,630,121	\$ 22,177,003	\$ 39,728,143	\$ 643,482	\$ 31,085,837	\$ 472,521,336
2024	472,521,336	22,580,862	41,095,224	661,530	31,942,063	485,287,507
2025	485,287,507	23,129,912	42,629,231	679,403	32,788,953	497,897,739
2026	497,897,739	24,569,748	44,185,547	697,057	33,653,931	511,238,814
2027	511,238,814	24,578,391	45,790,917	715,734	34,520,121	523,830,675
2028	523,830,675	24,558,584	47,592,742	733,363	35,327,224	535,390,378
2029	535,390,378	24,596,635	48,684,516	749,547	36,088,706	546,641,657
2030	546,641,657	24,741,790	49,712,792	765,298	36,834,600	557,739,956
2031	557,739,956	24,993,412	50,664,107	780,836	37,576,044	568,864,468
2032	568,864,468	25,242,142	51,497,951	796,410	38,323,097	580,135,347
2033	580,135,347	25,451,896	52,363,944	812,189	39,077,875	591,488,984
2034	591,488,984	25,669,902	52,885,682	828,085	39,850,057	603,295,176
2035	603,295,176	25,881,115	53,756,634	844,613	40,641,601	615,216,644
2036	615,216,644	26,069,197	54,491,298	861,303	41,444,844	627,378,083
2037	627,378,083	26,239,671	55,492,934	878,329	42,255,173	639,501,664
2038	639,501,664	26,392,375	56,140,445	895,302	43,074,061	651,932,353
2039	651,932,353	26,587,876	56,953,519	912,705	43,910,033	664,564,036
2040	664,564,036	26,774,114	57,887,348	930,390	44,755,536	677,275,949
2041	677,275,949	26,889,783	59,075,190	948,186	45,595,792	689,738,149
2042	689,738,149	26,966,224	60,285,988	965,633	46,416,778	701,869,529
2043	701,869,529	27,038,169	61,750,454	982,617	47,206,400	713,381,027
2044	713,381,027	27,034,474	63,744,481	998,733	47,933,220	723,605,507
2045	723,605,507	27,015,421	65,179,493	1,013,048	48,589,414	733,017,801
2046	733,017,801	16,957,512	66,192,648	1,026,225	48,870,373	731,626,813
2047	731,626,813	16,370,137	67,218,494	1,024,278	48,720,977	728,475,157
2048	728,475,157	15,759,098	68,074,205	1,019,865	48,455,133	723,595,318
2049	723,595,318	13,462,345	68,919,909	1,013,033	48,014,586	715,139,307
2050	715,139,307	12,344,885	69,269,455	1,001,195	47,383,264	704,596,807
2051	704,596,807	10,294,187	68,822,117	986,436	46,603,656	691,686,097
2052	691,686,097	3,640,965	68,200,093	968,361	45,513,879	671,672,488
2053	671,672,488	388,402	67,335,377	940,341	44,055,667	647,840,839
2054	647,840,839	246,148	66,219,966	906,977	42,445,975	623,406,019
2055	623,406,019	152,126	64,619,084	872,768	40,812,442	598,878,735
2056	598,878,735	89,771	63,231,718	838,430	39,166,501	574,064,859
2057	574,064,859	47,346	61,430,454	803,691	37,515,216	549,393,275
2058	549,393,275	28,818	59,684,895	769,151	35,872,680	524,840,727
2059	524,840,727	16,877	57,873,129	734,777	34,240,761	500,490,459
2060	500,490,459	9,491	56,016,473	700,687	32,624,422	476,407,212
2061	476,407,212	4,993	54,110,888	666,970	31,028,200	452,662,547
2062	452,662,547	2,423	52,174,846	633,728	29,456,382	429,312,778
2063	429,312,778	985	50,210,116	601,038	27,912,762	406,415,371
2064	406,415,371	338	48,231,068	568,982	26,400,811	384,016,471
2065	384,016,471	81	46,247,963	537,623	24,923,355	362,154,322
2066	362,154,322	12	44,269,672	507,016	23,482,728	340,860,373
2067	340,860,373	1	42,304,425	477,205	22,080,819	320,159,563
2068	320,159,563	-	40,359,815	448,223	20,719,092	300,070,616
2069	300,070,616	-	38,442,562	420,099	19,398,614	280,606,570
2070	280,606,570	-	36,558,290	392,849	18,120,097	261,775,527
2071	261,775,527	-	34,711,112	366,486	16,883,963	243,581,893
2072	243,581,893	-	32,903,555	341,015	15,690,430	226,027,752



Single Discount Rate Development

Present Values of Projected Benefit Payments

Year	Projected Beginning Plan Net Position	Projected Benefit Payments	Funded Portion of Benefit Payments	Unfunded Portion of Benefit Payments	Present Value of Funded Benefit Payments using Expected Return Rate (v)	Present Value of Unfunded Benefit Payments using Municipal Bond Rate (vf)	Present Value of Benefit Payments using Single Discount Rate (sdr)
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)=(d)*v ^a ((a)-.5)	(g)=(e)*vf ^a ((a)-.5)	(h)=(c)/(1+sdr) ^a ((a)-.5)
2023	\$ 459,630,121	\$ 39,728,143	\$ 39,728,143	\$ -	\$ 38,451,591	\$ -	\$ 38,451,591
2024	472,521,336	41,095,224	41,095,224	-	37,259,715	-	37,259,715
2025	485,287,507	42,629,231	42,629,231	-	36,206,603	-	36,206,603
2026	497,897,739	44,185,547	44,185,547	-	35,155,449	-	35,155,449
2027	511,238,814	45,790,917	45,790,917	-	34,129,024	-	34,129,024
2028	523,830,675	47,592,742	47,592,742	-	33,229,007	-	33,229,007
2029	535,390,378	48,684,516	48,684,516	-	31,841,947	-	31,841,947
2030	546,641,657	49,712,792	49,712,792	-	30,458,536	-	30,458,536
2031	557,739,956	50,664,107	50,664,107	-	29,078,593	-	29,078,593
2032	568,864,468	51,497,951	51,497,951	-	27,688,221	-	27,688,221
2033	580,135,347	52,363,944	52,363,944	-	26,373,609	-	26,373,609
2034	591,488,984	52,885,682	52,885,682	-	24,952,120	-	24,952,120
2035	603,295,176	53,756,634	53,756,634	-	23,759,293	-	23,759,293
2036	615,216,644	54,491,298	54,491,298	-	22,561,124	-	22,561,124
2037	627,378,083	55,492,934	55,492,934	-	21,523,028	-	21,523,028
2038	639,501,664	56,140,445	56,140,445	-	20,397,345	-	20,397,345
2039	651,932,353	56,953,519	56,953,519	-	19,384,316	-	19,384,316
2040	664,564,036	57,887,348	57,887,348	-	18,456,345	-	18,456,345
2041	677,275,949	59,075,190	59,075,190	-	17,644,090	-	17,644,090
2042	689,738,149	60,285,988	60,285,988	-	16,867,187	-	16,867,187
2043	701,869,529	61,750,454	61,750,454	-	16,184,472	-	16,184,472
2044	713,381,027	63,744,481	63,744,481	-	15,650,676	-	15,650,676
2045	723,605,507	65,179,493	65,179,493	-	14,991,103	-	14,991,103
2046	733,017,801	66,192,648	66,192,648	-	14,261,476	-	14,261,476
2047	731,626,813	67,218,494	67,218,494	-	13,566,744	-	13,566,744
2048	728,475,157	68,074,205	68,074,205	-	12,870,682	-	12,870,682
2049	723,595,318	68,919,909	68,919,909	-	12,206,630	-	12,206,630
2050	715,139,307	69,269,455	69,269,455	-	11,492,777	-	11,492,777
2051	704,596,807	68,822,117	68,822,117	-	10,696,541	-	10,696,541
2052	691,686,097	68,200,093	68,200,093	-	9,929,615	-	9,929,615
2053	671,672,488	67,335,377	67,335,377	-	9,183,809	-	9,183,809
2054	647,840,839	66,219,966	66,219,966	-	8,460,589	-	8,460,589
2055	623,406,019	64,619,084	64,619,084	-	7,734,007	-	7,734,007
2056	598,878,735	63,231,718	63,231,718	-	7,089,423	-	7,089,423
2057	574,064,859	61,430,454	61,430,454	-	6,451,961	-	6,451,961
2058	549,393,275	59,684,895	59,684,895	-	5,872,250	-	5,872,250
2059	524,840,727	57,873,129	57,873,129	-	5,333,953	-	5,333,953
2060	500,490,459	56,016,473	56,016,473	-	4,836,377	-	4,836,377
2061	476,407,212	54,110,888	54,110,888	-	4,376,442	-	4,376,442
2062	452,662,547	52,174,846	52,174,846	-	3,953,027	-	3,953,027
2063	429,312,778	50,210,116	50,210,116	-	3,563,625	-	3,563,625
2064	406,415,371	48,231,068	48,231,068	-	3,206,710	-	3,206,710
2065	384,016,471	46,247,963	46,247,963	-	2,880,431	-	2,880,431
2066	362,154,322	44,269,672	44,269,672	-	2,582,875	-	2,582,875
2067	340,860,373	42,304,425	42,304,425	-	2,312,145	-	2,312,145
2068	320,159,563	40,359,815	40,359,815	-	2,066,381	-	2,066,381
2069	300,070,616	38,442,562	38,442,562	-	1,843,766	-	1,843,766
2070	280,606,570	36,558,290	36,558,290	-	1,642,523	-	1,642,523
2071	261,775,527	34,711,112	34,711,112	-	1,460,919	-	1,460,919
2072	243,581,893	32,903,555	32,903,555	-	1,297,277	-	1,297,277



Single Discount Rate Development

Present Values of Projected Benefit Payments

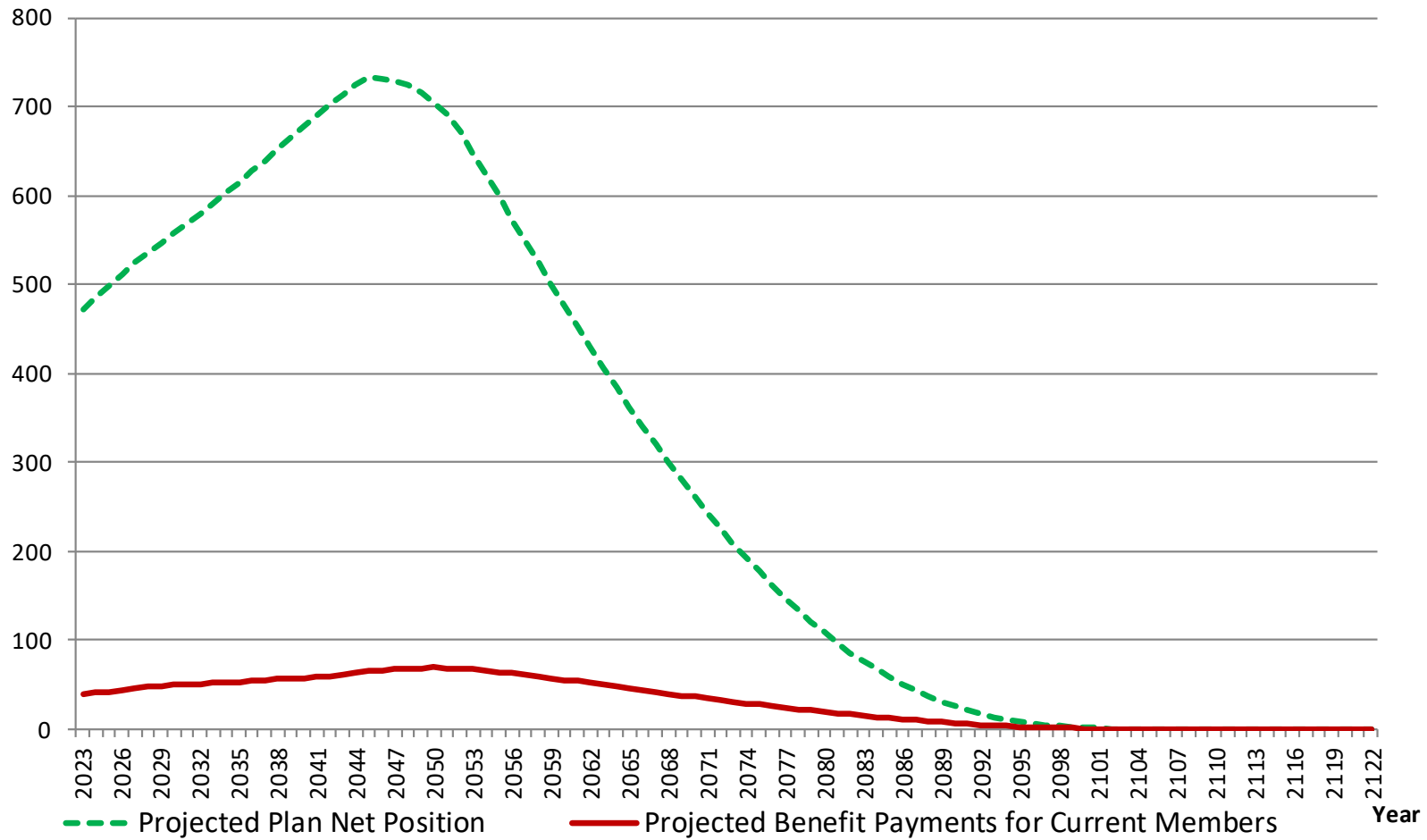
(Concluded)

Year	Projected Beginning Plan Net Position	Projected Benefit Payments	Funded Portion of Benefit Payments	Unfunded Portion of Benefit Payments	Present Value of Funded Benefit Payments using Expected Return Rate (v)	Present Value of Unfunded Benefit Payments using Municipal Bond Rate (vf)	Present Value of Benefit Payments using Single Discount Rate (sdr)
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)=(d)*v ^{(a)-5}	(g)=(e)*vf ^{(a)-5}	(h)=(c)/(1+sdr) ^{(a)-5}
2073	\$ 226,027,752	\$ 31,136,789	\$ 31,136,789	\$ -	\$ 1,149,994	\$ -	\$ 1,149,994
2074	209,114,129	29,410,729	29,410,729	-	1,017,559	-	1,017,559
2075	192,842,199	27,724,124	27,724,124	-	898,553	-	898,553
2076	177,214,513	26,074,845	26,074,845	-	791,662	-	791,662
2077	162,235,991	24,460,291	24,460,291	-	695,684	-	695,684
2078	147,914,573	22,878,113	22,878,113	-	609,541	-	609,541
2079	134,261,166	21,326,741	21,326,741	-	532,279	-	532,279
2080	121,289,029	19,805,600	19,805,600	-	463,057	-	463,057
2081	109,012,913	18,315,589	18,315,589	-	401,143	-	401,143
2082	97,447,638	16,859,516	16,859,516	-	345,904	-	345,904
2083	86,606,120	15,441,678	15,441,678	-	296,782	-	296,782
2084	76,497,708	14,067,104	14,067,104	-	253,268	-	253,268
2085	67,127,188	12,741,127	12,741,127	-	214,889	-	214,889
2086	58,494,154	11,468,590	11,468,590	-	181,196	-	181,196
2087	50,593,175	10,253,721	10,253,721	-	151,758	-	151,758
2088	43,414,081	9,100,826	9,100,826	-	126,178	-	126,178
2089	36,941,568	8,014,242	8,014,242	-	104,087	-	104,087
2090	31,154,818	6,997,986	6,997,986	-	85,141	-	85,141
2091	26,027,457	6,055,532	6,055,532	-	69,016	-	69,016
2092	21,527,741	5,189,710	5,189,710	-	55,408	-	55,408
2093	17,618,861	4,402,483	4,402,483	-	44,031	-	44,031
2094	14,259,493	3,694,525	3,694,525	-	34,614	-	34,614
2095	11,404,830	3,065,100	3,065,100	-	26,901	-	26,901
2096	9,007,799	2,512,039	2,512,039	-	20,653	-	20,653
2097	7,020,389	2,032,152	2,032,152	-	15,651	-	15,651
2098	5,394,649	1,621,432	1,621,432	-	11,698	-	11,698
2099	4,083,526	1,274,842	1,274,842	-	8,616	-	8,616
2100	3,041,999	986,629	986,629	-	6,247	-	6,247
2101	2,227,950	750,796	750,796	-	4,453	-	4,453
2102	1,602,615	561,211	561,211	-	3,118	-	3,118
2103	1,130,949	411,596	411,596	-	2,142	-	2,142
2104	782,027	295,759	295,759	-	1,442	-	1,442
2105	529,236	207,929	207,929	-	950	-	950
2106	350,127	142,847	142,847	-	611	-	611
2107	226,171	95,769	95,769	-	384	-	384
2108	142,489	62,564	62,564	-	235	-	235
2109	87,465	39,774	39,774	-	140	-	140
2110	52,275	24,580	24,580	-	81	-	81
2111	30,407	14,763	14,763	-	46	-	46
2112	17,206	8,616	8,616	-	25	-	25
2113	9,465	4,881	4,881	-	13	-	13
2114	5,062	2,684	2,684	-	7	-	7
2115	2,630	1,436	1,436	-	3	-	3
2116	1,324	750	750	-	2	-	2
2117	638	377	377	-	1	-	1
2118	291	179	179	-	-	-	-
2119	127	82	82	-	-	-	-
2120	50	36	36	-	-	-	-
2121	17	11	11	-	-	-	-
2122	4	4	4	-	-	-	-
Totals	\$ 772,041,516	\$ -	\$ 772,041,516	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -



Projection of Plan Net Position and Benefit Payments

\$ [millions]



SECTION H

MICHIGAN PUBLIC ACT 202

State Reporting Assumptions as of June 30, 2023

The Protecting Local Government Retirement and Benefits Act, Public Act 202 of 2017 (PA 202), was put into law effective December 20, 2017. One outcome of the law is the requirement for the local unit of government to provide select reporting disclosures to the State. Section 5(1) of the Act provides the State treasurer with the authority to annually establish uniform actuarial assumptions for purposes of developing the requisite disclosures. Below you will find information which may be used to assist the local unit of government with required reporting.

Uniform Assumptions, as applicable to the measurement and the required disclosures under uniform assumptions are denoted below. Additional discussion of the PA 202 and uniform assumptions may be found on the State website in the uniform assumption memo dated April 4, 2023.

Uniform Assumption	PA 202	Valuation Assumption Used	Uniform Assumption Used
Investment Rate of Return Discount Rate	Maximum of 6.85%^	6.75%	6.75%
Salary Increase	Minimum of 3.25% or based on experience study within last 5 years	3.0% + Merit and longevity (based on experience study dated July 27, 2020)	3.0% + Merit and longevity (based on experience study dated July 27, 2020)
Mortality	Version of Pub-2010 or based on experience study within last 5 years	Pub-2010 Mortality Tables	Pub-2010 Mortality Tables
Amortization of the Unfunded Accrued Actuarial Liability: Period	Maximum Period of 16 Years	23-30 years	16 years
Method	Closed Plans: Level Dollar Open Plans: Level Percent of Payroll or Level Dollar	Level Percent of Payroll	Level Percent of Payroll
Type	Closed	Closed	Closed

[^] A blended rate calculated using GASB Statement No. 68 methodology. For periods in which projected plan assets are sufficient to make projected benefit payments – maximum of 6.85%; for periods in which projected plan assets are NOT sufficient to make projected benefit payments – maximum of 3.54%.

State Reporting as of June 30, 2023

The following information has been prepared to provide some of the information necessary to complete the pension reporting requirements for the State of Michigan’s Local Government Retirement System Annual Report (Form 5572). Additional resources are available on the State website.

Line	Descriptive Information	
23	Uniform Assumptions ¹	
24	Enter retirement pension system's actuarial value of assets using uniform assumptions	\$492,146,234
25	Enter retirement pension system's actuarial accrued liabilities using uniform assumptions	\$659,770,087
26	Funded ratio using uniform assumptions	Auto ²
27	Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) using uniform assumptions ³	\$ 21,173,600
28	All systems combined ADC/Governmental fund revenues	Auto ²

¹ Information on lines 24-28 is based on assumptions listed on the prior page as of the most recent valuation date, December 31, 2022, after reflecting uniform assumptions.

² Automatically calculated by State of Michigan Form 5572.

³ For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

SECTION I

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Glossary of Terms

<i>Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)</i>	The AAL is the difference between the actuarial present value of all benefits and the actuarial value of future normal costs. The definition comes from the fundamental equation of funding, which states that the present value of all benefits is the sum of the Actuarial Accrued Liability and the present value of future normal costs. The AAL may also be referred to as "accrued liability" or "actuarial liability."
<i>Actuarial Assumptions</i>	These assumptions are estimates of future experience with respect to rates of mortality, disability, turnover, retirement, rate or rates of investment income and compensation increases. Actuarial assumptions are generally based on past experience, often modified for projected changes in conditions. Economic assumptions (compensation increases, payroll growth, inflation and investment return) consist of an underlying real rate of return plus an assumption for a long-term average rate of inflation.
<i>Accrued Service</i>	Service credited under the system which was rendered before the date of the actuarial valuation.
<i>Actuarial Equivalent</i>	A single amount or series of amounts of equal actuarial value to another single amount or series of amounts, computed on the basis of appropriate actuarial assumptions.
<i>Actuarial Cost Method</i>	A mathematical budgeting procedure for allocating the dollar amount of the actuarial present value of the pension trust benefits between future normal cost and actuarial accrued liability. The actuarial cost method may also be referred to as the actuarial funding method.
<i>Actuarial Gain (Loss)</i>	The difference in liabilities between actual experience and expected experience during the period between two actuarial valuations is the gain (loss) on the accrued liabilities.
<i>Actuarial Present Value (APV)</i>	The amount of funds currently required to provide a payment or series of payments in the future. The present value is determined by discounting future payments at predetermined rates of interest and probabilities of payment.
<i>Actuarial Valuation</i>	The actuarial valuation report determines, as of the actuarial valuation date, the service cost, total pension liability, and related actuarial present value of projected benefit payments for pensions.
<i>Actuarial Valuation Date</i>	The date as of which an actuarial valuation is performed.
<i>Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) or Annual Required Contribution (ARC)</i>	A calculated contribution into a defined benefit pension plan for the reporting period, most often determined based on the funding policy of the plan. Typically, the Actuarially Determined Contribution has a normal cost payment and an amortization payment.

Glossary of Terms

<i>Amortization Payment</i>	The amortization payment is the periodic payment required to pay off an interest-discounted amount with payments of interest and principal.
<i>Amortization Method</i>	The method used to determine the periodic amortization payment may be a level dollar amount, or a level percent of pay amount. The period will typically be expressed in years, and the method will either be “open” (meaning, reset each year) or “closed” (the number of years remaining will decline each year).
<i>Cost-of-Living Adjustments</i>	Postemployment benefit changes intended to adjust benefit payments for the effects of inflation.
<i>Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (cost-sharing pension plan)</i>	A multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan in which the pension obligations to the employees of more than one employer are pooled and pension plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pensions through the pension plan.
<i>Covered-Employee Payroll</i>	The payroll of covered employees, which is typically only the pensionable pay and does not include pay above any pay cap.
<i>Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)</i>	A program that permits a plan member to elect a calculation of benefit payments based on service credits and salary, as applicable, as of the DROP entry date. The plan member continues to provide service to the employer and is paid for the service by the employer after the DROP entry date; however, the pensions that would have been paid to the plan member are credited to an individual member account within the defined benefit pension plan until the end of the DROP period. Other variations for DROP exist and will be more fully detailed in the plan provision section of the valuation report.
<i>Deferred Inflows and Outflows</i>	The deferred inflows and outflows of pension resources are amounts used under GASB Statement No. 68 in developing the annual pension expense. Deferred inflows and outflows arise with differences between expected and actual experiences; changes of assumptions. The portion of these amounts not included in pension expense should be included in the deferred inflows or outflows of resources.
<i>Discount Rate</i>	For GASB purposes, the discount rate is the single rate of return that results in the present value of all projected benefit payments to be equal to the sum of the funded and unfunded projected benefit payments, specifically: <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. The benefit payments to be made while the pension plans’ fiduciary net position is projected to be greater than the benefit payments that are projected to be made in the period; and2. The present value of the benefit payments not in (1) above, discounted using the municipal bond rate.

Glossary of Terms

<i>Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method (EAN)</i>	The EAN is a funding method for allocating the costs of the plan between the normal cost and the accrued liability. The actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in an actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis (either level dollar or level percent of pay) over the earnings or service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age(s). The portion of the actuarial present value allocated to a valuation year is the normal cost. The portion of this actuarial present value not provided for at a valuation date by the actuarial present value of future normal costs is the actuarial accrued liability. The sum of the accrued liability plus the present value of all future normal costs is the present value of all benefits.
<i>GASB</i>	The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is an organization that exists in order to promulgate accounting standards for governmental entities.
<i>Fiduciary Net Position</i>	The fiduciary net position is the value of the assets of the trust.
<i>Long-Term Expected Rate of Return</i>	The long-term rate of return is the expected return to be earned over the entire trust portfolio based on the asset allocation of the portfolio.
<i>Money-Weighted Rate of Return</i>	The money-weighted rate of return is a method of calculating the returns that adjusts for the changing amounts actually invested. For purposes of GASB Statement No. 67, money-weighted rate of return is calculated as the internal rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense.
<i>Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan</i>	A multiple-employer plan is a defined benefit pension plan that is used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer.
<i>Municipal Bond Rate</i>	The Municipal Bond Rate is the discount rate to be used for those benefit payments that occur after the assets of the trust have been depleted.
<i>Net Pension Liability (NPL)</i>	The NPL is the liability of employers and non-employer contribution entities to plan members for benefits provided through a defined benefit pension plan.
<i>Non-Employer Contribution Entities</i>	Non-employer contribution entities are entities that make contributions to a pension plan that is used to provide pensions to the employees of other entities. For purposes of the GASB Accounting statement plan members are not considered non-employer contribution entities.
<i>Normal Cost</i>	The actuarial present value of the pension trust benefits allocated to the current year by the actuarial cost method.

Glossary of Terms

<i>Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)</i>	All postemployment benefits other than retirement income (such as death benefits, life insurance, disability, and long-term care) that are provided separately from a pension plan, as well as postemployment healthcare benefits regardless of the manner in which they are provided. Other post-employment benefits do not include termination benefits.
<i>Real Rate of Return</i>	The real rate of return is the rate of return on an investment after adjustment to eliminate inflation.
<i>Service Cost</i>	The service cost is the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that is attributed to a valuation year.
<i>Total Pension Expense</i>	The total pension expense is the sum of the following items that are recognized at the end of the employer's fiscal year: <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Service Cost2. Interest on the Total Pension Liability3. Current-Period Benefit Changes4. Employee Contributions (made negative for addition here)5. Projected Earnings on Plan Investments (made negative for addition here)6. Pension Plan Administrative Expense7. Other Changes in Plan Fiduciary Net Position8. Recognition of Outflow (Inflow) of Resources due to Liabilities9. Recognition of Outflow (Inflow) of Resources due to Assets
<i>Total Pension Liability (TPL)</i>	The TPL is the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that is attributed to past periods of member service.
<i>Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)</i>	The UAAL is the difference between actuarial accrued liability and valuation assets.
<i>Valuation Assets</i>	The valuation assets are the assets used in determining the unfunded liability of the plan. For purposes of the GASB Statement No. 67, the valuation asset is equal to the market value of assets.