

CITY OF GRAND RAPIDS POLICE AND FIRE RETIREMENT SYSTEM
49TH ANNUAL ACTUARIAL VALUATION
DECEMBER 31, 2015

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April 5, 2016

Board of Trustees City of Grand Rapids Police and Fire Retirement System Grand Rapids, Michigan

Dear Board Members:

The results of the *December 31, 2015 Actuarial Valuation* of the City of Grand Rapids Police and Fire Retirement System are presented in this report.

The purpose of the valuation and gain/loss analysis is to measure funding progress in relation to the actuarial cost method and to determine employer contribution rates. Calculations required for compliance with the GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68 will be issued in a separate report. The results of the valuation may not be applicable for other purposes.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic and demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of the actuary's assignment, the actuary did not perform an analysis of the potential range of such future measurements.

The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the actuarial valuation are summarized in Section C of this report. The assumptions are established by the Board after consulting with the actuary.

The valuation was based upon statistical data, furnished by your Executive Director concerning Retirement System benefits, financial transactions, and individual members, terminated members, retirants and beneficiaries. Data was checked for internal and year-to-year consistency, but was not otherwise audited.

Board of Trustees April 5, 2016 Page 2

This report has been prepared by individuals who have substantial experience valuing public employee retirement systems. To the best of our knowledge, this report is complete and accurate and was made in accordance with generally recognized actuarial methods in accordance with standards of practice prescribed by the Actuarial Standards Board and in compliance with the constitution of the State of Michigan. The actuarial assumptions used for the valuation produce results which we believe are reasonable.

James D. Anderson is a Member of the American Academy of Actuaries (MAAA), and meets the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained herein. The signing individuals are independent of the plan sponsor.

Respectfully submitted,

Wavrel X. Hoffman

David L. Hoffman

James D. Anderson, FSA, EA, MAAA

∕James R. Sparks, ASA

DLH/JDA:sc

SECTION A VALUATION RESULTS

CONTRIBUTIONS TO PROVIDE BENEFITS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING JULY 1, 2016 BASED UPON A DECEMBER 31, 2015 VALUATION DATE

	% of	% of
Contributions for	Valuation Payroll	Gross-Up Payroll
Normal cost of benefits:		
Age & service pensions	19.83 %	18.01 %
Disability pensions	4.04 %	3.67 %
Death-in-service pensions	0.55 %	0.50 %
Refunds of member contributions	0.57 %	0.52 %
Totals	24.99 %	22.70 %
Member Contributions (weighted average)	11.28 %	10.25 %
Employer Normal Cost	13.71 %	12.45 %
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities*	11.91 %	10.82 %
Section 1.263(2) Full Funding Credit*	0.00 %	0.00 %
INITIAL COMPUTED EMPLOYER RATE	25.62 %	23.27 %
Ordinance Section 1.263(3) Reduction+	N/A	N/A
ADJUSTED COMPUTED EMPLOYER RATE@	25.62 %	23.27 %

^{*} Amortized as a level percent-of-payroll over a period of 30 years.

DETERMINING EMPLOYER DOLLAR CONTRIBUTIONS

For any period of time, the percent-of-payroll contribution rate needs to be converted to dollars – and then contributed to the Retirement System in a timely manner.

The recommended procedure is: (1) at the end of each payroll period, multiply the active member payroll for the period by the employer contribution percent; and (2) promptly contribute the dollar amount so determined.

Valuation payroll is \$33,446,517.

[@] In addition to this percent-of-payroll contribution, the City contributes for (i) certain Supplemental Benefits for a small, closed group of retirants and beneficiaries in accordance with the provisions of Ordinance Section 1.292, and (ii) 0.5% of payroll to provide a Medicare Supplement for members retiring after June 30, 1990.

⁺ See page A-3 for derivation of Ordinance Section 1.263(3) reduction.

[&]quot;Gross-Up" payroll is \$36,827,593.

ALLOCATION OF VALUATION ASSETS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

In financing the actuarial accrued liabilities, Valuation Assets of \$386,363,384 were distributed as follows:

		Present Valuation	Assets Applied t	0
Reserves for	Member Actuarial Accrued Liabilities	Retired Life Actuarial Accrued Liabilities	Contingency Reserve	Totals
Member Contributions (MDF)	\$ 40,035,922			\$ 40,035,922
Employer Contributions (EAF)	22,891,222			22,891,222
Retired Benefit Payments (BRF)	(24,157,940)	\$ 258,431,113		234,273,173
Undistributed Income (IEF)	78,066,225			78,066,225
Valuation Asset Adjustment	11,096,842			11,096,842
Totals	\$127,932,271	\$ 258,431,113	\$0	\$386,363,384

Assets were applied against actuarial accrued liabilities in determining unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities as follows:

	Retired Lives	Active Members	Total
Computed Actuarial Accrued Liabilities and Reserves	\$258,431,113	\$ 202,660,630	\$461,091,743
Applied Assets	258,431,113	127,932,271	386,363,384
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities/ (Full Funding Credit)	\$ 0	\$ 74,728,359	\$ 74,728,359

DERIVATION OF ORDINANCE SECTION 1.263(3) REDUCTION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING JULY 1, 2016

Section 1.263(3) reads as follows:

"Notwithstanding the offset to current service contributions under Section 1.263(2), the City shall make a contribution in the amount determined in this paragraph. In the event the System has greater Valuation Assets than actuarial accrued liabilities, the City will pay its current service contribution during its next ensuing fiscal year reduced by 10% for each 1%, or portion thereof, that Valuation Assets exceed the actuarial accrued liabilities, as determined on the prior December 31 valuation date, except as provided below. The unreduced current service contribution will be paid during the City's next ensuing fiscal year if the Market Value of Assets on the March 31 prior to the next ensuing fiscal year for the City is less than 95% of the actuarial accrued liability determined on the prior December 31. No contribution will be made during the City's next ensuing fiscal year if the Market Value at the March 31 prior to the City's next ensuing fiscal year exceeds the actuarial present value of expected future benefit payments determined on the prior December 31. This subsection (3) shall be effective beginning with the contribution rate for July 1, 1994 (FY 1995)."

The 110% test specified in the second sentence is applied as follows:

	December 31, 2015
(1) Actuarial Accrued Liabilities	\$461,091,743
(2) Valuation Assets	386,363,384
(3) Funding Ratio: (2)/(1)	83.79%
(4) City Current Service Contribution (Employer Normal Cost from page A-1)	12.45%
(5) Percentage reduction: [(3)-100%] x 10 (if greater than 100%, use 100%)	None
(6) Ordinance Section 1.263(3) rate: (4) - [(4) x (5)]	N/A
(7) Contribution rate after 1.263(3) reduction:Lessor of (i) initial computed employer rate, or(ii) Section 1.263(3) rate, but not less than zero.	23.27%

DERIVATION OF EXPERIENCE GAIN (LOSS)

Actual experience will never (except by coincidence) coincide exactly with assumed experience. Gains and losses often cancel each other over a period of years, but sizeable year-to-year fluctuations are common. Detail on the derivation of the experience gain (loss) is shown below, along with a year-by-year comparative schedule.

		December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
(1)	UAAL* at start of year	\$22,487,648	\$31,090,726
(2)	Normal cost from last valuation	3,825,541	4,056,040
(3)	Actual employer contributions	5,630,297	6,331,848
(4)	Interest accrual: $[(1) + 1/2 (2) - (3)] \times 0.075$	1,618,895	2,246,462
(5)	Expected UAAL before changes: $[(1) + (2) - (3) + (4)]$	22,301,787	31,061,380
(6)	Effect of benefit changes	0	0
(7)	Effect of revised actuarial assumptions or valuation methods	35,683,769	0
(8)	Change in the SPDR (13th Check Reserve) Distribution Pension Reserve Account	9,602,903	0
(9)	Expected UAAL after changes: $(5) + (6) + (7) + (8)$	67,588,459	31,061,380
(10)	Actual UAAL at end of year	74,728,359	22,487,648
(11)	Gain (loss): (9) - (10)	(7,139,900)	\$8,573,732
(12)	Gain (loss) as percent of the beginning liabilities at start of period (\$403,969,869)	(1.8)%	2.2%

^{*} Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities.

Valuation Date	Experience Gain (Loss) as % of Beginning Accrued Liability
12/31/2006	6.9 %
12/31/2007	3.1 %
12/31/2008	(31.1)%
12/31/2009	(9.0)%
12/31/2010	(3.0)%
12/31/2011 12/31/2012	(3.1)% (2.5)%
12/31/2013	6.4 %
12/31/2014	2.2 %
12/31/2015	(1.8)%

SUMMARY STATEMENT OF SYSTEM RESOURCES AND OBLIGATIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

PRESENT RESOURCES AND EXPECTED FUTURE RESOURCES

A. Present valuation assets:	
1. Net assets from System financial statements	\$375,266,542
2. Market (Funding) value adjustment	11,096,842
3. Valuation assets	386,363,384
D. Actuarial present value of avacated future	
B. Actuarial present value of expected future Employer contributions:	
1. For normal costs	40 006 274
	40,096,274
2. For unfunded actuarial accrued liability	74,728,359
3. Total	114,824,633
C. Actuarial present value of expected future	
member contributions	28,342,314

D. Total present and expected future resources	\$529,530,331
ACTUARIAL PRESENT VALUE OF EXPECTED FUTUR	E BENEFIT PAYMENTS
A 77 17	
A. To retired lives:	¢250 421 112
1. Annual allowances	\$258,431,113
 Annual allowances Reserve 	none
1. Annual allowances	
 Annual allowances Reserve 	none
 Annual allowances Reserve Total 	none 258,431,113
 Annual allowances Reserve Total B. To vested terminated members	none 258,431,113
 Annual allowances Reserve Total B. To vested terminated members C. To present active members:	none 258,431,113
 Annual allowances Reserve Total To vested terminated members To present active members: Allocated to service rendered prior to 	none 258,431,113 10,645,107
 Annual allowances Reserve Total To vested terminated members To present active members: Allocated to service rendered prior to valuation date (actuarial accrued liability) 	none 258,431,113 10,645,107
 Annual allowances Reserve Total To vested terminated members To present active members: Allocated to service rendered prior to valuation date (actuarial accrued liability) Allocated to service likely to be rendered 	none 258,431,113 10,645,107 192,015,523
 Annual allowances Reserve Total To vested terminated members To present active members: Allocated to service rendered prior to valuation date (actuarial accrued liability) Allocated to service likely to be rendered after valuation date 	none 258,431,113 10,645,107 192,015,523 68,438,588

COMMENTS, RECOMMENDATION AND CONCLUSION

COMMENT A: Overall experience fell short of expectations during the period ending December 31, 2015 (see page A-4). Lower than expected investment return (on a funding value basis) along with greater than expected liabilities for new retirees were the primary sources of the loss.

Since the previous valuation, new assumptions have been adopted. The use of the new assumptions increased the employer contribution rate by 5.83% and decreased the funded ratio by 7.0%.

There has also been a significant reversal of the relative position of the Market Value (MV) and the Funding Value (FV) of assets. The ratio of FV to MV was 94% at the end of 2014 and is now 103% at the end of 2015. Over the next 4 years, if experience matches expectations, the employer contribution as a percent of payroll will decrease in 2016 followed by increasing in the sequential 3 years (see Comment C below).

COMMENT B: The employer contribution rate increased from 14.63% to 23.27% primarily due to a large increase in the unfunded actuarial liability and normal cost as a result of the experience and assumption changes (discussed in Comment A above) as well as the significant 13th Check payments made during the 2015 calendar year. The funded ratio decreased from 94.4% in 2014 to 83.8% in 2015.

It is worth noting that on a market value basis, the System's funded ratio is 81.4%.

COMMENT C: Below is the 5-year contribution rate projection based on all future experience matching exactly with our assumptions of future experience and a 30-year closed amortization period for the Police and Fire Retirement System.

7.25% Market Return in 2016-2019								
	Funding							
Valuation	Value	Employer	Employee	Total	Funded	MV	MV-FV	MV
Year	(\$ millions)	Rate	Rate	Rate	Ratio	Return	(\$ millions)	(\$ millions)
2015	\$386	23.27%	10.25%	33.52%	84%	(2.44)%	\$(11)	\$375
2016	405	22.73%	10.25%	32.98%	85%	7.25%	(15)	391
2017	422	22.79%	10.25%	33.04%	85%	7.25%	(14)	407
2018	433	23.76%	10.25%	34.01%	83%	7.25%	(7)	425
2019	444	24.78%	10.25%	35.03%	82%	7.25%	0	444

Note: Contribution rates are for the fiscal year beginning six months after the valuation date. Gains and losses in other risk areas may also have a material effect on contribution rates in future years. Payroll growth or active member populations at rate levels that differ from assumptions are likely to affect this projection in a non-intuitive manner. The impact of future hire benefits are not modeled in this projection.

COMMENT D: The amortization policy is established by the City Commission, this valuation uses a 30-year amortization period.

COMMENT E: The Actuarial Standards of Practice with regard to the mortality assumption (ASOP no. 35 Disclosure Section 4.1.1) now states "the disclosure of the mortality assumption should contain sufficient detail to permit another qualified actuary to understand the provision made for future mortality improvement. If the actuary assumes zero mortality improvement after the measurement date, the actuary should state that no provision was made for future mortality improvement." We note that there is margin for mortality improvements outlined in Section C of this report.

RECOMMENDATION FOR RESERVE TRANSFER. Inter-fund transfers are made either when (i) there is a residual December 31 balance in the Income-Expense Fund (IEF) after regular interest credits have been made or (ii) the year-end balance in the Benefit Reserve Fund (BRF) falls below the present value of benefits currently being paid. On December 31, 2015 there was a balance in the IEF (see page B-8). Therefore, transfers will be made between the appropriate funds so that the ending balances in each reserve fund as of December 31, 2015 will be as follows:

	MDF	EAF	BRF	IEF	
Market	\$40,035,922	\$76,799,507	\$258,431,113	\$0	
Cost	\$40,035,922	\$ 23,675,699	\$258,431,113	\$0	

CONCLUSION. The City's contribution rate for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2016 has been computed to be 23.27% of active member gross-up payroll based on the funding policy specified in the retirement ordinance.

OTHER OBSERVATIONS

General Implications of Contribution Allocation Procedure or Funding Policy on Future Expected Plan Contributions and Funded Status

Given the plan's contribution allocation procedure, if all actuarial assumptions are met (including the assumption of the plan earning 7.25% on the actuarial value of assets), it is expected that:

- 1) The unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities will be fully amortized after 30 years;
- 2) The funded status of the plan will increase gradually towards a 100% funded ratio; and
- 3) The unfunded accrued liability will increase for an extended period before beginning to decline. This is particularly true when the plan sponsor is contributing on a percent-of-payroll basis and there is no payroll growth.

Limitations of Funded Status Measurements

Unless otherwise indicated, a funded status measurement presented in this report is based upon the actuarial accrued liability and the actuarial value of assets. Unless otherwise indicated, with regard to any funded status measurements presented in this report:

- 1) The measurement is inappropriate for assessing the sufficiency of plan assets to cover the estimated cost of settling the plan's benefit obligations, in other words, of transferring the obligations to an unrelated third party in an arm's length market value type transaction.
- 2) The measurement is dependent upon the actuarial cost method which, in combination with the plan's amortization policy, affects the timing and amounts of future contributions. A funded status measurement in this report of 100% is not synonymous with no required future contributions. If the funded status were 100%, the plan would still require future normal cost contributions (i.e., contributions to cover the cost of the active membership accruing an additional year of service credit).
- 3) The measurement would produce a different result if the market value of assets were used instead of the actuarial value of assets, unless the market value of assets is used in the measurement.

Limitations of Project Scope

Actuarial standards do not require the actuary to evaluate the ability of the plan sponsor or other contributing entity to make required contributions to the plan when due. Such an evaluation was not within the scope of this project and is not within the actuary's domain of expertise. Consequently, the actuary performed no such evaluation.

Risks to Future Employer Contribution Requirements

There are ongoing risks to future employer contribution requirements to which the Retirement System is exposed, such as:

- Actual and Assumed Investment Rate of Return
- Actual and Assumed Mortality Rates
- Amortization Policy

BENEFIT RESERVE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

		Al	lowances	Actuarial			
Valuation		Bei	ing Paid @	BRF	Accrued	Assets/	
Date		No. *	\$/Month	Assets	Liabilities	Liabilities &	
6/30/1990		384	\$ 353,352	\$ 41,231,628	\$ 41,712,360	98.8%	
6/30/1991		400	398,031	45,524,717	47,293,644	96.3%	
6/30/1992		402	413,907	45,385,380	51,274,296	88.5%	
6/30/1993		407	467,559	56,180,491	58,557,960	95.9%	
6/30/1994		435	541,725	66,051,111	68,845,704	95.9%	
6/30/1995		459	627,560	77,220,497	80,150,076	96.3%	
6/30/1996		461	677,015	83,301,082	87,177,204	95.6%	
6/30/1997		487	794,296	102,380,668	103,260,072	99.1%	
6/30/1998		493	851,973	107,928,659	110,669,460	97.5%	
6/30/1999		499	898,586	111,412,944	115,585,584	96.4%	
6/30/2000		507	944,958	117,164,662	120,407,496	97.3%	
6/30/2001		513	990,722	120,396,308	127,594,608	94.4%	
6/30/2002		520	1,039,831	129,873,949	133,501,368	97.3%	
12/31/2003		531	1,112,249	136,051,587	140,824,416	96.6%	
12/31/2004		542	1,176,973	153,594,184	148,382,784	103.5%	
12/31/2005		541	1,183,651	147,281,966	143,974,800	102.3%	
12/31/2006		604	1,359,707	167,979,383	167,852,376	100.1%	
12/31/2007		614	1,408,709	172,944,949	172,445,604	100.3%	
12/31/2008		606	1,424,517	173,901,558	173,015,040	100.5%	
12/31/2009		614	1,498,088	180,866,587	184,218,288	98.2%	
12/31/2010	#	612	1,509,644	184,087,532	187,767,588	98.0%	
12/31/2011		616	1,572,805	193,606,183	195,045,000	99.3%	
12/31/2012		623	1,620,628	201,092,608	200,723,004	100.2%	
12/31/2013		627	1,678,815	210,047,473	208,857,372	100.6%	
12/31/2014		655	1,798,182	231,751,026	226,179,926	102.5%	
12/31/2015	#	672	1,926,599	234,273,173	258,431,113	90.7%	

^{*} Alternate payees under EDROs counted as separate allowances beginning in 1997.

[@] Includes disability benefits beginning with the 12/31/2006 valuation.

[#] Revised actuarial assumptions.

[&]amp; Before reserve transfers.

CASUALTY RESERVE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

		abilities		Liabilities	
Valuation		ing Paid	CRF	for Present	Contingency
Date	No.	\$/Month	Assets	Disabilities	Reserve
6/30/1990	22	\$ 19,696	\$ 3,262,392	\$ 2,731,440	\$ 530,952
6/30/1991	29	33,597	3,705,051	4,826,340	(1,121,289)
6/30/1992	37	48,523	3,627,146	7,334,784	(3,707,638)
6/30/1993	38	54,086	7,112,030	8,247,408	(1,135,378)
6/30/1994	39	57,632	8,077,450	8,735,628	(658,178)
6/30/1995	43	66,805	8,620,106	10,137,444	(1,517,338)
6/30/1996	42	66,494	9,796,618	10,032,192	(235,574)
6/30/1997	44	73,553	9,828,796	11,151,720	(1,322,924)
6/30/1998	46	78,977	11,053,214	11,871,948	(818,734)
6/30/1999	48	86,784	11,814,236	13,093,908	(1,279,672)
6/30/2000	50	92,101	12,505,464	13,881,516	(1,376,052)
6/30/2001	53	100,380	13,260,228	16,246,464	(2,986,236)
6/30/2002	67	137,692	14,383,251	20,999,064	(6,615,813)
12/31/2003	73	156,598	22,473,127	23,799,576	(1,326,449)
12/31/2004	76	165,328	24,431,076	24,998,496	(567,420)
12/31/2005	76	169,242	24,829,682	24,615,576	214,106
12/31/2006	0	0	0	0	0
12/31/2007	0	0	0	0	0
12/31/2008	0	0	0	0	0
12/31/2009	0	0	0	0	0
12/31/2010	0	0	0	0	0
12/31/2011	0	0	0	0	0
12/31/2012	0	0	0	0	0
12/31/2013	0	0	0	0	0
12/31/2014	0	0	0	0	0
12/31/2015	0	0	0	0	0

Disability benefits are included in the Benefit Reserve Fund Comparative Statement beginning with the 12/31/2006 valuation.

ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITIES & ASSETS HISTORICAL COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE (\$ AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS)

		Actuarial Accrued		Unfunded Actuarial Accrued				
	•	Liability	Liability					
Valuation	Valuation	Dollar	Funded	Dollar	Ratio to	Financing		
Date	Assets	Amount	Ratio ¹	Amount	Payroll ²	Period		
9/30/1975	\$ 18.7	\$ 37.8	49.4%	\$ 19.1	197 %	17 yrs.		
9/30/1980 #	40.5	62.8	64.6%	22.3	184 %	17		
9/30/1985	75.6	84.6	89.3%	9.0	58 %	23		
6/30/1990	139.8	120.6	115.9%	(19.2)	-	18		
6/30/1995 #	202.0	180.6	111.9%	(21.4)	-	15		
6/30/1996	229.7	194.3	118.2%	(35.4)	-	15		
6/30/1997	255.4	208.6	122.4%	(46.8)	-	15		
6/30/1998	283.6	219.2	129.4%	(64.4)	-	15		
6/30/1999	302.3	226.9	133.3%	(75.5)	-	15		
6/30/2000	310.5	238.4	130.2%	(72.1)	-	15		
6/30/2001 #*	305.3	249.2	122.5%	(56.1)	-	15		
6/30/2002 #	287.1	265.8	108.0%	(21.4)	-	15		
12/31/2003 #@	301.8	276.1	109.3%	(25.8)	-	15		
12/31/2004	315.0	285.0	110.5%	(30.0)	-	15		
12/31/2005 *	325.0	284.3	114.3%	(40.8)	-	15		
12/31/2006	350.2	292.9	119.5%	(57.2)	-	15		
12/31/2007	365.1	301.0	121.3%	(64.1)	-	15		
12/31/2008 #	346.5	310.2	111.7%	(36.2)	-	30		
12/31/2009 #	334.2	348.3	96.0%	14.0	42 %	30		
12/31/2010 *	328.6	360.6	91.1% +	32.0	92 %	30		
12/31/2011	321.2	365.3	87.9%	44.1	128 %	30		
12/31/2012	321.3	375.8	85.5%	54.5	160 %	30		
12/31/2013	354.8	385.9	91.9%	31.1	94 %	25		
12/31/2014	381.5	404.0	94.4%	22.5	69 %	24		
12/31/2015 *#	386.4	461.1	83.8%	74.7	223 %	30		

^{*} Revised actuarial assumptions.

- 1. **Valuation Assets as a Percent of AAL** is a traditional measure of a system's funding progress. Except in years when the system is amended or actuarial assumptions are revised, this percent can be expected to move gradually toward 100%.
- 2. **UAAL as a Percent of Valuation Payroll** is another relative index of condition. Unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities represent debt, while active member payroll represents the system's capacity to collect contributions to pay toward debt. The lower the percent, the greater the financial strength and vice-versa.

[#] Retirement System amended.

[@] One-half year ended December 31.

^{+ 87%} on a market value basis.

CITY AND MEMBER CONTRIBUTIONS HISTORICAL COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE

Valuation	Fiscal	Computed Contributions as %s of Active Member Payroll					
Date	Year	Member	Employer	Total			
9/30/1980 #	81/82	5.90%	27.60%	33.50%			
9/30/1985	86/87	4.90%	17.79%	22.69%			
6/30/1990	91/92	5.49%	9.03%	14.52%			
6/30/1991	92/93	5.45%	9.95%	15.40%			
6/30/1992 #	93/94	6.07%	16.22%	22.29%			
6/30/1993 *	94/95	5.60%+	0.00%	5.60%			
6/30/1994	95/96	5.60%+	0.00%	5.60%			
6/30/1995 #	96/97	5.98%+	0.00%	5.98%			
6/30/1996	97/98	5.90%+	0.00%	5.90%			
6/30/1997	98/99	5.90%+	0.00%	5.90%			
6/30/1998	99/00	5.90%+	0.00%	5.90%			
6/30/1999	00/01	5.90%+	0.00%	5.90%			
6/30/2000	01/02	5.90%+	0.00%	5.90%			
6/30/2001 #*	02/03	6.09%+	0.00%	6.09%			
6/30/2002 #	03/04	8.13%+	2.96%	11.09%			
12/31/2003 #@	04/05	7.12%+	1.08%	8.20%			
12/31/2004	05/06	5.10%+	0.00%	5.10%			
12/31/2005 *	06/07	5.10%+	0.00%	5.10%			
12/31/2006	07/08	4.12%+	0.00%	4.12%			
12/31/2007	08/09	4.12%+	0.00%	4.12%			
12/31/2008 #	09/10	3.73%+	0.00%	3.73%			
12/31/2009 #	10/11	4.19%+	20.96%	25.15%			
12/31/2010 *	11/12	4.18%+	21.18%	25.36%			
12/31/2011	12/13	5.24%+	22.26%	27.50%			
12/31/2012	13/14	10.27% +	19.07%	29.34%			
12/31/2013	14/15	10.27%+	16.31%	26.58%			
12/31/2014	15/16	10.25%+	14.63%	24.88%			
12/31/2015	16/17	10.25%+	17.44%	27.69%			
12/31/2015 *#	16/17	10.25%+	23.27%	33.52%			

^{*} Revised actuarial assumptions.

[#] Retirement System amended.

⁺ Adjusted for contributions on items of pay not included in valuation payroll and/or temporary reduction in contribution rate.

[@] One-half year ended December 31.

ACTIVE MEMBERS AND RETIRED LIVES HISTORICAL COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE

						Ret	ired Lives	
		Active	Members			Active	Annual I	Benefits
Valuation		Val	luation Payro	11	_	per		As a %
Date	No.	\$ Millions	Average	% Incr.	No. &	Retired	\$ Millions	of Pay
9/30/1980 #	569	12.1	\$21,243	4.1 %	331	1.7	\$ 1.6	13.3 %
9/30/1985	533	15.5	29,056	6.3 %	380	1.4	2.9	18.6 %
6/30/1990	492	17.2	34,908	4.5 %	406	1.2	4.5	26.1 %
6/30/1995 #	546	22.5	41,205	2.7 %	502	1.1	7.6	33.8 %
6/30/1997	605	25.8	42,587	2.4 %	531	1.1	10.4	40.4 %
6/30/1998	614	26.6	43,394	1.9 %	539	1.1	11.2	42.1 %
6/30/1999	619	28.0	45,277	4.3 %	547	1.1	11.8	42.1 %
6/30/2000	620	29.9	48,187	6.4 %	557	1.1	12.4	41.5 %
6/30/2001 #*	629	31.8	50,513	4.8 %	566	1.1	13.1	41.2 %
6/30/2002 #	622	32.5	52,265	3.5 %	587	1.1	14.1	43.5 %
6/30/2003	619	33.5	54,190	3.7 %	598	1.0	14.9	44.4 %
12/31/2003 #@	608	33.1	54,443	0.5 %	604	1.0	15.2	46.0 %
12/31/2004	583	32.5	55,821	2.5 %	618	0.9	16.1	49.5 %
12/31/2005 *	576	33.4	57,999	3.9 %	617	0.9	16.2	48.5 %
12/31/2006	567	33.9	59,767	3.0 %	604	0.9	16.3	48.1 %
12/31/2007	545	32.9	60,289	0.9 %	614	0.9	16.9	51.4 %
12/31/2008	535	33.0	61,690	2.3 %	606	0.9	17.1	51.8 %
12/31/2009	506	33.5	66,187	7.3 %	614	0.8	18.0	53.7 %
12/31/2010	534	34.7	64,917	(1.9)%	612	0.9	18.1	52.2 %
12/31/2011	536	34.6	64,490	(0.7)%	616	0.9	18.9	54.6 %
12/31/2012	515	34.0	65,961	2.3 %	623	0.8	19.4	57.1 %
12/31/2013	501	33.1	66,089	0.2 %	627	0.8	20.1	60.7 %
12/31/2014	487	32.5	66,740	1.0 %	655	0.7	21.6	66.5 %
12/31/2015 *#	489	33.4	68,398	2.5 %	672	0.7	23.1	69.2 %

20-Year Average

2.4 %

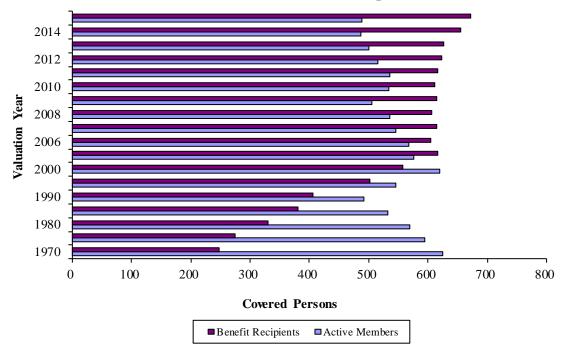
^{*} Revised actuarial assumptions.

[#] Retirement System amended.

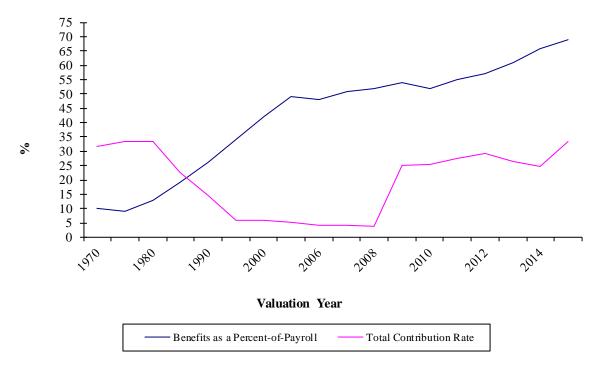
[&]amp; Alternate payees under EDROs are counted as separate retired lives beginning in 1997.

[@] One-half year ended December 31.

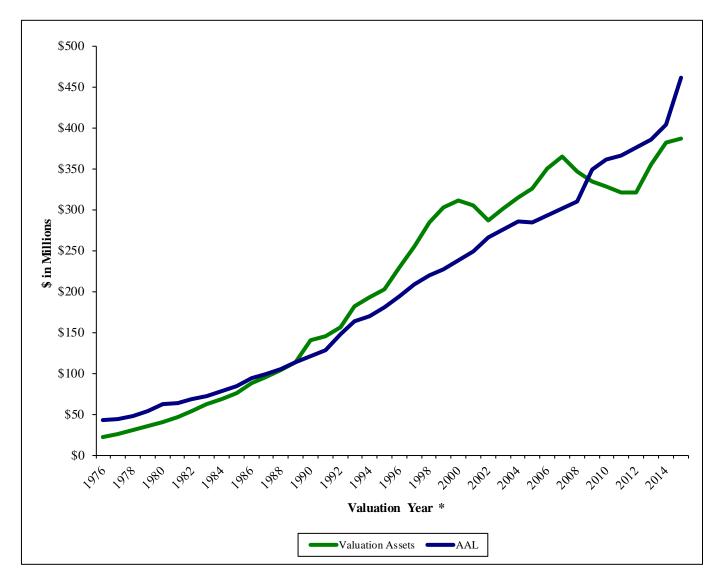
Active Members and Benefit Recipients



Benefits as a % of Pay and Total Contribution Rate



ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITIES & ASSETS



^{*} Note: Valuation year is June 30 to June 30, 2003 and December 31 from December 31, 2003.

SECTION B VALUATION DATA

SUMMARY OF BENEFIT PROVISIONS EVALUATED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Voluntary Retirement. Police members may retire after attaining age 50 and completing 10 years of service. Firefighter members are eligible for retirement after attaining age 55 with 10 or more years of service. Firefighter members may also retire at the age their service reaches the service credit limit.

Compulsory Retirement. None.

Final Average Salary (FAS). The average of member's highest annual salary rates during the 3 consecutive calendar years of credited service when such compensation rates are the highest increased by the applicable FAS Adjustment Factor (11.2% for Police members for the period January 1, 2015 to June 30, 2015, and 11.6% for Police members for the period July 1, 2015 to December 31, 2015, 7.8% for Firefighter members for the period January 1, 2015 to June 30, 2015, and 7.8% for Firefighter members for the period July 1, 2015 to December 31, 2015). Highest salary rates that occur in calendar years after the calendar year in which the member reaches their service credit limit will not be included in the FAS.

Benefit Multiplier Description. See page B-2.

Benefit Multiplier. The member's benefit multiplier, used to compute full age and service allowance, is defined in the following table:

Benefit Multipliers and Allowance Caps for Member Groups

Covered Group	Date of Hire	Benefit Multiplier	Allowance Cap
Firefighters	Prior to July 1, 1992 -or-	2.5%	100%
	Prior to July 1, 1992	2.8%	94.5%
	July 1, 1992 to January 9, 2012 January 10, 2012 or after	2.8% 2.0%*	90% 90%
Fire Chief	At any time	2.8%	94.5%
Police Command	Prior to July 1, 2001	2.8%	100%
	July 1, 2001 to December 19, 2011 December 20, 2011 or after	2.8% 2.0% [@]	80% 80%
Police Chief or Deputy Police Chief	At any time	2.8%	100%
Police Officers and Sergeants	Before March 9, 1995	2.8%	100%
	March 9, 1995-June 30, 2001	2.8%	87.5%
	July 1, 2001 to December 19, 2011 December 20, 2011 or after	2.8% 2.0% [#]	80% 80%

^{*} Firefighter members hired on or after January 10, 2012 will have a 2.0% multiplier for the first five years of employment. Members may then irrevocably elect that multiplier, or, by making higher member contributions, elect a higher multiplier for all future service (2.2%, 2.4%, 2.6%, or 2.8%).

[®] Police Command members hired on or after December 20, 2011 will have a 2.0% multiplier for the first five years of employment. Members may then irrevocably elect that multiplier, or, by making higher member contributions, elect a higher multiplier for all future service (2.2%, 2.4%, 2.6%, or 2.8%).

[#] Police Officers and Sergeants members hired on or after December 20, 2011 will have a 2.0% multiplier for the first five years of employment. Members may then irrevocably elect that multiplier, or, by making higher member contributions, elect a higher multiplier for all future service (2.2%, 2.4%, 2.6%, or 2.8%).

Full Age and Service Allowance. Allowance, payable monthly for life to the retired member, equals the member's benefit multiplier times the member's FAS times years of credited service. In lieu of this single life-level amount form of payment, a retiring member may elect from a variety of optional forms of payment, each of which is the actuarial equivalent (same lump sum value at time of retirement) of the single life-level payment form.

Deferred Allowance. A member with 10 or more years of service who leaves covered employment before retirement is eligible to receive an allowance computed in the same manner as an age and service allowance but based upon the member's employment record to the time of leaving. Such deferred allowance commences the first day of the calendar month next following the later of the date of the member's attainment of age 50 or the date when written application therefore is received by the Board. Benefits may be actuarially reduced in accordance with the Early Retirement provision if applicable.

Early Allowance. A Firefighter member who leaves covered employment after both attaining age 50 and completing 10 years of service is eligible to receive an immediate early allowance (in lieu of a deferred allowance), computed in the same manner as a deferred allowance based upon the member's employment record to the time of early retirement, but actuarially reduced (per schedule in ordinance) to reflect the fact that the age when payments begin is younger than age 55.

Duty Disability Allowance. A member who becomes totally and permanently disabled from duty-connected causes is eligible to receive, subject to offsets, a duty disability allowance computed in the same manner as a full age and service allowance based upon the member's employment record to the time of disability with a minimum allowance before offset of 72% of FAS. The maximum allowance after offsets is 90% of final salary less amounts received from (i) Worker's Compensation, (ii) gainful employment as a law enforcement officer or firefighter, and (iii) Social Security disability income.

Non-Duty Disability Allowance. A member with 1 or more years of credited service who becomes totally and permanently disabled from other than duty-connected causes is eligible to receive a non-duty disability allowance computed in the same manner as a full age and service allowance, based upon the member's employment record to the time of disability. Minimum benefit for Police Officers is 48% of FAS if credited service is less than 20 years or 60% of FAS if credited service is 20 or more years. Minimum benefit for Police Command Officers is based on the earlier of (i) the date the member would have completed 20 (if credited service is less than 20 years) or 25 years of service (if credited service is 20 or more years) or (ii) the date the member would have reached 50 years of age. Minimum benefit for Firefighters is based on the earlier of (i) the date the member would have completed 20 (if credited service is less than 20 years) or 25 years of service (if credited service is 20 or more years) or (ii) the date the member would have reached 55 years of age.

Death-in-Service Benefits. Upon the death of a member, surviving dependents are eligible to receive the following benefits, subject to offsets for Worker's Compensation and Social Security.

- (a) The widow receives an allowance equal to the Option B-100 allowance (joint and 100% survivor actuarial equivalent benefit) which would have been payable to her had the deceased member retired the day preceding the date of his death and elected Option B-100. The minimum allowance payable to the widow is 20% of the member's FAS. If the death was determined to be duty-related, the minimum allowance payable to the widow is 72% of the member's final average salary (60% for Command or Firefighters hired after June 30, 1992).
- (b) Dependent children under age 18 (up to age 23 if they are continuous full-time students) each are eligible to receive an allowance of 15% of the member's FAS. If there are 4 or more dependent children, each child receives an equal share of 50% of the member's FAS.
- (c) If there are neither a widow nor children, each dependent parent is eligible to receive an allowance equal to 15% of FAS.

Compensation. Compensation upon which members contribute includes base pay, longevity pay, educational increment and vacation pay, plus the following additional compensation items:

Firefighters: Overtime pay (assumed to be 4.2% for calendars years before 2010 and actual overtime in 2010 and later), holiday pay, clothing allowance, acting assignment pay, shop pay and shift pay. In addition, up to six (6) days of unused vacation time may be converted to compensation.

Police Officers and Police Command Officers: Overtime pay, comp. payoff, holiday pay, clothing allowance, acting assignment, witness fees and shift pay.

The average of the additional compensation items is used to annually adjust the FAS Adjustment Factor. In addition, compensation will not include any amount that would cause the System to be in violation of IRC Sections 401(a) (17) or 415(d).

Member Contributions. Effective July 1, 2013, member contribution rates shall be payable in accordance with the following table.

System Funding Represented as a Percentage of Valuation Assets to Actuarial Accrued Liabilities	Firefighters	Police Officers & Sergeants	Police Command
Below 100%	10.70%	9.86%	10.89%
100% - 104.999%	9.70%	8.86%	9.89%
105% - 109.999%	8.70%	7.86%	8.89%
110% - 114.999%	7.70%	6.86%	7.89%
115% - 119.999%	6.70%	5.86%	6.89%
120% - 124.999%	6.70%	5.20%	6.06%
125% - 129.999%	6.70%	4.54%	5.23%
130% - 134.999%	6.70%	3.88%	4.40%
135+%	6.70%	3.22%	3.57%

The member contribution rates used for the December 31, 2015 valuation were 10.70%, 9.86%, 10.89%, 10.20%, and 10.20% for Firefighters, Police Officers and Sergeants, Police Command Officers, Police Chief and Deputy Police Chiefs, and Fire Chief respectively.

If a member terminates employment before any allowance is payable, accumulated contributions (contributions plus regular interest) are refunded.

Employer Contributions. The City contributes the remainder amounts necessary to maintain the Retirement System in sound financial condition in accordance with its funding objectives.

Automatic Post-Retirement Benefit Increases. Post-retirement benefit increases are paid to eligible groups as described in the following table.

			Police Officer	Police	Police Chief and
	Firefighters	Fire Chief	and Sergeants	Command	Deputy Police Chief
Effective date	Retired on or after	Retired on or	Retired on or	Retired on or	Retired on or after
	July 1, 2007	after January	after December	after	January 1, 2016
		1, 2016	17, 2008	February 19,	
				2010	
Amount of	1.5% of original	1.5% of	1.0% of original	1.0% of	1.0% of original
increase	benefit	original	benefit	original	benefit
		benefit		benefit	
First increase	2 years after	2 years after	5 years after	5 years after	5 years after
to occur	retirement	retirement	retirement	retirement	retirement

Benefit recipients who are eligible for the automatic post-retirement increase do not participate in the 13th check program.

13th Check. For members not eligible for automatic post-retirement increases, one-half of net investment income over 8% which is attributable to retired life assets is distributed annually (in January) to retired members and beneficiaries who have been on the retirement rolls for 5 years in the form of a 13th check. Net investment income is based on a market value rate of return averaged over the preceding 5 plan years. The distribution is in proportion to points. An individual's points are determined by multiplying (i) the number of full years of retirement, to a maximum of 15, by (ii) the number of years, and fractions thereof, of service at retirement. Subsequent to the calculations above, the benefit so calculated for Chief of Police, Deputy Chief, Police Command, Police Officers and Sergeants, Firefighter Service, and beneficiaries having had at least 10 years of service under either bargaining unit shall be increased by twenty percent.

Eligibility. The plan is closed to individuals hired from outside of the organization to fill the position of Fire Chief, Police Chief or Deputy Police Chief.

DERIVATION OF SECTION 1.233(28) VALUATION ASSETS*

Valuation Date December 31:	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017		2018	2019

A. Funding Value Beginning of Year	\$321,323,888	\$354,769,666	\$381,482,221					
B. Market Value End of Year	388,182,475	406,826,458	375,266,542					
C. Market Value Beginning of Year	340,158,586	388,182,475	406,826,458					
D. Non-Investment Net Cash Flow	(8,549,023)	(10,208,247)	(21,894,840)					
E. Investment Return:								
E1. Market Total: B-C-D	56,572,912	28,852,230	(9,665,076)					
E2. Assumed Rate	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.25%				
E3. Amount for Immediate Recognition	23,778,703	26,224,916	27,790,110					
E4. Amount for Phased-In Recognition	32,794,209	2,627,314	(37,455,186)					
F. Phased-In Recognition of Investment Return:								
F1. Current Year: 0.2xE4	6,558,842	525,463	(7,491,037)					
F2. First Prior Year	4,173,238	6,558,842	525,463 \$	(7,491,037)				
F3. Second Prior Year	(4,780,614)	4,173,238	6,558,842	525,463	\$ (7,491,03	7)		
F4. Third Prior Year	4,218,958	(4,780,614)	4,173,238	6,558,842	525,463	3 \$	(7,491,037)	
F5. Fourth Prior Year	8,045,674	4,218,957	(4,780,613)	4,173,236	6,558,84	1	525,462	\$ (7,491,038)
F6. Total Recognized Investment Gain (Loss)	18,216,098	10,695,886	(1,014,107)	3,766,504	(406,733	3)	(6,965,575)	(7,491,038)
G. Funding Value End of Year: A+D+E3+F6	354,769,666	381,482,221	386,363,384					
H. Difference Between Market & Funding Values	33,412,809	25,344,237	(11,096,842)					
L Recognized Rate of Return	13.25%	10.56%	7.23%					
J. Market Value Rate of Return	16.84%	7.53%	-2.44%					
K. Ratio of Funding Value to Market Value	91.4%	93.8%	103.0%					

^{*} The Funding Value of Assets recognizes assumed investment return (line E3) fully each year. Differences between actual and assumed investment return (line E4) are phased-in over a closed 5-year period. During periods when investment performance exceeds the assumed rate, Funding Value of Assets will tend to be less than market value. During periods when investment performance is less than the assumed rate, Funding Value of Assets will tend to be greater than market value. If assumed rates are exactly realized for 4 consecutive years, funding value will become equal to market value.

SUMMARY OF ASSET INFORMATION FROM AUDIT REPORT FURNISHED FOR VALUATION DECEMBER 31, 2015

BALANCE SHEET

Reserves	for
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Member contributions (MDF)	\$ 40,035,922
Employer contributions (EAF)	22,891,222
Retired benefit payments (BRF)	234,273,173
Undistributed income (IEF)	78,066,225
Total Reserves	\$375,266,542

REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES

		December 31, 2015
1. B	alance - Beginning of Year	\$406,826,458
2. R	evenues:	
	a. Employees' contributions	4,557,165
	b. Employer contributions	5,630,297
	c. Investment income	(8,086,333)
	d. Other	0
	e. Total revenues	2,101,129
3. E	xpenditures:	
	a. Benefit payments	22,468,030
	b. Supplemental pension distribution	9,602,903
	c. Refund of member contributions	11,369
	d. Expenses	1,578,743
	e. Total expenditures	33,661,045
4. B	alance - End of Period:	\$375,266,542
	(1) + (2e) - (3e)	

The derivation of Valuation Assets can be found on page B-7.

The Funding Value adjustment is the difference between Valuation Assets and assets reported on a Book Value basis. Investment Income above is on a Valuation Asset basis.

RETIRANTS AND BENEFICIARIES ADDED TO AND REMOVED FROM ROLLS HISTORICAL COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE

		Added]	Removed	E	and of Year		Expect	ted Removals
Year		Annual		Annual		Annual	Average		Annual
Ended	No.	Allowances	No.	Allowances	No.	Allowances	Allowance	No.	Allowances
06/30/87	19	\$ 167,998	29	\$ 148,163	380	\$ 3,191,823	\$ 8,400	17	\$ 79,536
06/30/88	28	492,068	21	112,835	387	3,571,056	9,228	16	81,012
06/30/89	29	420,563	24	90,563	392	3,901,056	9,952	16	99,624
06/30/90	28	634,645	14	53,539	406	4,482,162	11,040	16	100,044
06/30/91	37	780,461	14	83,086	429	5,179,537	12,074	17	114,120
06/30/92	29	503,587	19	133,964	439	5,549,160	12,640	18	128,316
06/30/93	34	897,643	28	187,063	445	6,259,740	14,067	16	119,208
06/30/94	44	1,068,018	15	135,474	474	7,192,284	15,174	17	132,780
06/30/95	37	1,193,030	9	52,928	502	8,332,386	16,598	17	151,236
06/30/96	28	816,264	26	219,594	504	8,929,056	17,716	17	176,052
06/30/97	47	1,612,723	20	127,584	531	10,414,195	19,612	17	188,928
06/30/98	30	962,274	22	205,069	539	11,171,400	20,726	17	217,296
06/30/99	29	869,949	21	216,909	547	11,824,440	21,617	17	238,128
06/30/00	23	800,357	13	180,089	557	12,444,708	22,342	17	259,872
06/30/01	26	823,258	17	174,742	566	13,093,224	23,133	18	287,004
06/30/02	28	1,120,664	7	83,612	587	14,130,276	24,072	15	211,896
06/30/03	27	989,088	16	215,676	598	14,903,688	24,923	16	290,736
12/31/03 @	18	462,019	12	139,543	604	15,226,164	25,209	8	159,228
12/31/04	31	1,115,388	17	233,940	618	16,107,612	26,064	17	329,892
12/31/05	19	470,331	20	343,227	617	16,234,716	26,312	17	360,588
12/31/06	15	505,745	28	423,977	604	16,316,473	27,014	16	350,304
12/31/07	25	895,832	15	307,797	614	16,904,508	27,532	16	375,192
12/31/08	20	701,771	28	512,075	606	17,094,204	28,208	17	404,400
12/31/09	24	1,101,882	16	219,030	614	17,977,056	29,279	17	426,036
12/31/10	15	431,400	17	292,728	612	18,115,728	29,601	18	426,516
12/31/11	18	936,557	14	178,625	616	18,873,660	30,639	18	491,400
12/31/12	25	944,386	18	370,516	623	19,447,529	31,216	19	536,460
12/31/13	27	1,173,645	23	475,392	627	20,145,782	32,130	19	570,612
12/31/14	53	2,105,091	25	672,686	655	21,578,187	32,944	20	602,520
12/31/15	35	1,898,324	18	357,320	672	23,119,191	34,404	21	637,737
12/31/16								20	669,129

[@] One-half year ended December 31.

RETIRANTS AND BENEFICIARIES AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015 TABULATED BY TYPE OF ALLOWANCE BEING PAID

Type of Pensions Being Paid	No.*	Annual Pension	Annual Liability
AGE AND SERVICE PENSIONS			
Regular pension - benefit			
terminating at death of retirant	181	\$ 6,398,720	\$ 61,862,776
Option B-100 - 100% joint &			
survivor (including pop-ups)	93	4,026,508	52,403,656
Option B-75 - 75% joint &			
survivor (including pop-ups)	96	4,212,834	51,206,848
Option B-50 - 50% joint &			
survivor (including pop-ups)	61	2,682,017	31,148,254
Survivor beneficiary of			
deceased retirant	102	1,911,161	16,269,107
Total age and service pensions	533	\$19,231,240	\$212,890,641
DISABILITY PENSIONS			
Regular pension - benefit			
terminating at death of retirant	38	\$ 1,287,802	\$ 13,893,127
Option B-100 - 100% joint &			
survivor (including pop-ups)	32	1,092,416	14,777,418
Option B-75 - 75% joint &			
survivor (including pop-ups)	13	523,646	6,998,876
Option B-50 - 50% joint &			
survivor (including pop-ups)	15	482,594	5,348,063
Survivor beneficiary of			
deceased retirant	5	95,233	953,723
Total disability pensions	103	\$ 3,481,691	\$ 41,971,207
DEATH-IN-SERVICE PENSIONS	36	406,260	3,569,265
Total Pensions Being Paid	672	\$23,119,191	\$258,431,113

^{*} Includes alternate payees under EDROs.

ALLOWANCES BEING PAID –DECEMBER 31, 2015 TABULATED BY ATTAINED AGES

	Age	e & Service *	Disability		Death-in-Service		Totals		
Attained		Monthly		Monthly		Monthly		Monthly	
Ages	No.	Allowances	No.	Allowances	No.	Allowances	No.	Allowances	
Under 40	2	\$ 43,562	2	\$ 103,927	8	\$ 89,978	12	\$ 237,467	
40-44	2	97,617	4	136,051	-	-	6	233,668	
45-49			10	391,059	2	36,103	12	427,162	
50-54	43	1,898,030	17	724,874	1	15,192	61	2,638,096	
55-59	70	3,565,286	21	786,624	2	37,989	93	4,389,899	
60-64	42	2,083,102	16	588,861			58	2,671,963	
65-69	69	2,852,753	10	265,887	3	40,300	82	3,158,940	
70-74	103	3,537,464	14	345,664	5	44,310	122	3,927,438	
75-79	66	2,342,192	7	113,532	4	26,451	77	2,482,175	
80-84	59	1,512,344	1	20,721	4	52,077	64	1,585,142	
85-89	49	906,212	-	-	4	49,866	53	956,078	
90-94	25	367,608	1	4,491	3	13,994	29	386,093	
95-99	3	25,070					3	25,070	
100-104								0	
Total**	533	\$19,231,240	103	\$3,481,691	36	\$406,260	672	\$23,119,191	

^{*} Includes survivor beneficiaries. ** Totals may not add due to rounding.

INACTIVE VESTED MEMBERS – DECEMBER 31, 2015 ELIGIBLE FOR DEFERRED PENSIONS TABULATED BY ATTAINED AGES

Attained Ages	No.	Estimated Monthly Benefits			
Under 30					
30-34	1	\$ 2,291			
35-39	2	4,588			
40-44	12	29,109			
45-49	15	47,564			
50-54	3	11,287			
55-59					
60 +					
Totals	33	\$94,839			

ACTIVE MEMBERS INCLUDED IN VALUATIONS HISTORICAL COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE

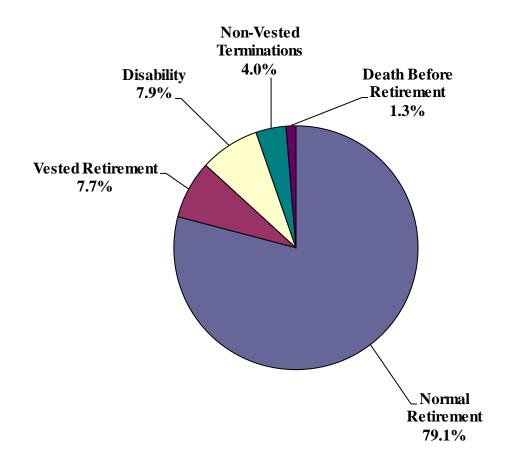
		Annual	Group Averages						
Year	Active	Payroll	Annu	al Pay	Age	Service			
Ended	Members	\$ Millions	\$	% Change	Years	Years			
09/30/80	569	\$ 12.1	\$21,243	4.1 %	41.2	16.2			
09/30/85	533	15.5	29,056	6.3 %	41.3	16.3			
06/30/90	492	17.2	34,908	4.5 %	42.6	17.7			
06/30/95	546	22.5	41,205	2.7 %	38.7	13.2			
06/30/97	605	25.8	42,587	2.4 %	36.8	10.9			
06/30/98	614	26.6	43,394	1.9 %	36.5	10.5			
06/30/99	619	28.0	45,277	4.3 %	36.7	10.5			
06/30/00	620	29.9	48,187	6.4 %	36.8	10.7			
06/30/01	629	31.8	50,513	4.8 %	37.0	10.8			
06/30/02	622	32.5	52,265	3.5 %	37.2	10.9			
06/30/03	619	33.5	54,190	3.7 %	37.5	11.1			
12/31/03 @	608	33.1	54,443	0.5 %	37.8	11.5			
12/31/04	583	32.5	55,821	2.5 %	38.3	11.8			
12/31/05	576	33.4	57,999	3.9 %	39.0	12.5			
12/31/06	567	33.9	59,767	3.0 %	39.7	13.2			
12/31/07	545	32.9	60,289	0.9 %	40.4	13.9			
12/31/08	535	33.0	61,690	2.3 %	41.0	14.5			
12/31/09	506	33.5	66,187	7.3 %	41.8	15.3			
12/31/10	534	34.7	64,917	(1.9)%	41.9	15.4			
12/31/11	536	34.6	64,490	(0.7)%	42.1	15.2			
12/31/12	515	34.0	65,961	2.3 %	42.9	16.1			
12/31/13	501	33.1	66,089	0.2 %	43.3	16.5			
12/31/14	487	32.5	66,740	1.0 %	43.0	16.7			
12/31/15	489	33.4	68,398	2.5 %	42.2	16.0			

20-Year Average

2.4 %

[@] One-half year ended December 31.

EXPECTED ULTIMATE DISPOSITION OF CURRENT ACTIVE MEMBERS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015



ADDITIONS TO AND REMOVALS FROM ACTIVE MEMBERSHIP ACTUAL AND EXPECTED NUMBERS

		Terminations During Year										
	Added During Year#	Normal Retirement		Disability Retirement		Death-in- Service		Withdrawal				
Year								Vested Other		Total		End of
Ended		A	E	A	E	A	E	A	A	A	E	Year
06/30/97	56	39	22.4	3	1.6	0	0.9	0	9	9	7.4	605
06/30/98	43	21	16.4	2	1.6	0	0.9	2	9	11	7.8	614
06/30/99	34	13	13.5	3	1.7	1	0.9	0	12	12	8.0	619
06/30/00	30	13	13.5	2	1.7	0	0.9	2	12	14	7.8	620
06/30/01	36	12	11.8	4	1.8	1	0.5	2	8	10	7.7	629
06/30/02	19	17	11.0	4	2.5	0	0.5	0	5	5	6.5	622
06/30/03	21	13	9.0	4	3.1	0	0.4	2	5	7	7.2	619
12/31/03 @	0	5	4.5	1	1.6	2	0.2	1	2	3	3.6	608
12/31/04	9	17	8.9	3 *	3.2	0	0.4	2	12	14	6.9	583
12/31/05	11	5	6.3	2	3.3	0	0.4	6	5	11	6.3	576
12/31/06	6	6	6.3	2	3.9	0	0.4	3	4	7	6.6	567
12/31/07	5	6	7.3	9	4.1	1	0.4	2	9	11	6.2	545
12/31/08	11	4	7.4	5	4.1	0	0.4	7	5	12	5.7	535
12/31/09	5	16	8.5	2	4.2	0	0.5	2	14	16	5.4	506
12/31/10	35	1	9.3	3	4.2	0	0.5	2	1	3	4.7	534
12/31/11	18	12	13.1	1	4.1	0	0.5	3	0	3	7.8	536
12/31/12	0	12	14.3	1	4.1	1	0.5	4	3	7	7.6	515
12/31/13	10	13	15.8	4	4.1	0	0.5	6	1	7	6.8	501
12/31/14	24	25	17.8	5	3.9	0	0.6	4	4	8	6.6	487
12/31/15	37	23	17.8	5	3.9	0	0.6	5	2	7	6.6	489
5-Year Totals	89	85	78.8	16 #	# 20.1	1	2.7	22	10	32	35.4	
10-Year Totals	151	118	117.6	37 #	# 40.6	2	4.9	38	43	81	64.0	

A = Actual

E = Expected

[#] Includes data corrections.

[@] One-half year ended December 31.

^{*} Originally death-in-service, later changed to disability.

ACTIVE POLICE MEMBERS – DECEMBER 31, 2015 BY ATTAINED AGE AND YEARS OF SERVICE

		Years of Service to Valuation Date						Totals	
Attained									Valuation
Age	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30 Plus	No.	Payroll
20-24	16							16	\$ 760,035
25-29	27	1						28	1,507,259
30-34	7	13	3					23	1,525,739
35-39	4	8	12	16				40	2,776,346
40-44			5	49	7			61	4,435,795
45-49		1	3	39	41	10		94	6,860,946
50-54				3	15	7	2	27	1,963,721
55-59					2	1	1	4	316,663
60							2	2	175 016
61							2	2	175,816
Totals	54	23	23	107	65	18	5	295	\$ 20,322,320

While not used in the financial computations, the following group averages are computed and shown because of their general interest.

	Average Age	Average Service	Average Pay	Number
				_
Non-vested	29.0 years	2.9 years	\$57,824	77
Vested	45.1 years	19.8 years	72,798	218
Totals	40.9 years	15.4 years	68,889	295

ACTIVE FIRE MEMBERS - DECEMBER 31, 2015 BY ATTAINED AGE AND YEARS OF SERVICE

	Years of Service to Valuation Date							Totals	
Attained									Valuation
Age	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30 Plus	No.	Payroll
20-24	1							1	\$ 41,610
25-29	9	8						17	926,346
30-34	7	9	2					18	1,092,991
35-39	6	7	8	1				22	1,381,145
40-44	1	1	9	13	3			27	1,842,531
45-49			5	12	22	3		42	2,926,686
50-54			2	3	24	4	17	50	3,668,145
55-59					3	5	5	13	943,006
60			1	1	1		1	4	301,737
Totals*	24	25	27	30	53	12	23	194	\$ 13,124,197

^{*} Totals may not add due to rounding.

While not used in the financial computations, the following group averages are computed and shown because of their general interest.

	Average Age	Average Service	Average Pay	Number
Non-vested	32.1 years	4.0 years	\$57,594	49
Vested	48.3 years	21.2 years	71,049	145
Totals	44.2 years	16.9 years	67,651	194

SECTION C

SUMMARY OF VALUATION METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

VALUATION METHODS

Normal cost and the allocation of benefit values between service rendered before and after the valuation date was determined using the individual entry-age actuarial cost method having the following characteristics:

- (i) The annual normal costs for each individual active member, payable from the date of employment to the date of retirement, are sufficient to accumulate the value of the portion of the member's benefit at the time of retirement;
- (ii) each annual normal cost is a constant percentage of the member's year-by-year projected covered pay.

Financing of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities. Unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities were amortized by level (principal & interest combined) percent-of-payroll contributions over a period of 30 years.

Valuation Asset Method. Valuation Assets were determined using a method which phases-in each year's differences between actual and assumed investment return over a closed five-year period.

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS USED FOR THE VALUATION ADOPTED BY THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

The actuary calculates contribution requirements and actuarial present values of the System by applying assumptions to the benefit provisions and census data information furnished, using the valuation methods described on the previous page.

The principal areas of financial risk which require assumptions about future experiences are:

- (i) Long-term rates of investment return to be generated by the assets of the System,
- (ii) patterns of pay increases to members,
- (iii) rates of mortality among members, retirants and beneficiaries,
- (iv) rates of withdrawal of active members,
- (v) rates of disability among members, and
- (vi) the age patterns of actual retirement.

In a valuation, the actuary calculates the monetary effect of each assumption for as long as a present covered person survives - - - a period of time which can be as long as a century.

Actual experience will not coincide exactly with assumed experience, regardless of the wisdom of the assumptions, or the skill of the actuary and the precision of the many calculations made. Each valuation provides a complete recalculation of assumed future experience and takes into account all past differences between assumed and actual experience. The result is a continual series of adjustments (usually small) to the computed contribution rate.

From time to time it becomes appropriate to modify one or more of the assumptions, to reflect experience trends (but not random year-to-year fluctuations).

The rates of salary increase used for individual members are in accordance with the following table. This assumption is used to project a member's current salary to the salaries upon which benefit amounts will be based.

	Salary Increase Assumptions						
Service	For an Individual Member						
at Beginning	Merit &	Base	Increase				
of Year	Seniority	(Economic)	Next Year				
1	17.0%	3.5%	20.5%				
2	7.0	3.5	10.5				
3	6.0	3.5	9.5				
4	5.0	3.5	8.5				
5	4.0	3.5	7.5				
6 and over	1.0	3.5	4.5				

These rates were first used for the December 31, 2010 valuation.

If the number of active members remains constant, then the total active member payroll will increase 3.5% annually, the base portion of the individual salary increase assumptions. This increasing payroll was recognized in amortizing unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities. Note that the 3.50% wage inflation assumption consists of 2.75% for price inflation and 0.75% for real wage growth.

The rate of investment return was 7.25% a year compounded yearly (net after expenses). This assumption is used to make money payable at one point in time equal in value to a different amount of money payable at another point in time. This assumption was first used for the December 31, 2015 valuation.

The assumed real return for funding purposes is the rate of return in excess of average salary increases.

The mortality table was the RP-2014 Healthy Annuity Mortality Table projected to 2019 using the MP-2014 Mortality Improvement Scale. Related values are shown below.

	Value at Retirement of			Life
Sample	\$1 Month	y for Life	Expectancy	y (Years)
Ages	Men	Women	Men	Women
50	\$146.94	\$151.22	33.25	35.95
55	140.29	145.28	28.92	31.44
60	132.17	137.63	24.73	27.02
65	122.10	128.02	20.70	22.74
70	109.89	116.29	16.85	18.67
75	95.54	102.46	13.26	14.86
80	79.46	86.81	10.01	11.41

This assumption is used to measure the probabilities of members dying before retirement and the probabilities of each benefit payment being made after retirement. For disables lives the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees projected to 2019 using the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale was used. For death in service the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Employees projected to 2019 using the MP-2014 Mortality Improvement Scale was used. We assume that one-half of pre-retirement deaths are duty related and that one-half are not. The margin for future mortality improvement is the projection to 2019. This assumption was first used for the December 31, 2015 valuation.

The rates of retirement used to measure the probability of eligible members retiring during the next year were as follows:

Retirement		Retirement	
Ages	Percent	Ages	Percent
50	25%	60	50%
51	25%	61	60%
52	25%	62	70%
53	25%	63	80%
54	25%	64	90%
55	25%	65	100%
56	25%	66	100%
57	25%	67	100%
58	25%	68	100%
59	25%	69	100%
		70	100%

A Police member is eligible for retirement after both attaining age 50 and completing 10 or more years of service. Fire members are eligible after attaining age 55 with 10 or more years of service or at the age their service reaches the service credit limit. A 100% decrement pattern is applied to firefighters once achieving 34 years of service regardless of age.

Rates of separation from active membership were as follows:

(Rates do not apply to members eligible to retire and do not include separation on account of death or disability.) This assumption measures the probabilities of members remaining in employment. These rates were first used for the December 31, 2010 valuation.

% of Active Members **Separating Within Next Year** Sample **Police** Fire Ages 25 4.60% 2.76% 30 3.80 2.28 35 2.60 1.56 40 1.80 1.08 45 1.40 0.84 50 1.20 0.72 55 1.20 0.72 60 1.20 0.72

The rates of disability were as follows:

Sample	% of Active Members Becoming Disabled Within Next Year			
Ages	Police	Fire		
20	0.12%	0.12%		
25	0.12	0.12		
30	0.12	0.12		
35	0.27	0.27		
40	0.59	0.59		
45	1.05	1.05		
50	1.68	1.68		
55	2.51	2.51		

		Duty Related	Non-Duty Related
Cause of Disability:	Male	75%	25%
	Female	75%	25%

These rates were first used for the December 31, 2015 valuation.

SUMMARY OF ASSUMPTIONS USED DECEMBER 31, 2015

MISCELLANEOUS AND TECHNICAL ASSUMPTIONS

Marriage Assumption. 90% of males and 90% of females are assumed to be married for purposes of death-in-service benefits.

Pay Increase Timing. Beginning of (Fiscal) year. Reported pays represent amounts paid to members during the year ended on the valuation date.

Decrement Timing. Decrements of all types are assumed to occur mid-year.

Eligibility Testing. Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest birthday and service nearest whole year on the date the decrement is assumed to occur.

Benefit Service. Exact fractional service is used to determine the amount of benefit payable.

Decrement Relativity. Decrement rates are used directly from the experience study, without adjustment for multiple decrement table effects.

Liability Adjustments. Retirement present values were increased by 11.6% and 7.8% for police and fire, respectively, to account for the FAS Adjustment Factor.

13th Check. A 7.0% load was placed on affected liabilities for members eligible to participate in the 13th Check program.

Service Purchase. An \$11.0 million liability was applied for the liability for service purchases.

Normal Form of Benefit. The assumed normal form of benefit is the straight life form.

Incidence of Contributions. Contributions are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based upon the computed percent of payroll shown in this report, and the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made. New entrant normal cost contributions are applied to the funding of new entrant benefits.

New Benefit Multiplier. Benefits for new hires will be modeled using the 2.0% benefit multiplier for all future years of service until such time that they elect another benefit multiplier.



BASIC FINANCIAL OBJECTIVE AND OPERATION OF THE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

BASIC FINANCIAL OBJECTIVE AND OPERATION OF THE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Benefit Promises Made Which Must Be Paid For. A retirement system is an orderly means of handing out, keeping track of, and financing contingent pension promises to a group of employees. As members of the Retirement System acquires a unit of service credit they are, in effect, handed an "IOU" which reads: "The Retirement System promises to pay you one unit of retirement benefits; payments in cash commencing when you retire."

The principal related financial question is: When shall the money required to cover the "IOU" be contributed? This year, when the benefit of the member's service is received? Or, some future year when the "IOU" becomes a cash demand?

The constitution of the State of Michigan is directed to the question:

"Financial benefits arising on account of service rendered in each fiscal year shall be funded during that year and such funding shall not be used for financing unfunded accrued liabilities."

This Retirement System meets this constitutional requirement by having the following *Financial Objective: To establish and receive contributions, expressed as percents of active member payroll, which will remain approximately level* from year-to-year and will not have to be increased for future generations of taxpayers.

Translated into actuarial terminology, a level percent-of-payroll contribution objective means that the contribution rate must be at least:

Normal Cost (the current value of benefits likely to be paid on account of service being rendered in the current year)

... plus ...

Interest on the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (the difference between the actuarial accrued liability and current system assets).

If contributions to the Retirement System are less than the preceding amount, the difference, *plus investment earnings not realized thereon*, will have to be contributed at some later time, or, benefits will have to be reduced, to satisfy the fundamental fiscal equation under which all retirement programs must operate; that is:

$$\mathbf{B} = \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{I} - \mathbf{E}$$

Benefit payments to any group of members and their beneficiaries cannot exceed the sum of:

Contributions received on behalf of the group from members and the City . . . plus . . .

Investment earnings on plan assets

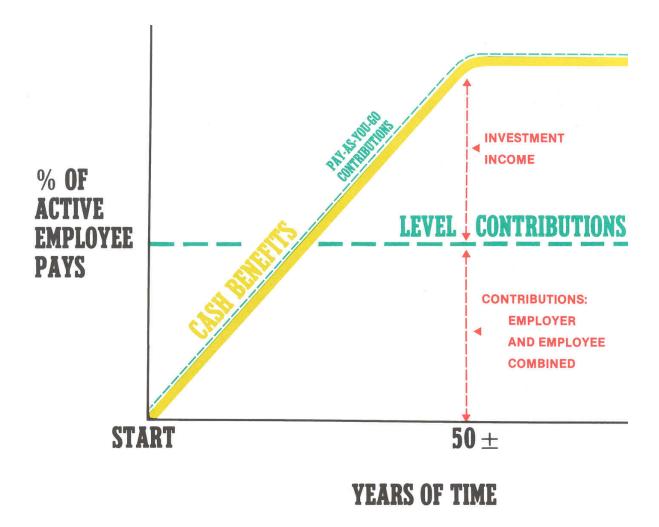
. . . minus . . .

Expenses incurred in operating the program.

There are retirement programs designed to defer the bulk of contributions far into the future. Lured by artificially low present contributions, the inevitable consequence is a relentlessly increasing contribution rate -- to a level greatly in excess of the level percent of payroll rate. *This method of financing is prohibited in Michigan by the state constitution*.

A by-product of the level percent-of-payroll contribution objective is the accumulation of invested assets. Invested assets are a by-product of level percent-of-payroll contributions, not the objective. Investment income becomes a major contributor to the Retirement System, and the amount is directly related to the amount of contributions and investment performance.

Computed Contribution Rate Needed To Finance Benefits. From a given schedule of benefits and from the data furnished him, the actuary calculates the contribution rate by means of an actuarial valuation - the technique of assigning monetary values to the risks assumed in operating a retirement program.



CASH BENEFITS LINE. This relentlessly increasing line is the fundamental reality of retirement plan financing. It happens each time a new benefit is added for future retirements (and happens regardless of the design for contributing for benefits).

LEVEL CONTRIBUTION LINE. Determining the level contribution line requires detailed assumptions concerning a variety of experiences in future decades, including:

Economic Risk Areas

Rates of investment return

Rates of pay increase

Changes in active member group size

Non-Economic Risk Areas

Ages at actual retirement

Rates of mortality

Rates of withdrawal of active members (turnover)

Rates of disability

GLOSSARY

Actuarial Accrued Liability. The difference between (i) the actuarial present value of future plan benefits, and (ii) the actuarial present value of future normal cost. Sometimes referred to as "accrued liability" or "past service liability."

Accrued Service. The service credited under the plan which was rendered before the date of the actuarial valuation.

Actuarial Assumptions. Estimates of future plan experience with respect to rates of mortality, disability, turnover, retirement, rate or rates of investment income and salary increases. Decrement assumptions (rates of mortality, disability, turn-over and retirement) are generally based on past experience, often modified for projected changes in conditions. Economic assumptions (salary increases and investment income) consist of an underlying rate in an inflation-free environment plus a provision for a long-term average rate of inflation.

Actuarial Cost Method. A mathematical budgeting procedure for allocating the dollar amount of the "actuarial present value of future plan benefits" between the actuarial present value of future normal cost and the actuarial accrued liability. Sometimes referred to as the "actuarial funding method."

Actuarial Equivalent. A single amount or series of amounts of equal value to another single amount or series of amounts, computed on the basis of the rate(s) of interest and mortality tables used by the plan.

Actuarial Present Value. The amount of funds presently required to provide a payment or series of payments in the future. It is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Amortization. Paying off an interest-bearing liability by means of periodic payments of interest and principal, as opposed to paying it off with a lump sum payment.

GLOSSARY

Experience Gain (Loss). A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, in accordance with the actuarial cost method being used.

Normal Cost. The annual cost assigned, under the actuarial funding method, to current and subsequent plan years. Sometimes referred to as "current service cost." Any payment toward the unfunded actuarial accrued liability is not part of the normal cost.

Plan Termination Liability. The actuarial present value of future plan benefits based on the assumption that there will be no further accruals for the future service and salary. The termination liability will generally be less than the liabilities computed on a "going-concern" basis and is not normally determined in a routine actuarial valuation.

Reserve Account. An account used to indicate that funds have been set aside for a specific purpose and are not generally available for other uses.

Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability. The difference between the actuarial accrued liability and Valuation Assets. Sometimes referred to as "unfunded accrued liability."

Valuation Assets. The value of current plan assets recognized for valuation purposes. Generally based on a phase-in of differences between actual and assumed market rates of return.

SECTION E

ACTUARIAL AND REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION FOR COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD STATEMENTS

This information is presented in draft form for review by the System's auditor. Please let us know if there are any items that the auditor changes so that we may maintain consistency with the System's financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE GASB STATEMENTS

Actuarial Valuation	Actuarial Value of Assets	Entry Age Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)	Funded Ratio	Annual Covered Payroll	UAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b)-(a)	(a)/(b)	(c)	[(b)-(a)]/(c)
6/30/1995 #	\$201,964,374	\$180,559,832	\$(21,404,542)	112%	\$22,497,795	0%
6/30/1996	229,739,010	194,326,855	(35,412,155)	118%	24,965,697	0%
6/30/1997	255,391,009	208,649,541	(46,741,468)	122%	25,764,970	0%
6/30/1998	283,573,424	219,216,206	(64,357,218)	129%	26,644,030	0%
6/30/1999	302,315,206	226,814,077	(75,501,129)	133%	28,026,397	0%
6/30/2000	310,502,184	238,351,701	(72,150,483)	130%	29,875,819	0%
6/30/2001 #*	305,328,814	249,233,407	(56,095,407)	123%	31,772,454	0%
6/30/2002 #	287,125,896	265,750,488	(21,375,408)	108%	32,508,791	0%
12/31/2003 #@	301,845,219	276,065,502	(25,779,717)	109%	33,101,130	0%
12/31/2004	315,021,806	285,041,937	(29,979,869)	111%	32,543,780	0%
12/31/2005 *	325,044,112	284,262,073	(40,782,039)	114%	33,407,682	0%
12/31/2006	350,154,501	292,906,422	(57,248,079)	120%	33,887,922	0%
12/31/2007	365,116,538	300,989,725	(64,126,813)	121%	32,857,305	0%
12/31/2008 #	346,472,441	310,236,119	(36,236,322)	112%	33,004,358	0%
12/31/2009 #	334,247,051	348,250,068	14,003,017	96%	33,490,487	42%
12/31/2010 *	328,609,947	360,573,351	31,963,404	91%	34,665,767	92%
12/31/2011	321,207,218	365,300,394	44,093,176	88%	34,566,692	128%
12/31/2012	321,323,888	375,797,800	54,473,912	86%	33,970,131	160%
12/31/2013	354,769,666	385,860,392	31,090,726	92%	33,110,530	94%
12/31/2014	381,482,221	403,969,869	22,487,648	94%	32,502,473	69%
12/31/2015 *#	386,363,384	461,091,743	74,728,359	84%	33,446,517	223%

^{*} Revised actuarial assumptions.

[#] Retirement System amended.

[@] One-half year ended December 31.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS FOR COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE GASB STATEMENTS

Year Ended	Annual Required Contribution *
	_
6/30/1992	\$1,981,125
6/30/1993	544,188
6/30/1994	0
6/30/1995	0
6/30/1996	0
6/30/1997	0
6/30/1998	0
6/30/1999	0
6/30/2000	0
6/30/2001	0
6/30/2002	0
12/31/2003 @	525,966
12/31/2004	727,754
12/31/2005	192,259
12/31/2006	0
12/31/2007	0
12/31/2008	0
12/31/2009	0
12/31/2010	3,709,786
12/31/2011	7,851,051
12/31/2012	8,194,227
12/31/2013	7,531,566
12/31/2014	6,331,848
12/31/2015	5,630,297

[@] One-half year ended December 31.

^{*} Since it was reported to the actuary that the City's practice is to contribute the percent-of-payroll employer contribution rate shown in the actuarial valuation report, the annual required contributions shown in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are the actual contributions made by the City in the fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE GASB STATEMENTS

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest valuation date follows:

Valuation date:

Actuarial cost method:

Amortization method:

Remaining amortization period:

Asset valuation method:

December 31, 2015

Individual entry age

Level percent closed

30 years per City Commission

5-year smoothed market

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 7.25%, net after expenses Projected salary increases 20.5% - 3.5% including inflation at 3.50%

Cost-of-living adjustments:

Ad hoc "13th check" tied to plan investments for benefit recipients who do not have an automatic benefit increase.

1.5% simple escalator for firefighters retired on or after July 1,
2007 with commencement delayed 2 years after retirement.
1.5% simple escalator for Fire Chief retired on or after January 1,
2016 with commencement delayed 2 years after retirement.
1.0% simple escalator for police command officer retired on or after February 19, 2010 with commencement delayed 5 years after retirement.

1.0% simple escalator for police officers and sergeants retired on or after December 17, 2008 with commencement delayed 5 years after retirement.

1.0% simple escalator for Poice Chief and Deputy Police Chief retired on or after January 1, 2016 with commencement delayed 5 years after retirement.

Membership of the plan consisted of the following at December 31, 2015, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	672*
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	33
Active plan members	<u>489</u>
Total	1,194

^{*} Includes alternate payees under Michigan Eligible Domestic Relations Order.